
ESRF
The European Synchrotron
MEDSI
2016
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DESIGN OF SYNCHROTRON
RADIATION EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION
BARCELONA

The Girders System for the new ESRF storage ring

11/09/2016

European Synchrotron radiation Facility, CS 40220, 38043 Grenoble Cedex 9, France

Cianciosi Filippo
(Lin Zhang, Thierry Brochard, Philippe Marion, Loys Goirand, Yves Dabin, Marc Lesourd)

INTRODUCTION

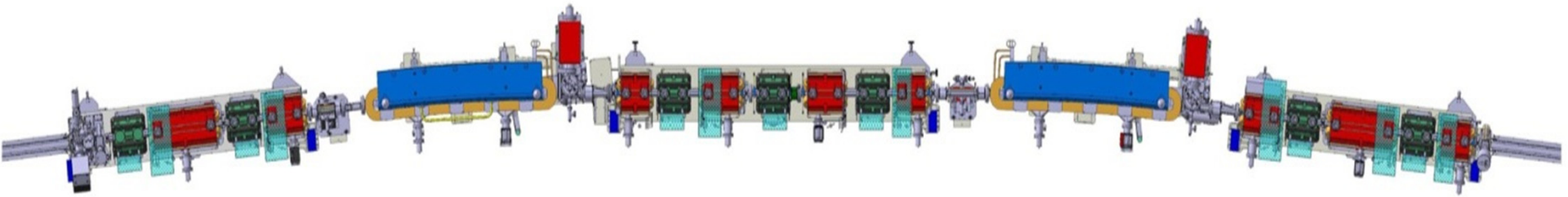
- ESRF storage ring = 32 cells each cell = 26.4m long

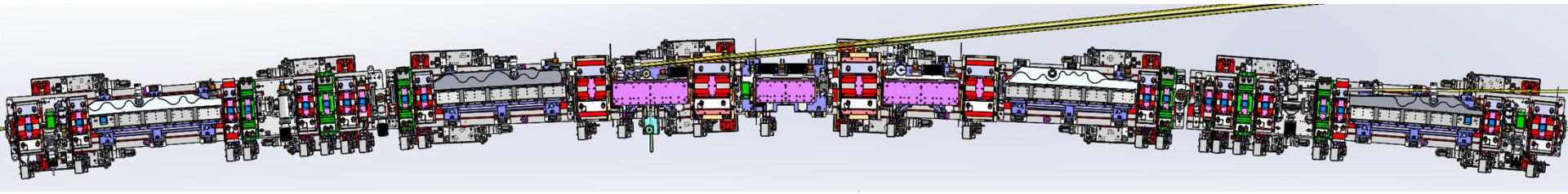
Present ESRF lattice

Double Bend Achromat = (2 dipoles + 15 quad. sext.) per cell

ESRF II lattice

Hybrid 7 Bend Achromat = (4 dipoles + 3 dipoles-quad + 24 quad., sext., oct.) per cell





-The best compromise between cost and performance is to use four identical girders
(P. Marion will introduce tomorrow all the issues of the new machine)

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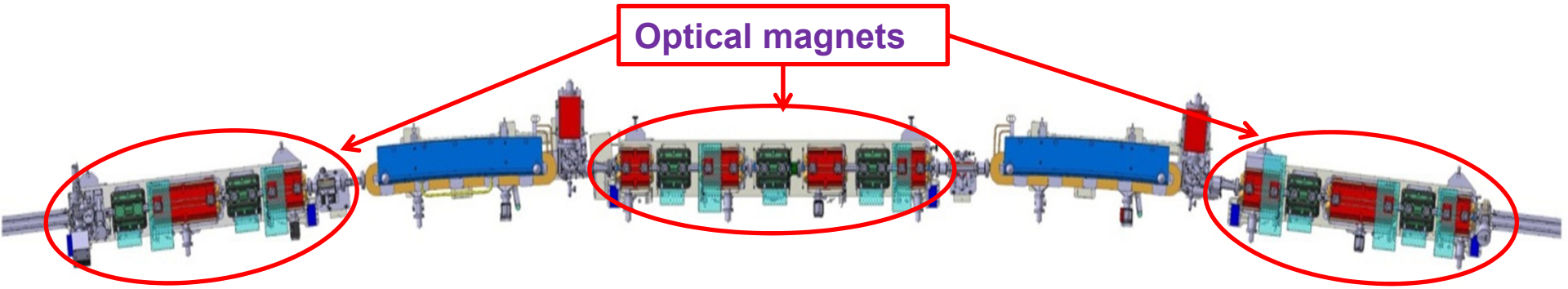

