

# CRYOMODULES FOR MESA

A quick overview about the experiences with turn-key cryomodules for CW operation at Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz

**F. Hug for T. Stengler  
and the MESA team**

**ERL Workshop, Berlin, 2019**

supported by  
the German Research Foundation (DFG):

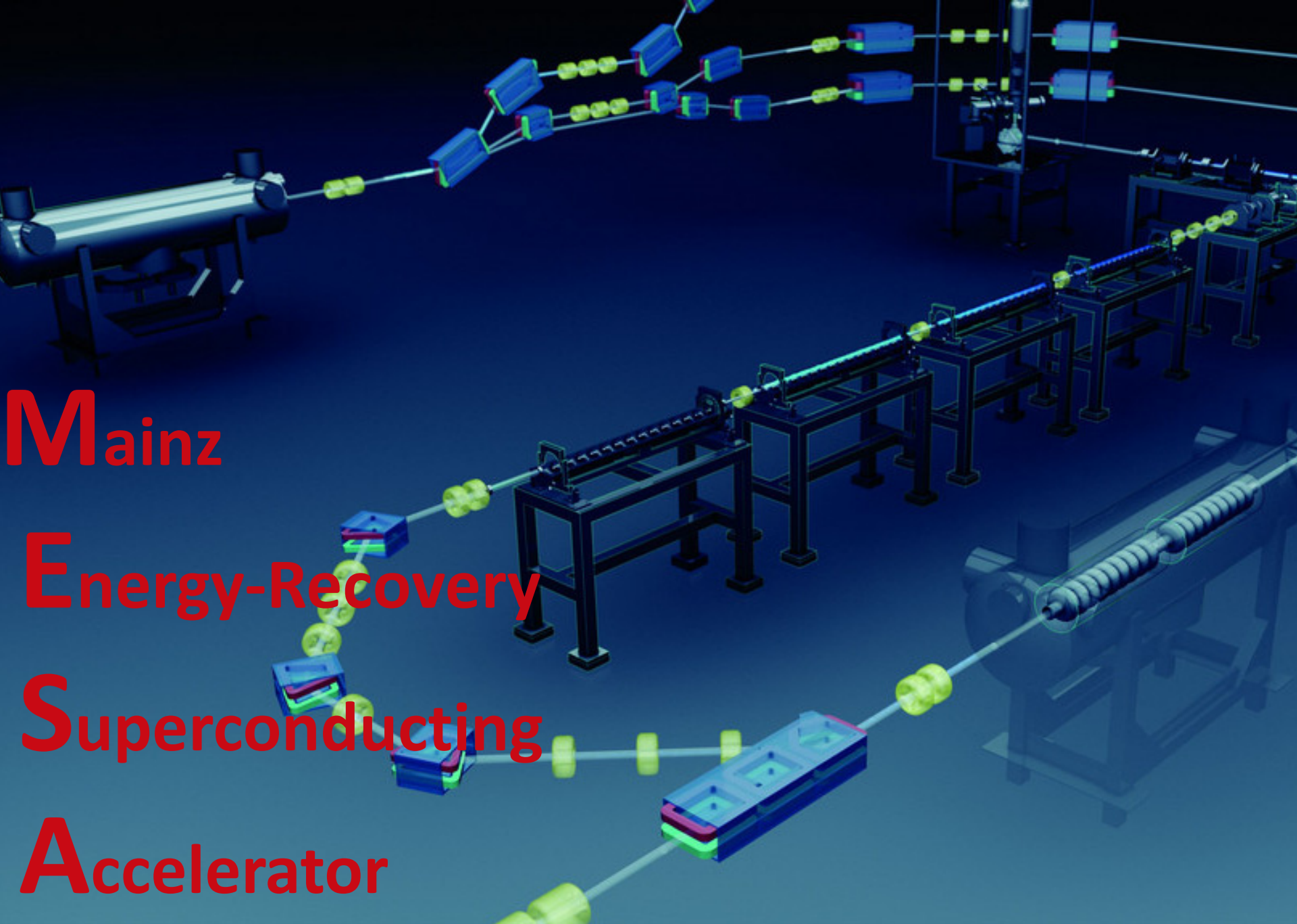


EXC 2118/2019

in cooperation with



Helmholtz-Institut Mainz



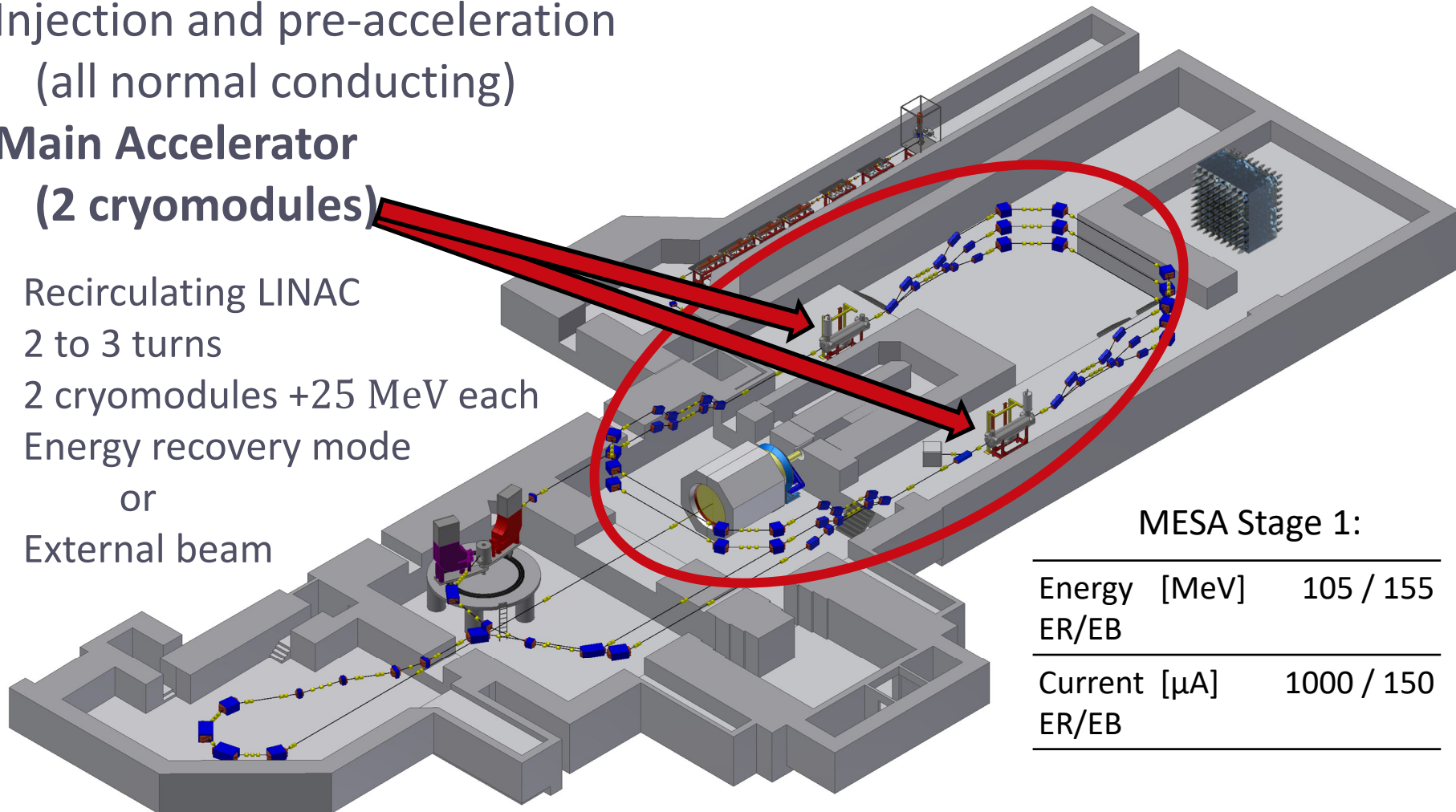
# Mainz Energy-Recovery Superconducting Accelerator