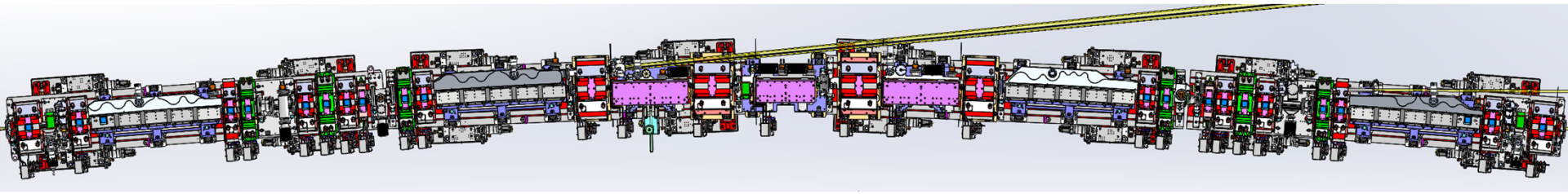

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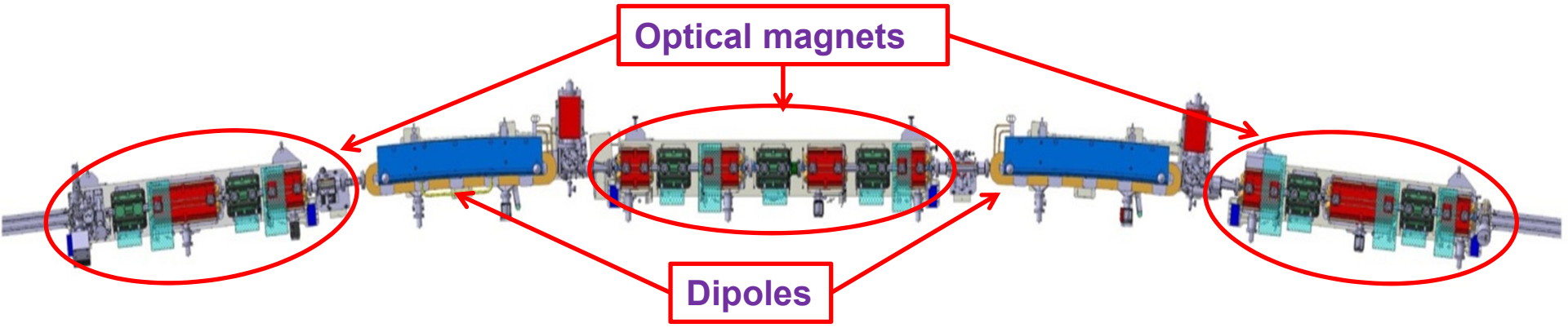

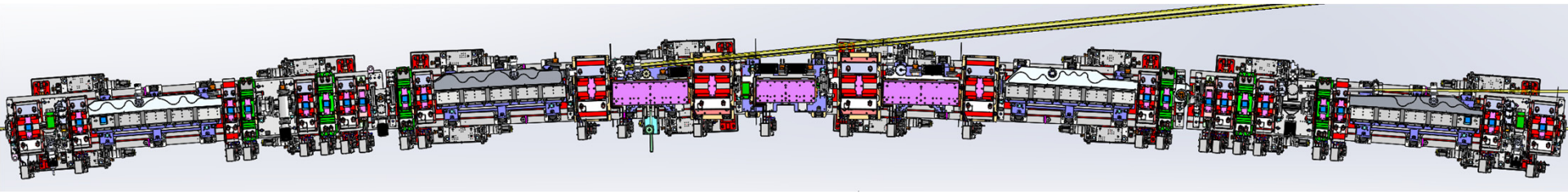

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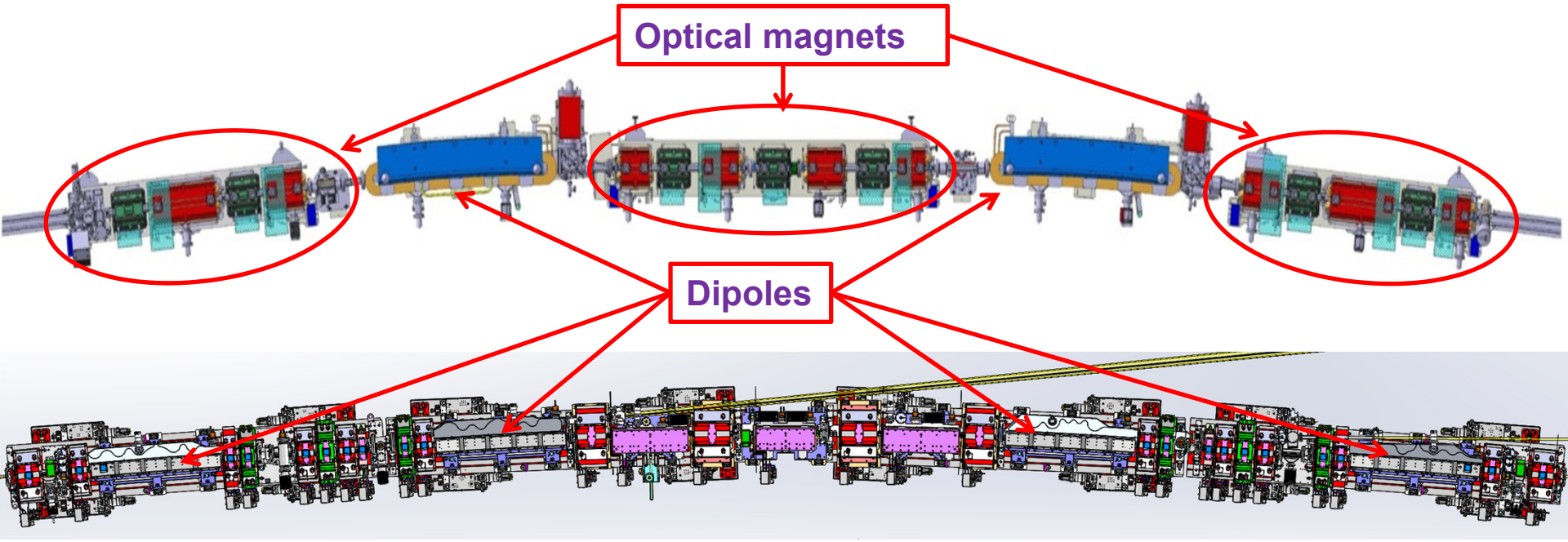