# Mainz Energy-Recovery Superconducting Accelerator

1. Injection and pre-acceleration  
(all normal conducting)

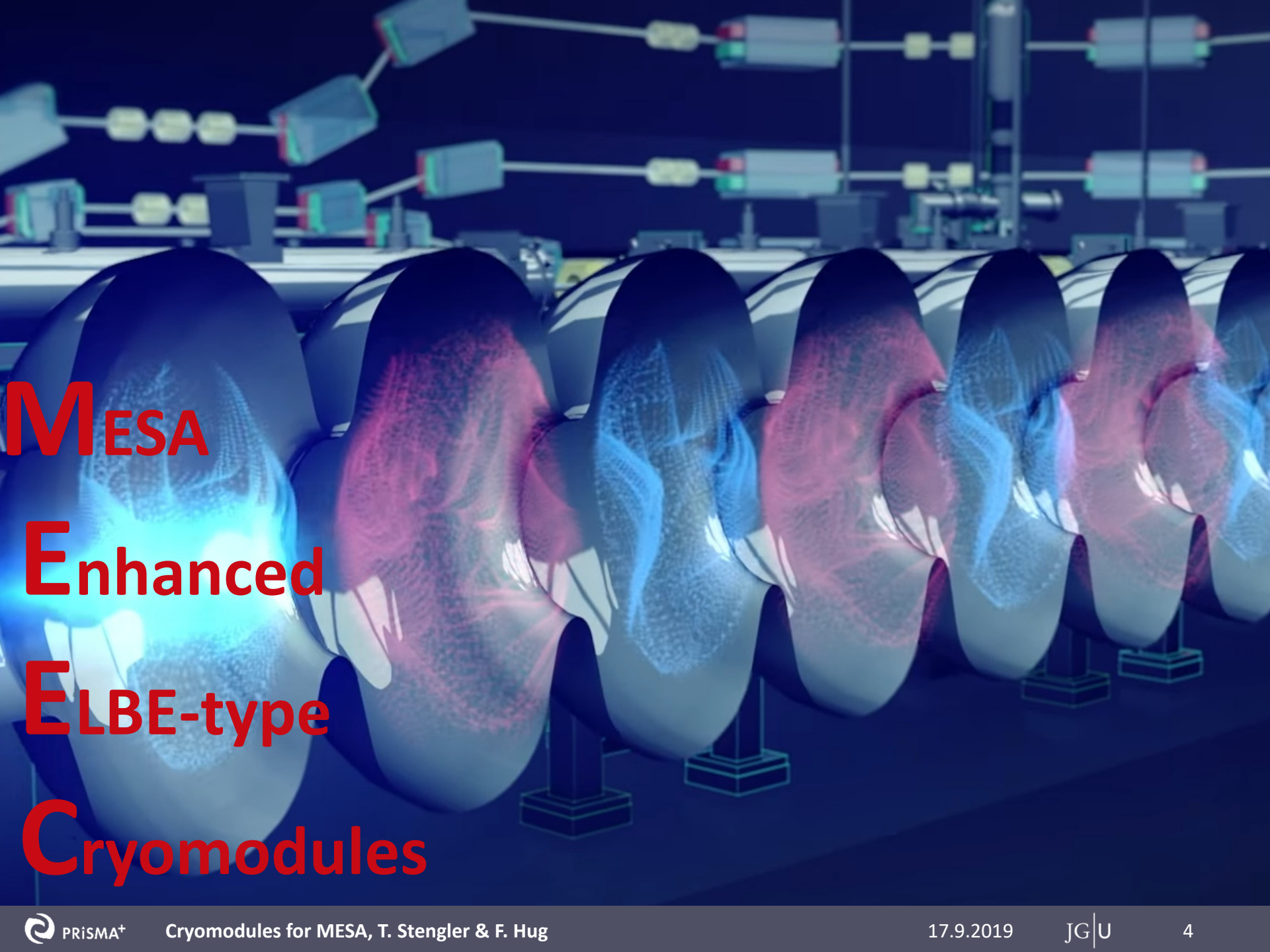
2. Main Accelerator  
(2 cryomodules)

- Recirculating LINAC
- 2 to 3 turns
- 2 cryomodules +25 MeV each
- Energy recovery mode  
or
- External beam



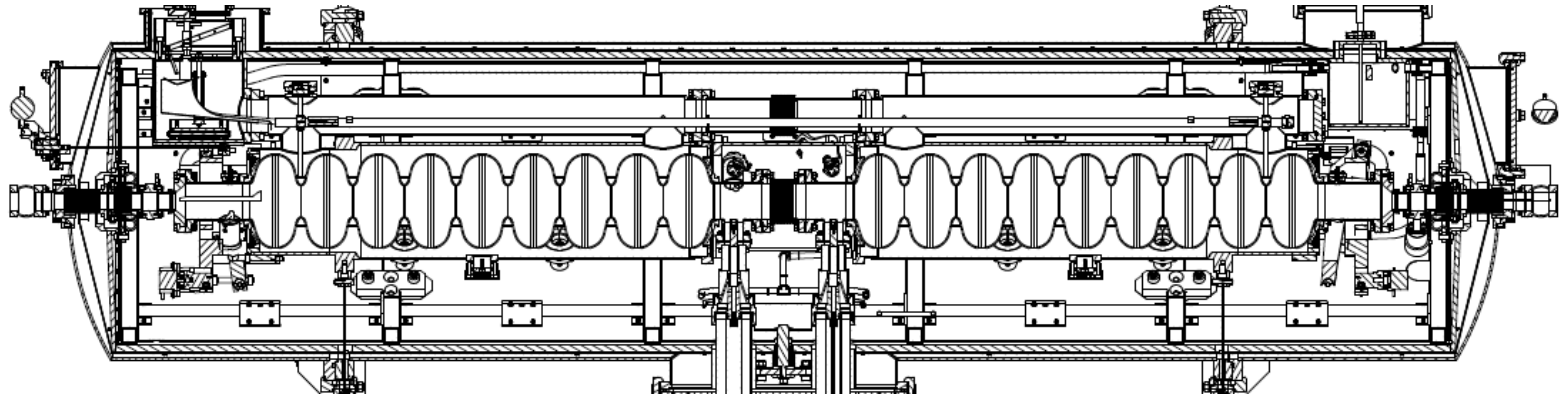
MESA Stage 1:

Energy [MeV]	105 / 155
ER/EB	
Current [ $\mu\text{A}$ ]	1000 / 150
ER/EB	




**M**ESA  
**E**nhanced  
**E**LBE-type  
**C**ryomodules

# MESA Enhanced ELBE-type Cryomodules



Variable	Specification
energy gain per CM	> 25 MV
static losses	<15 W
dynamic losses @25 MV (CW)	<25 W
$\propto Q_0$ @12.5 MV m <sup>-1</sup>	>1.25 × 10 <sup>10</sup>

- XFEL/Saclay Piezo tuner added
- BBU simulations ongoing ( $I_{th} \leq 12$  mA)
- Tests with beam at 

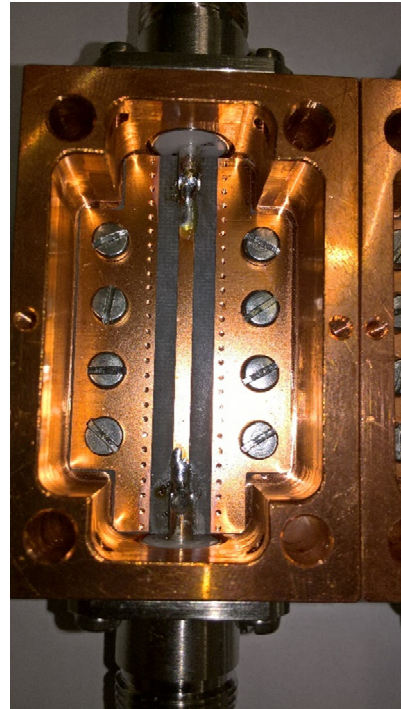
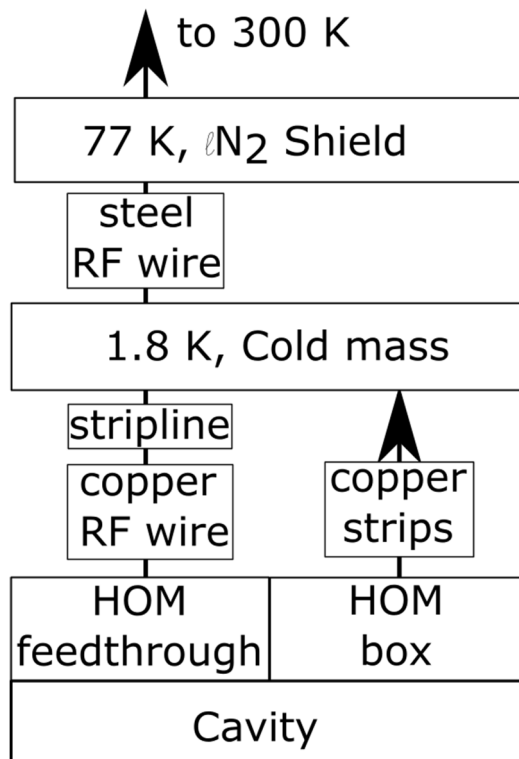
B.C. Kuske *et al.*,  
“Incorporation of a MESA Linac  
Modules into BERLinPro”,  
in *Proc. IPAC'19*

# MESA Enhanced ELBE-type Cryomodules

Concern: Heating of the HOM-Antenna

Changes:

- Sapphire windows at HOM feedthrough
- Strip line in HOM cable for cooling



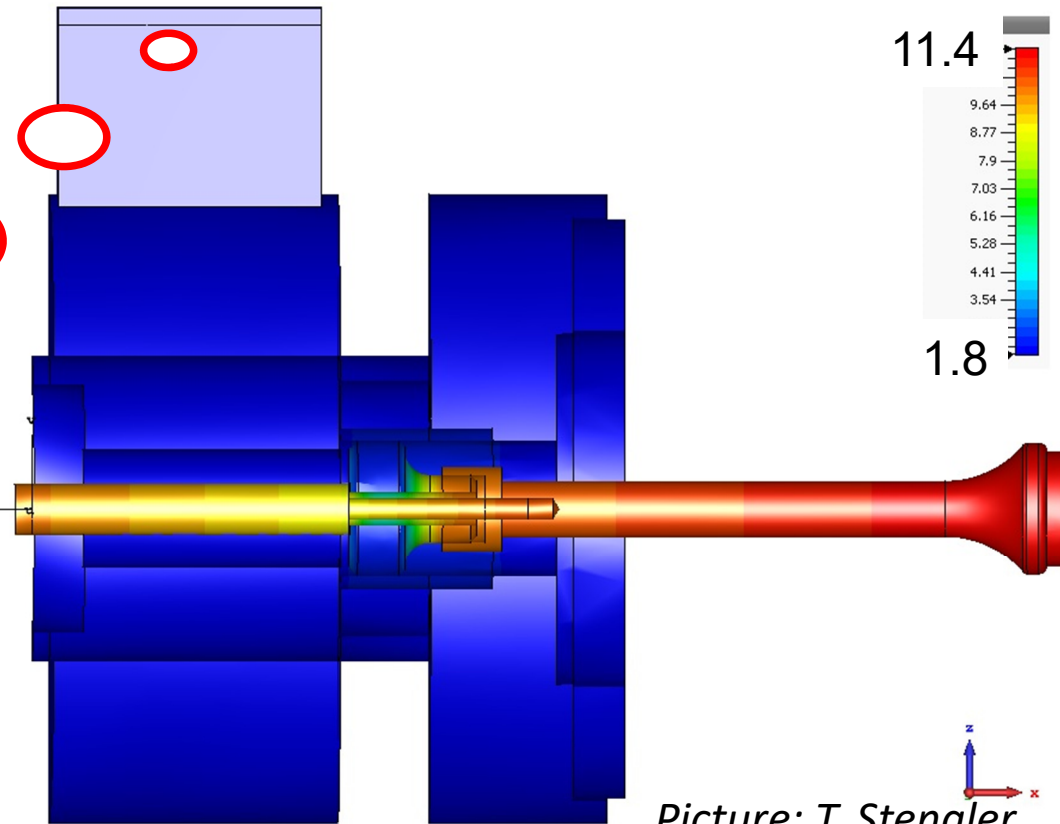
**Cryomodule (2 XFEL Cavities @ 12.5 MV/m)**