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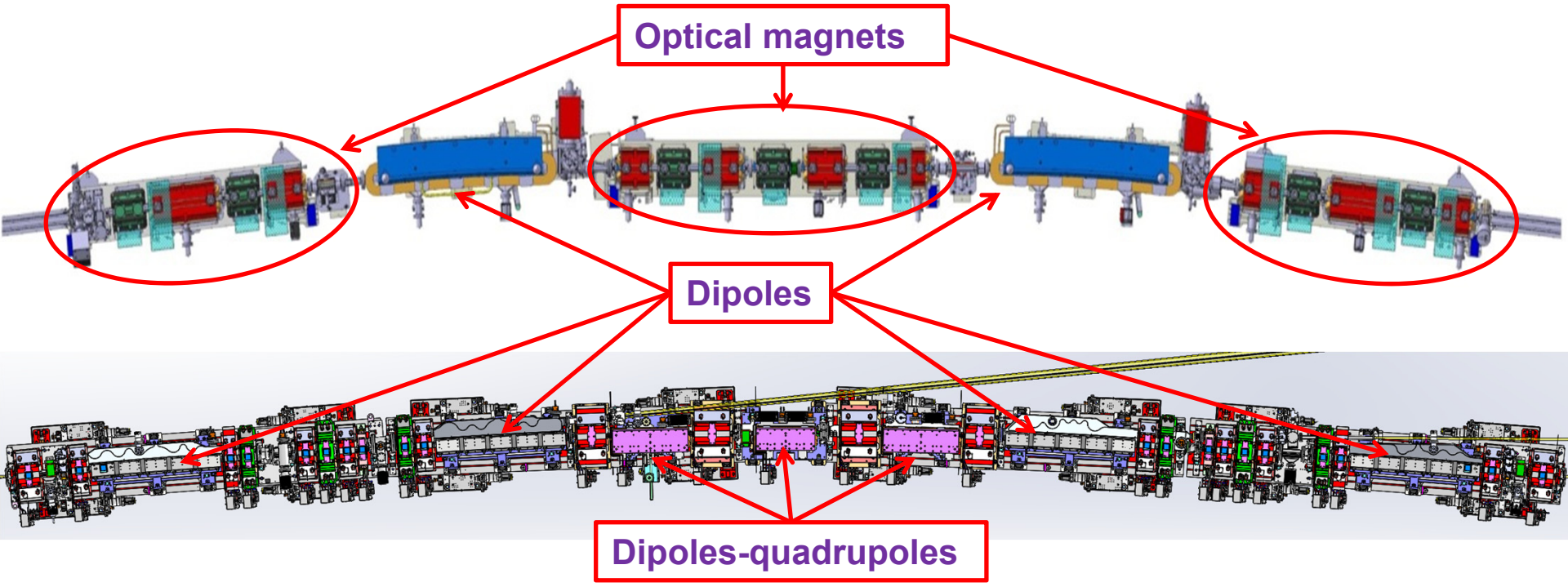

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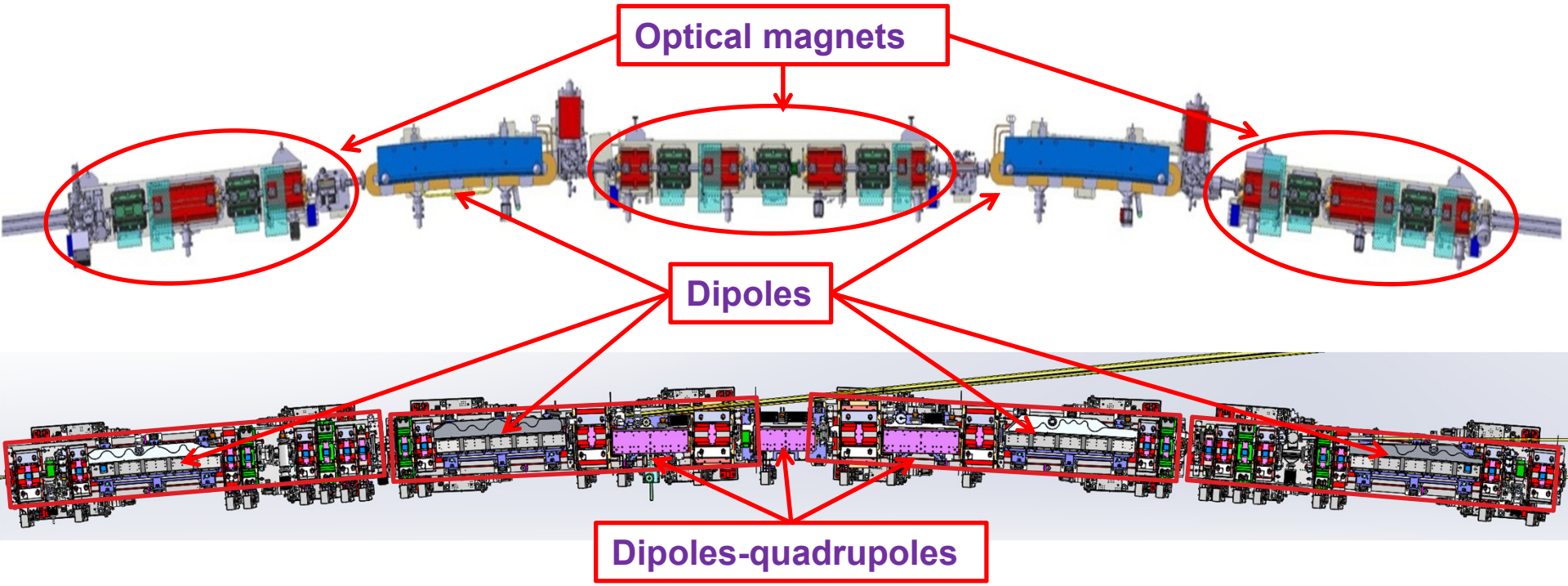

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SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT DATA

- Girder length = 5.1m, magnets weight = 6-7T
- Static positioning required

	HORIZONTAL (Y)	VERTICAL (Z)
Girder to girder	50 µm	50 µm

- ESRF site and slabs large displacements
  - Static = 150 µm / 6 months
  - Vibration level = high compared to other sites

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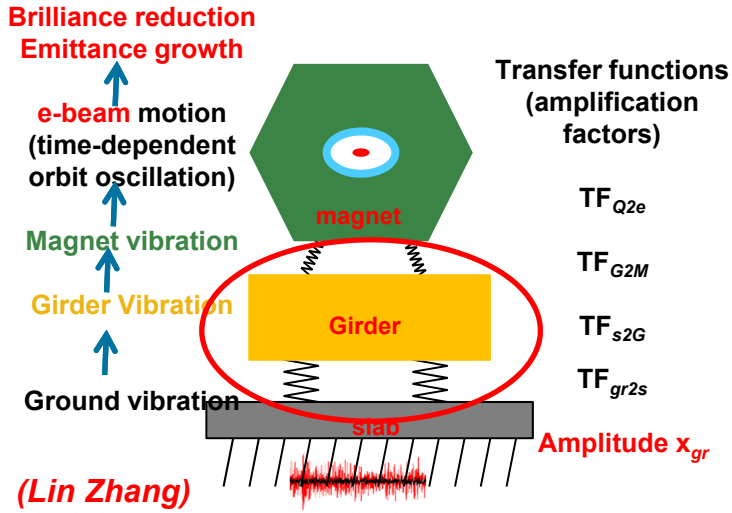

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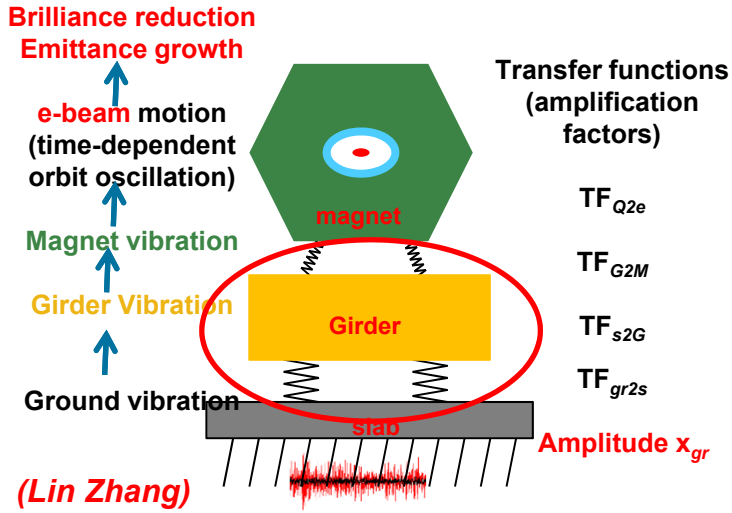