# HOM Antenna calculations

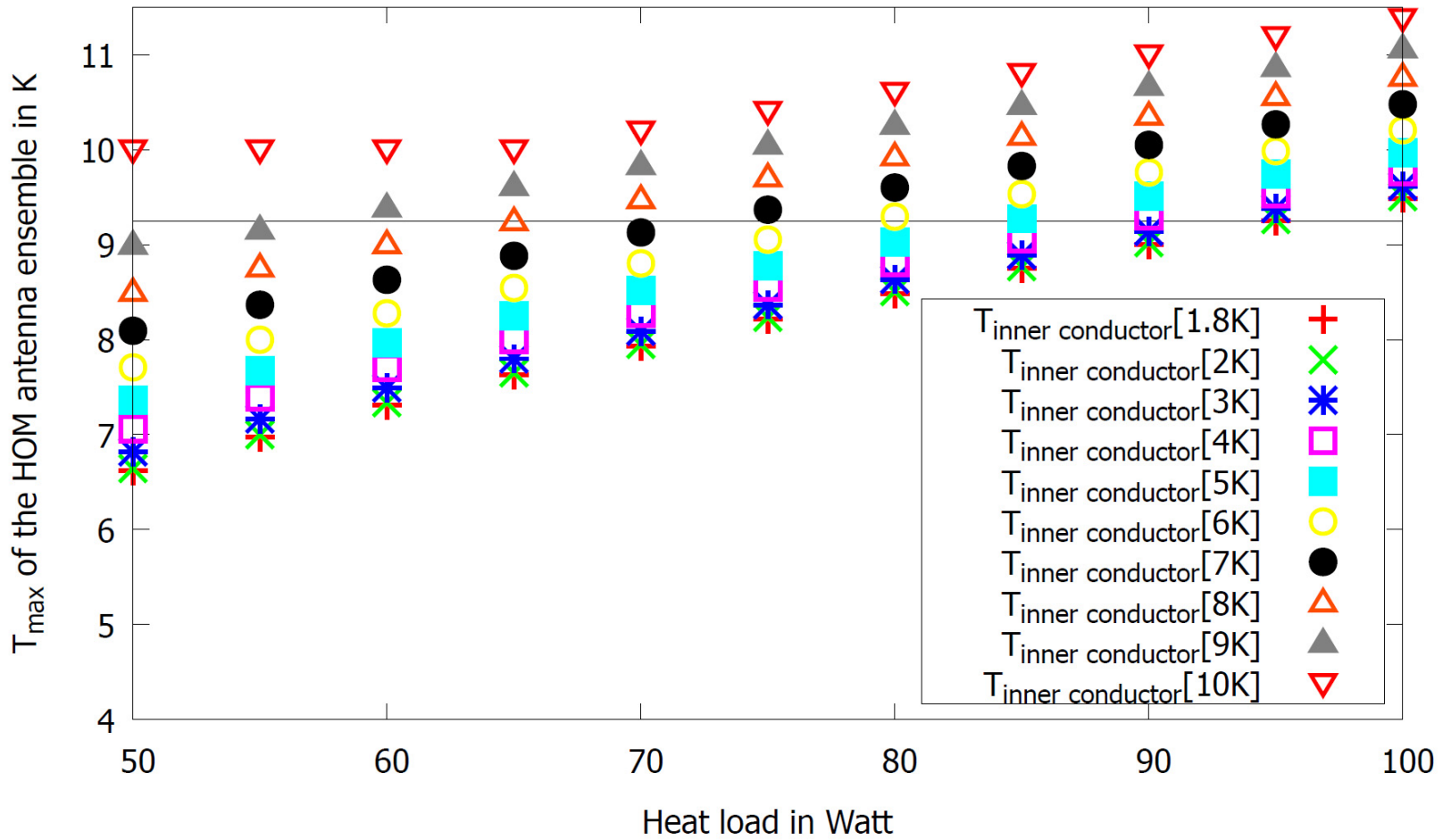
• Thermal calculations at HOM antenna:

- Provide optimised thermal connection design to RI
- Limitation by heat input from cable, need for heat sink

Only 1.25 W  
heat deposition in  
1.8 K LHe bath  
per HOM coupler  
in cryo budget



# HOM Antenna calculations



Picture: T. Stengler



# Production of 2 Cryomodules

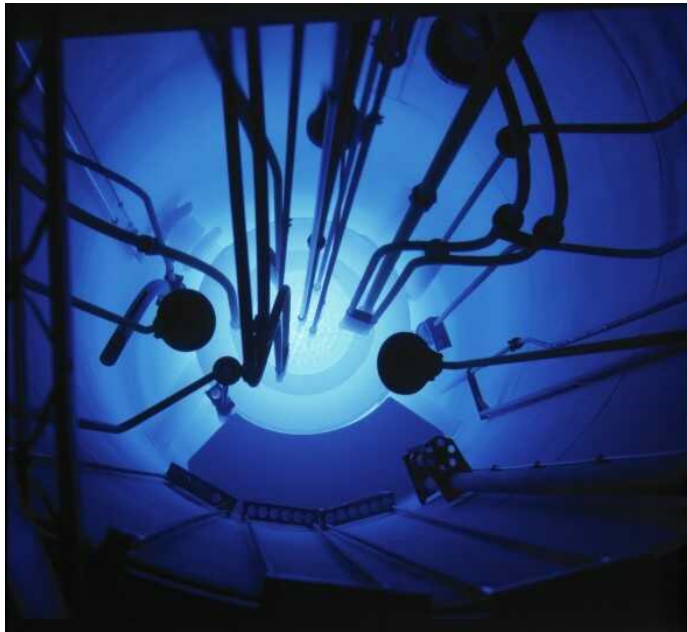
- 2015: Ordered at RI Research Instruments GmbH
- All changes incl.
  - **Cryogenic Components** (valve box, 2K heat exchanger and JT valve, transfer line)
  - Stand alone **control system** (and connectable to EPICS)
  - With expertise of DESY, HZDR and industry partners
- Milestones
  - VT at DESY AMTF
  - FAT at Mainz
  - SAT at Mainz



# Further Investigations by JGU

Analysis of the Niobium used for Cavity Production:

- Neutron activation analysis at TRIGA
- X-ray fluorescence analysis at geo-science department at JGU
- Mass spectrometer analysis at MPI for Chemistry