GIRDER PROJECT SPECIFICATION

- Motorized Z adjustment resolution 5µm
- Manual Y adjustment resolution 5µm
- 1st natural frequency = 50Hz (design criteria)
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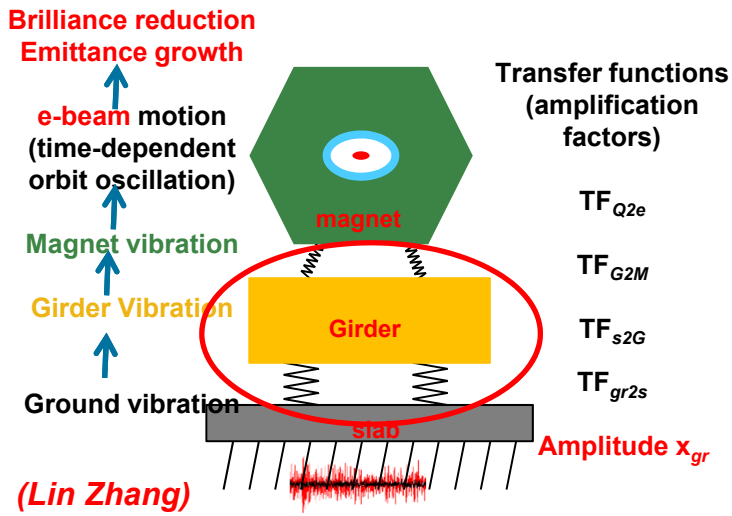

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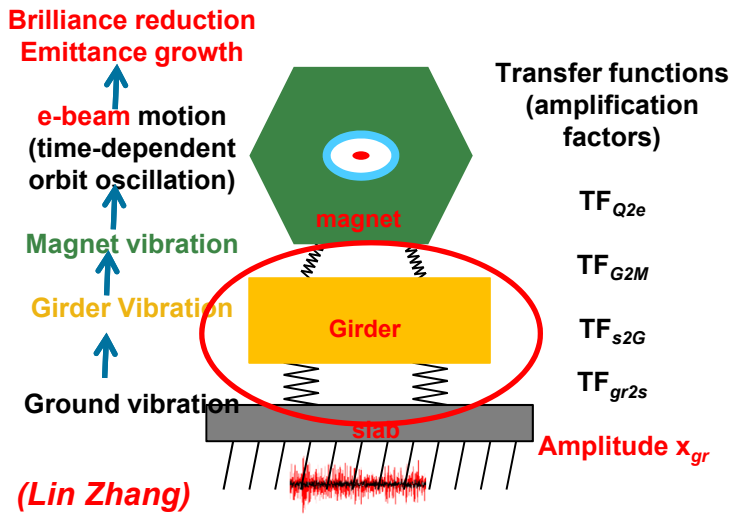

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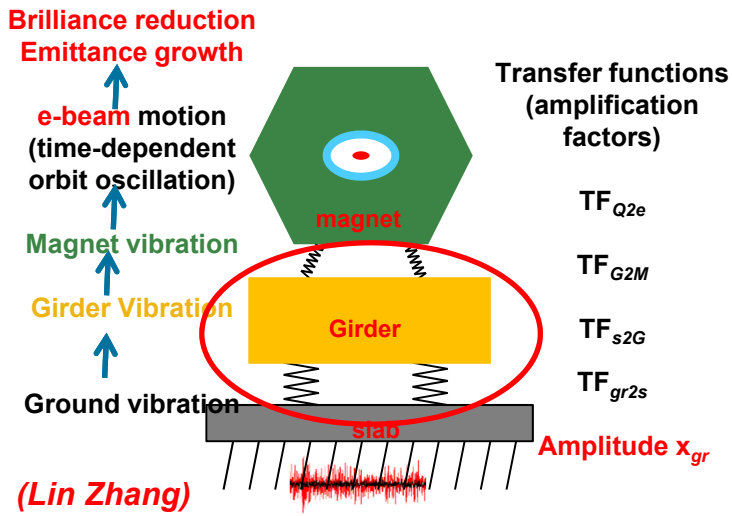

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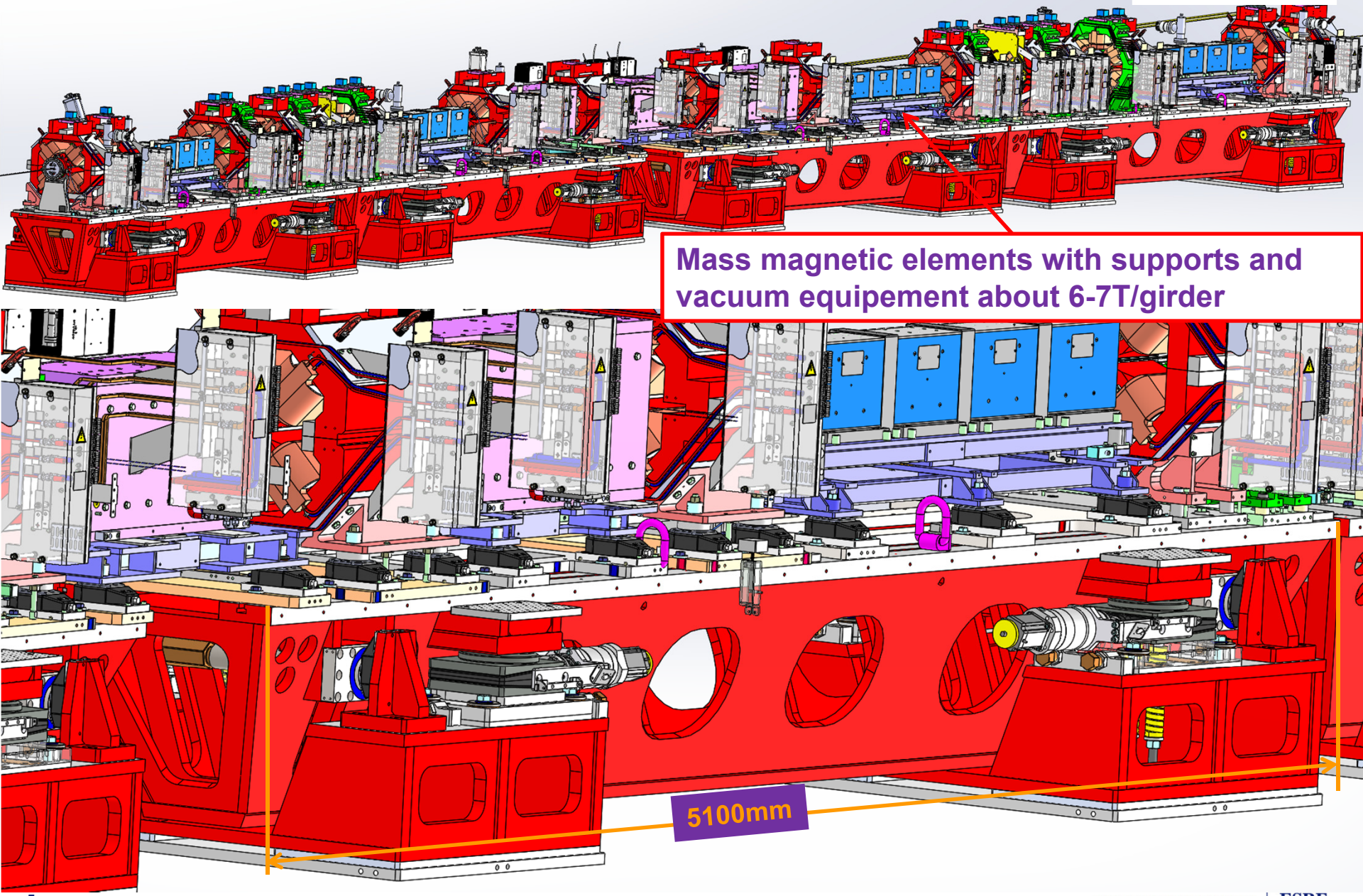
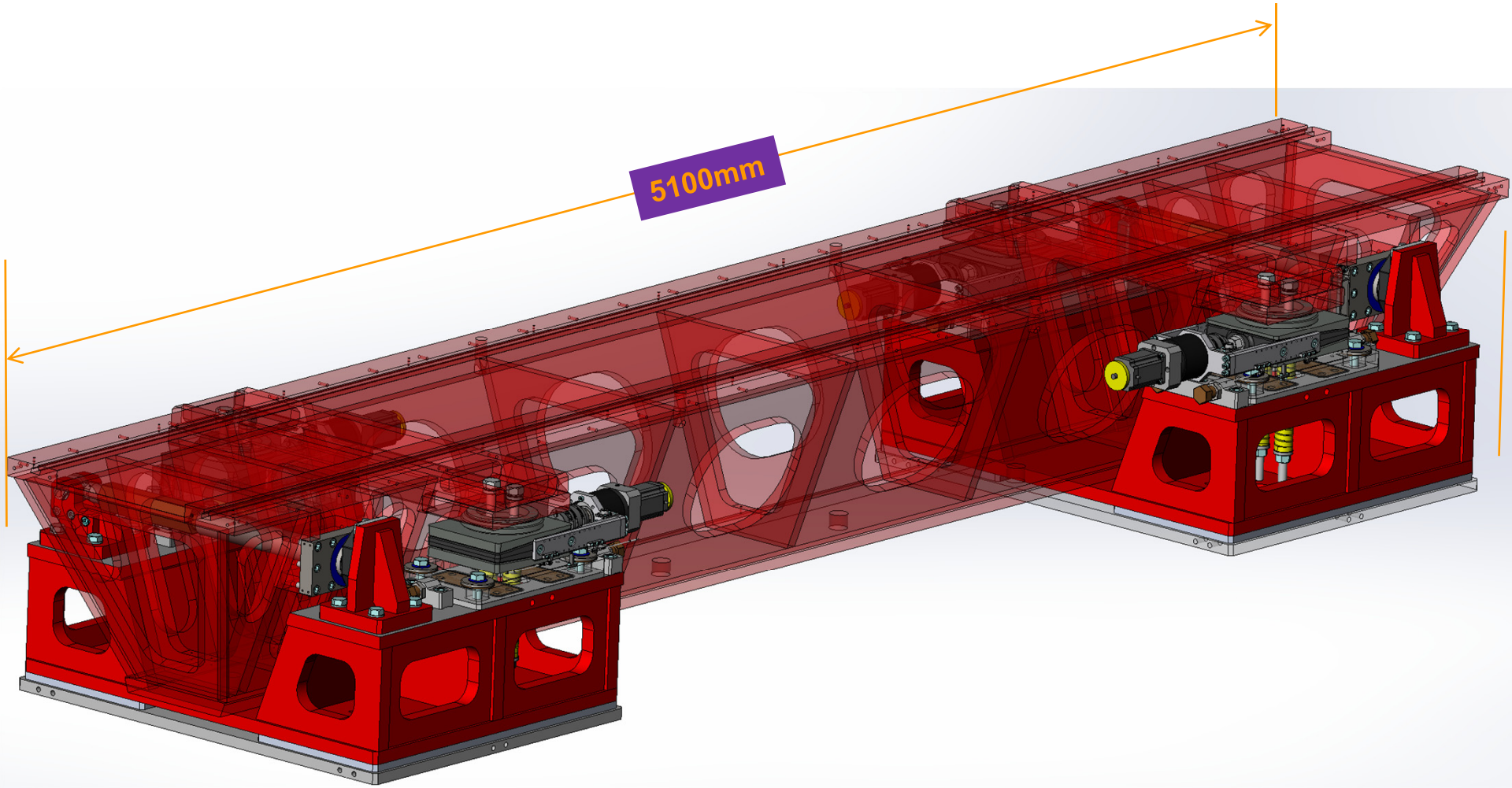
→ **Usual engineer's problems** ***(C'est la vie!)***