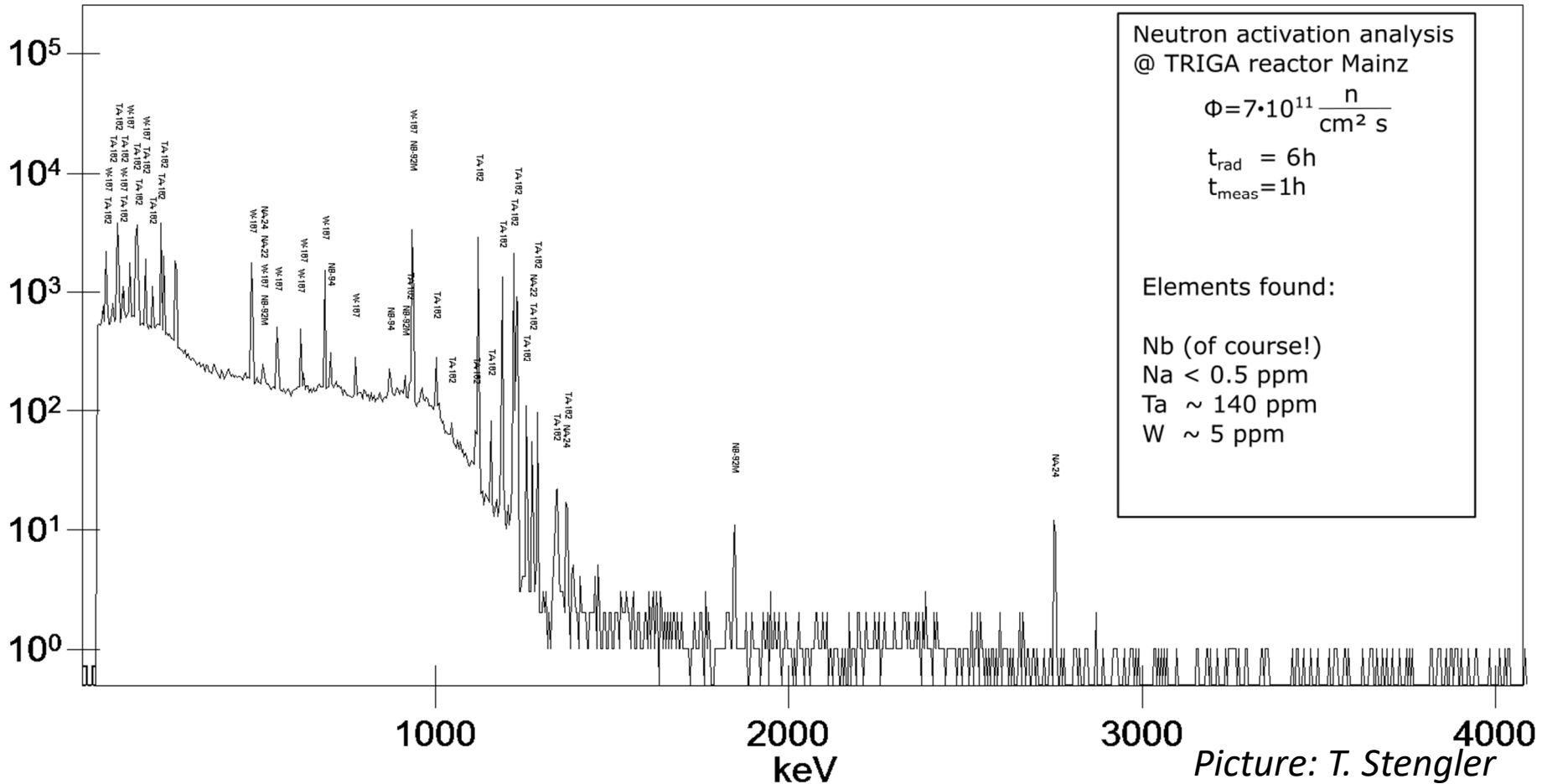


*Pictures: Kernchemie, JGU Mainz*

# Further Investigations by JGU

First Results of Neutron Activation Measurements:

- Contamination within specification (Ta < 500 ppm, W < 70 ppm)
- Unexpected Sodium contamination due to bad water quality



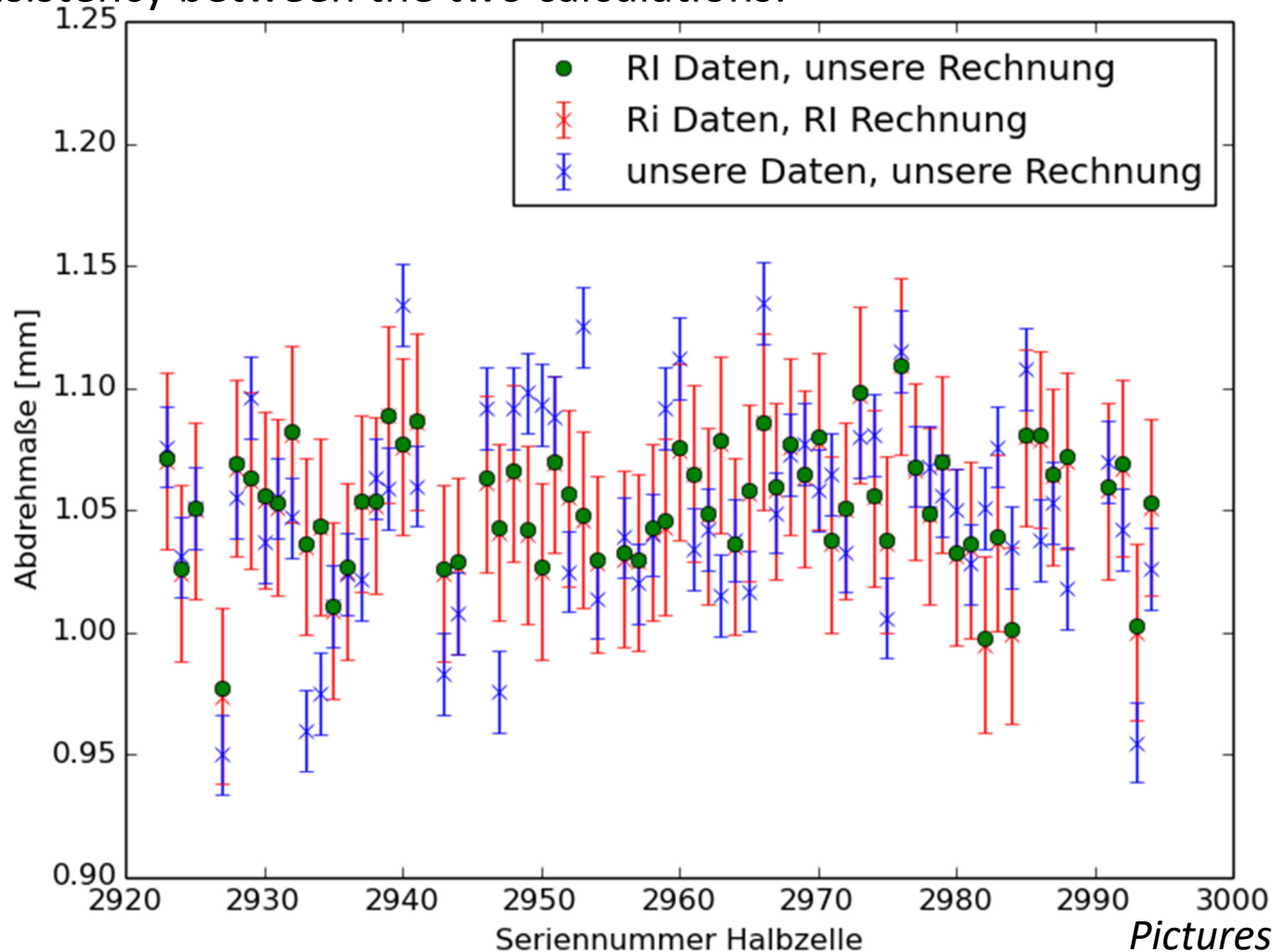
# Production of 2 Cryomodules

- Close cooperation between RI and Mainz University
  - Weekly **conference calls**
  - **Personal meetings** if necessary approx. **3 per year**
  - **Approval** of all changes
  - Quality control: All RF **measurements** verified by JGU
- Effective cooperation between RI and JGU
- Close cooperation needed for project coordination

2 Cryomodules, including modifications, VB, JT valve and control system built by RI

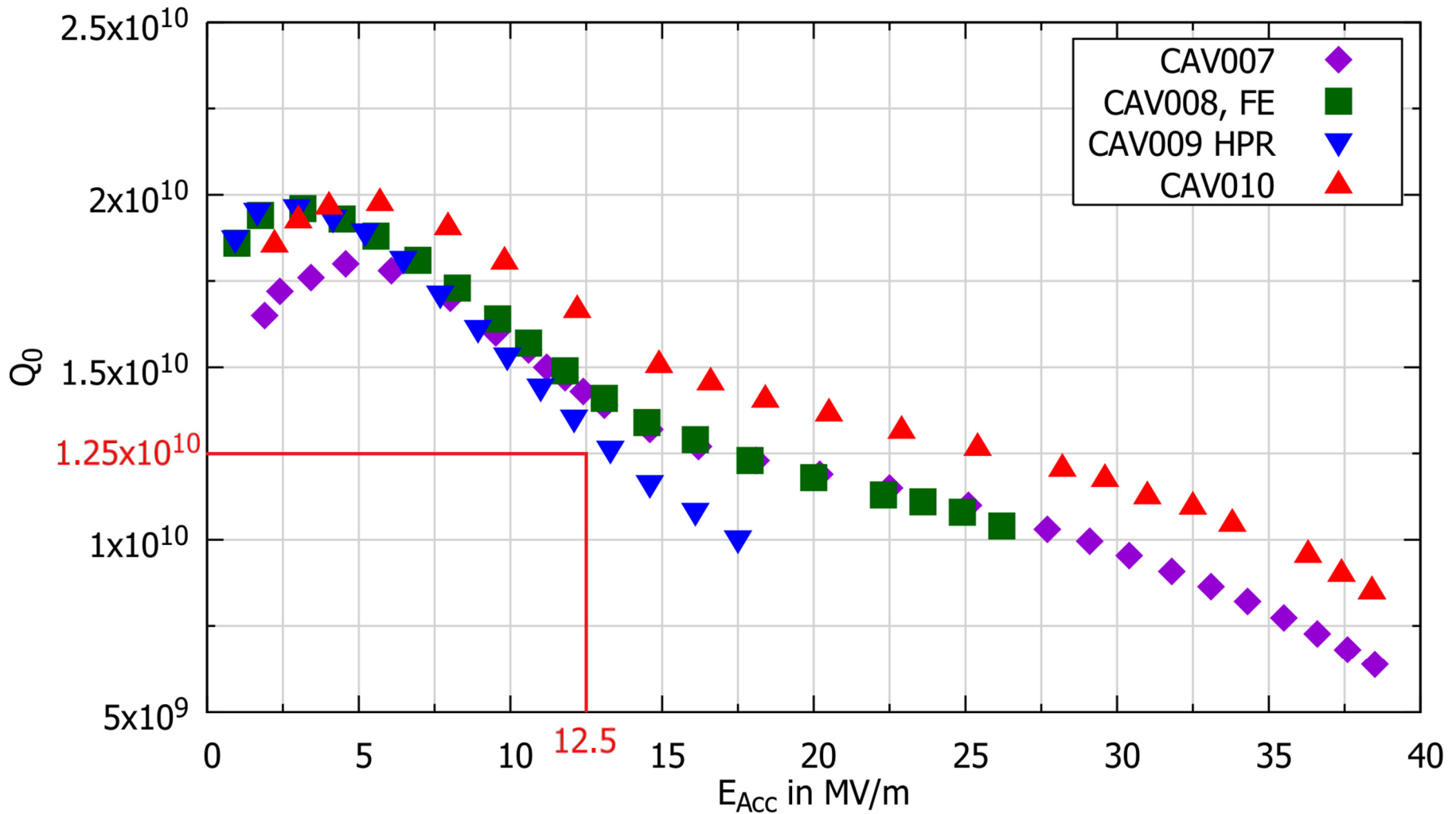
# Quality Control of Cavity Production by JGU

Trimming measures calculated by using the different datasets show good consistency between the two calculations:



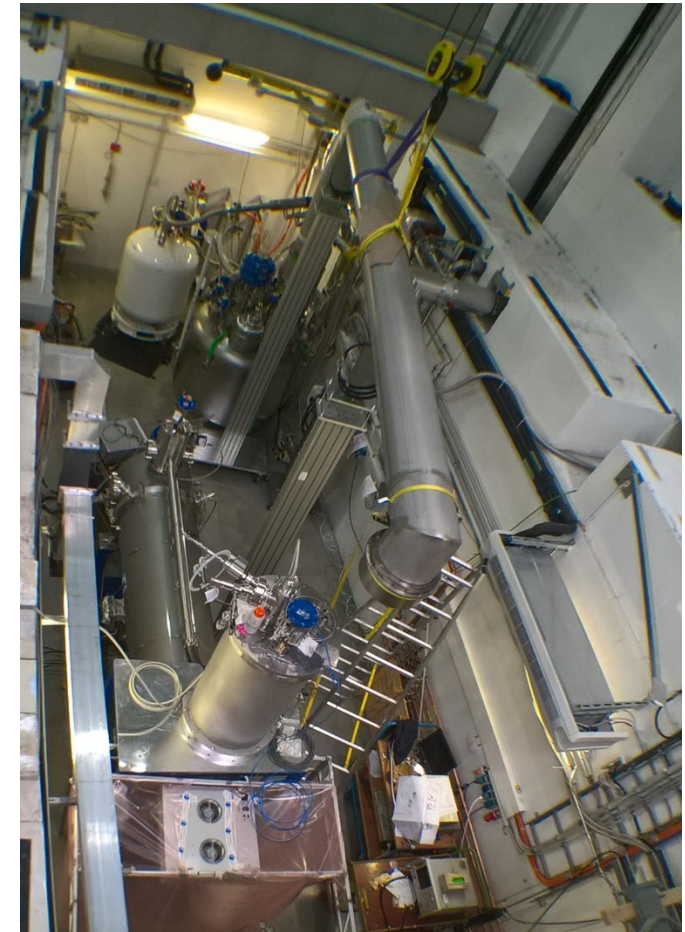
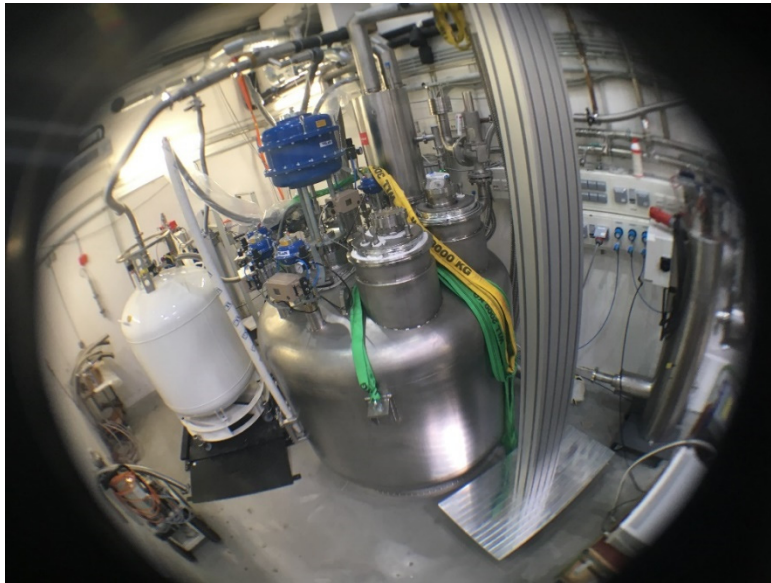
*Pictures: P. Weber*