GENERAL DESIGN



THE ORTHOGONAL HEPTAPODE



Girder material: carbon steel - Typical tickness: 30mm (15-50mm)
Piece junction: full penetration and continuos weldings
Flatness of the upper face: +/-0.04mm (without payload)

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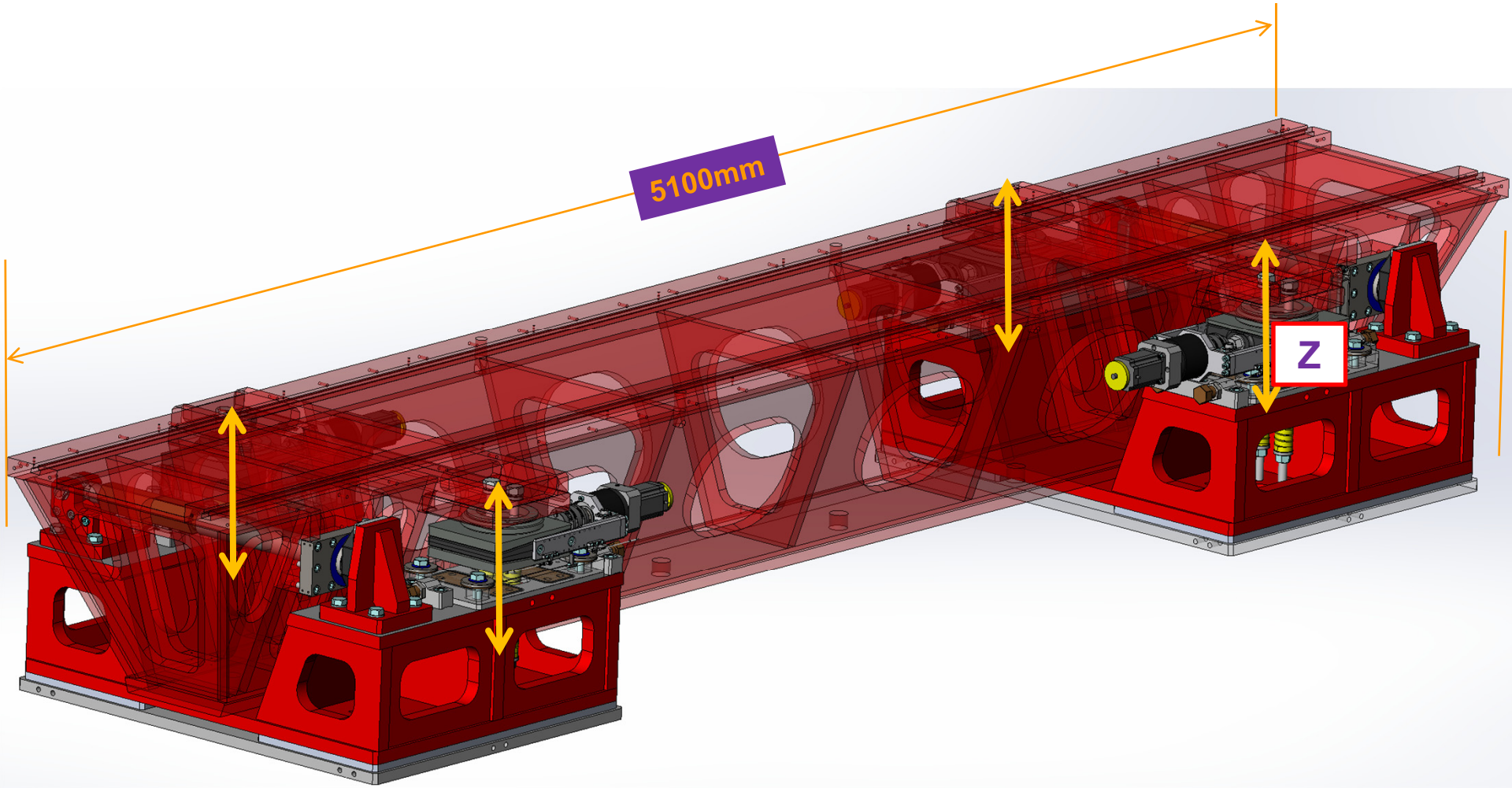