# Vertical Test Results @ DESY AMTF

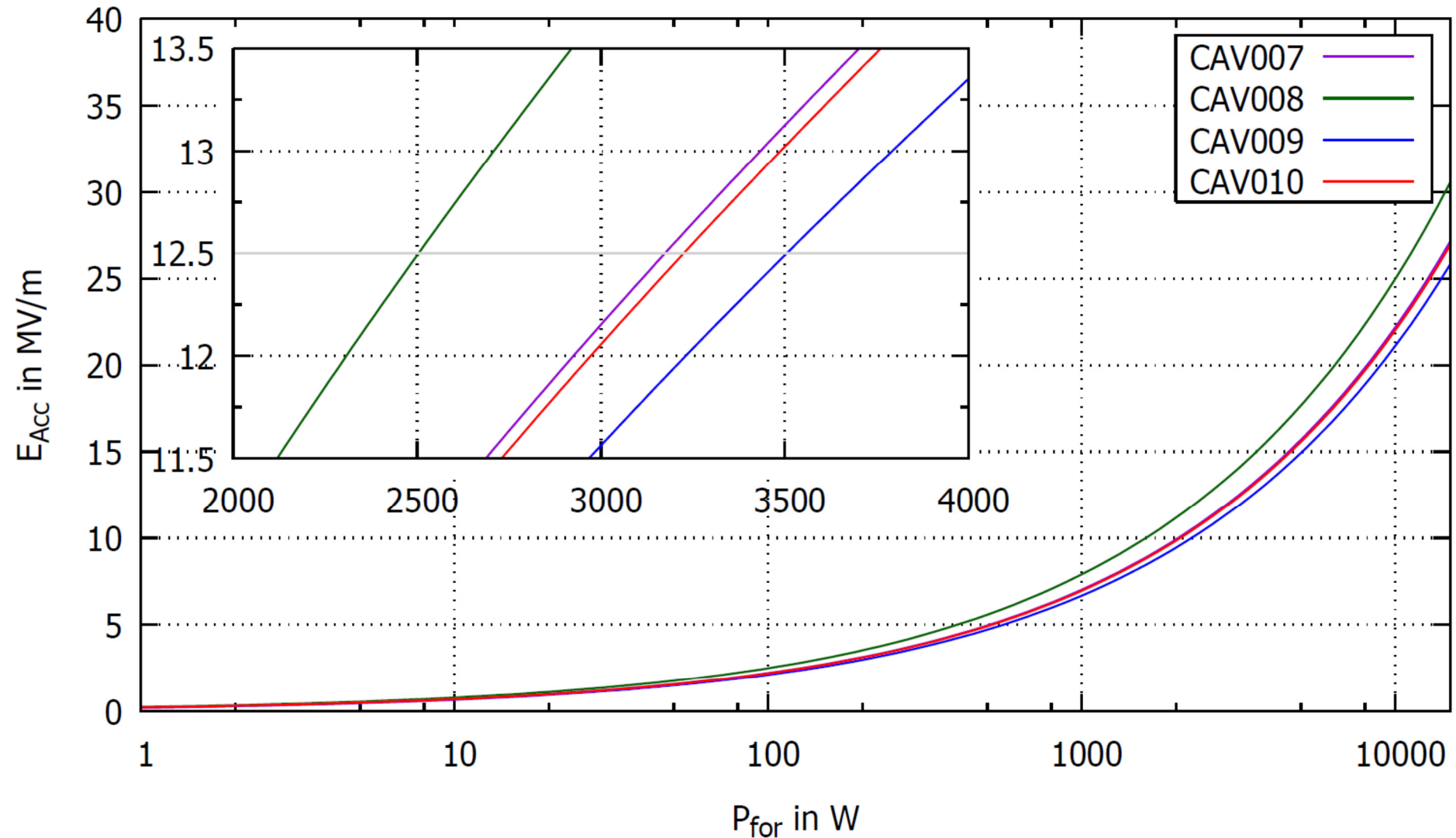


# Site Acceptance Test at HIM

- Several successful cooldown cycles to 1.8 K at the HIM RF bunker with both cryomodules
- CW measurements up to 12.5 MV/m
- Static heat load more than 30% better than design value for both modules
- **SAT for module #1 approved recently (30.4.2019)**



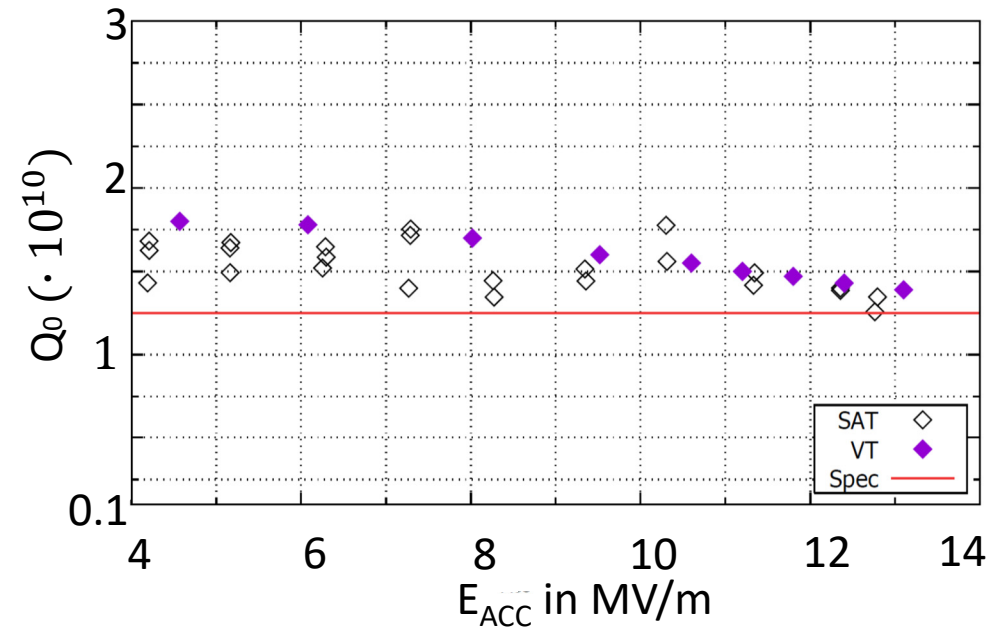
# RF Generator and Possible Gradients



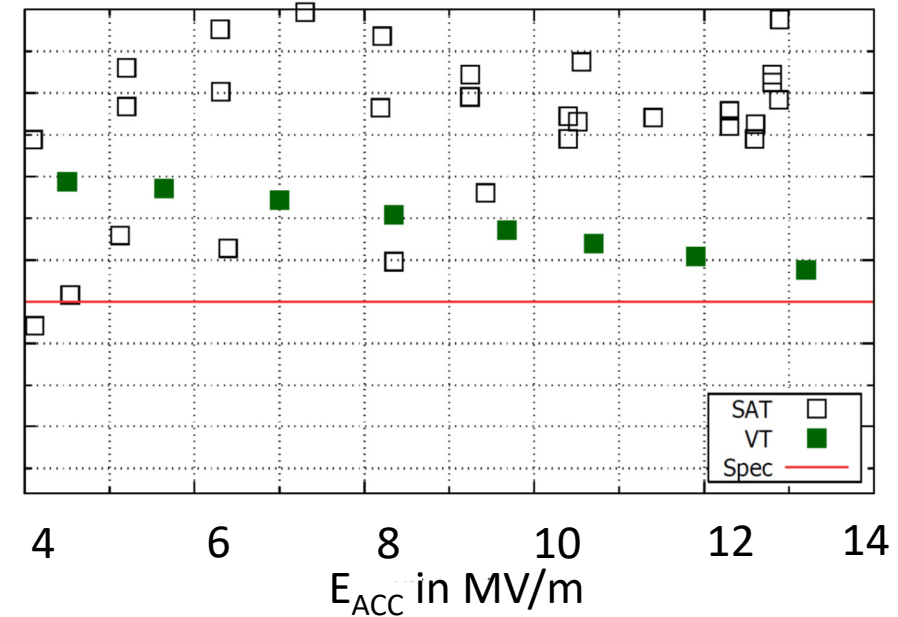


# Site Acceptance – Cryomodule 1

CAV007



CAV008



CAV008:

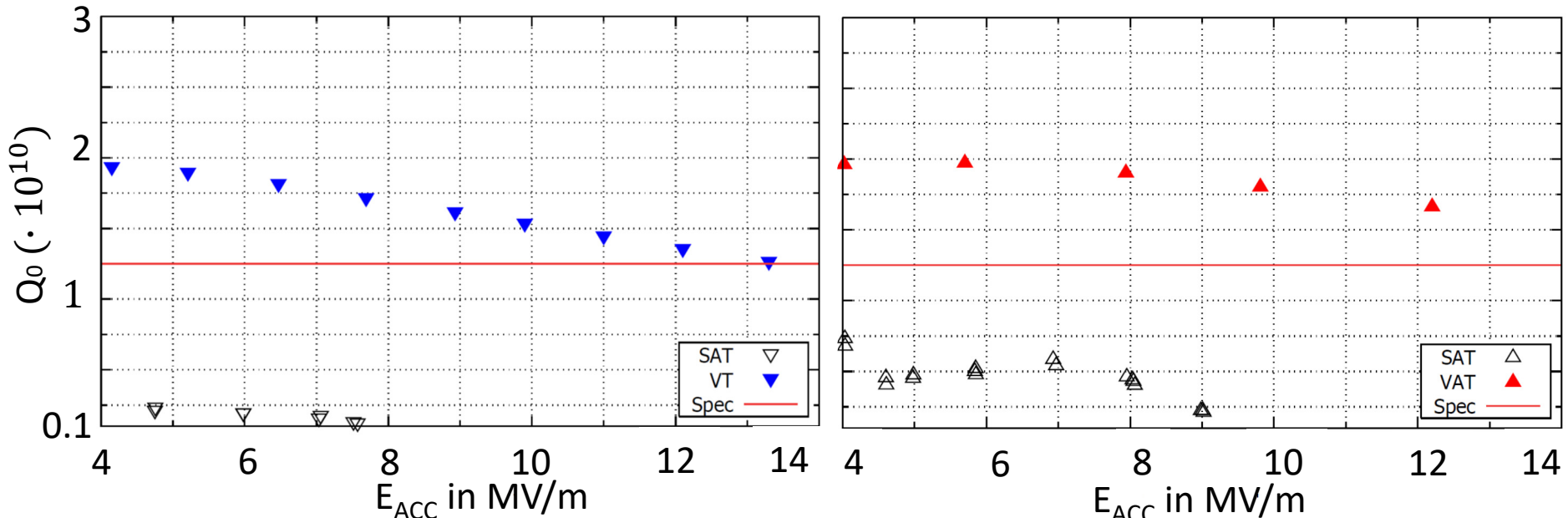
- **Systematic error with LLRF test system** occurred
- Helium flow indicates  $Q_0 > 1.25 \cdot 10^{10}$  at 12.5 MV/m

To be measured again...

# Site Acceptance – Cryomodule 2

CAV009

CAV010

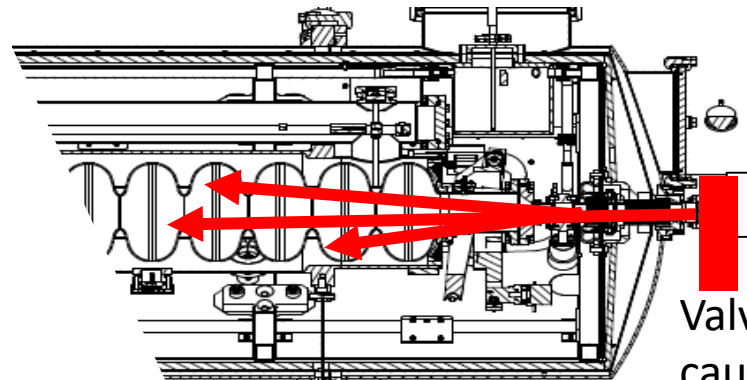


Field emission because of a valve in a undefined state at the beam pipe

Particles could float in N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere

CM for refurbishment

Re-Test within 2019



Valve movement caused particles

# Outlook and Timeline

More information: SRF '19  
contributions

TUP041 – SRF Testing for MESA  
THP054 – Cryogenic Installations

## MESA

- User facility ERL
- At Johannes Gutenberg Universität Mainz
- Under construction (start 2022)

## Cryomodule production:

- Successful turn key CM production by industry
- CM1 with  $2 \times 12.5 \text{ MV/m}$  @  $Q_0 = 1.2 \cdot 10^{10}$
- CM2 at refurbishment
- CM transport under vacuum
- Tests with beam at bERLinPro