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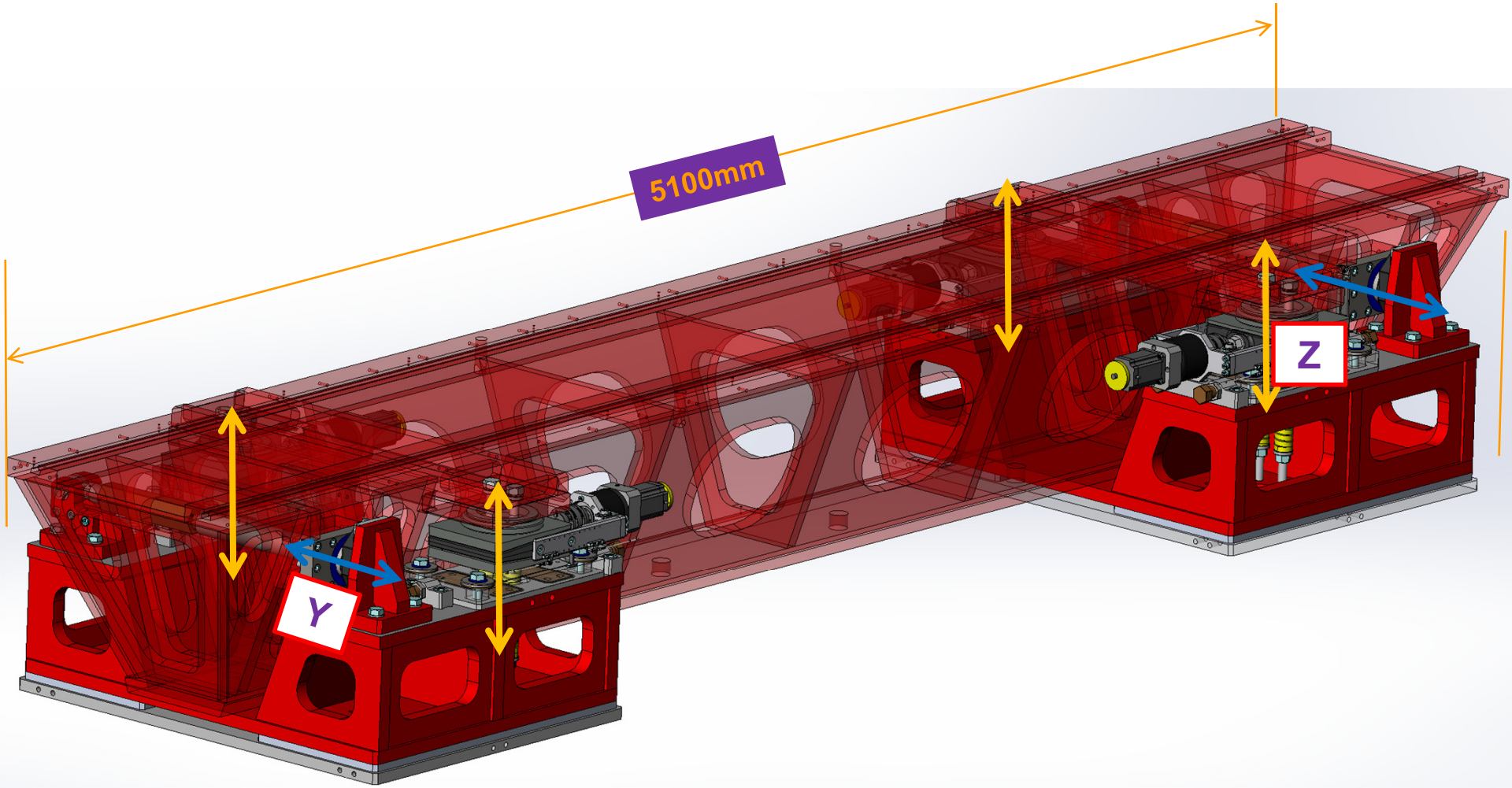

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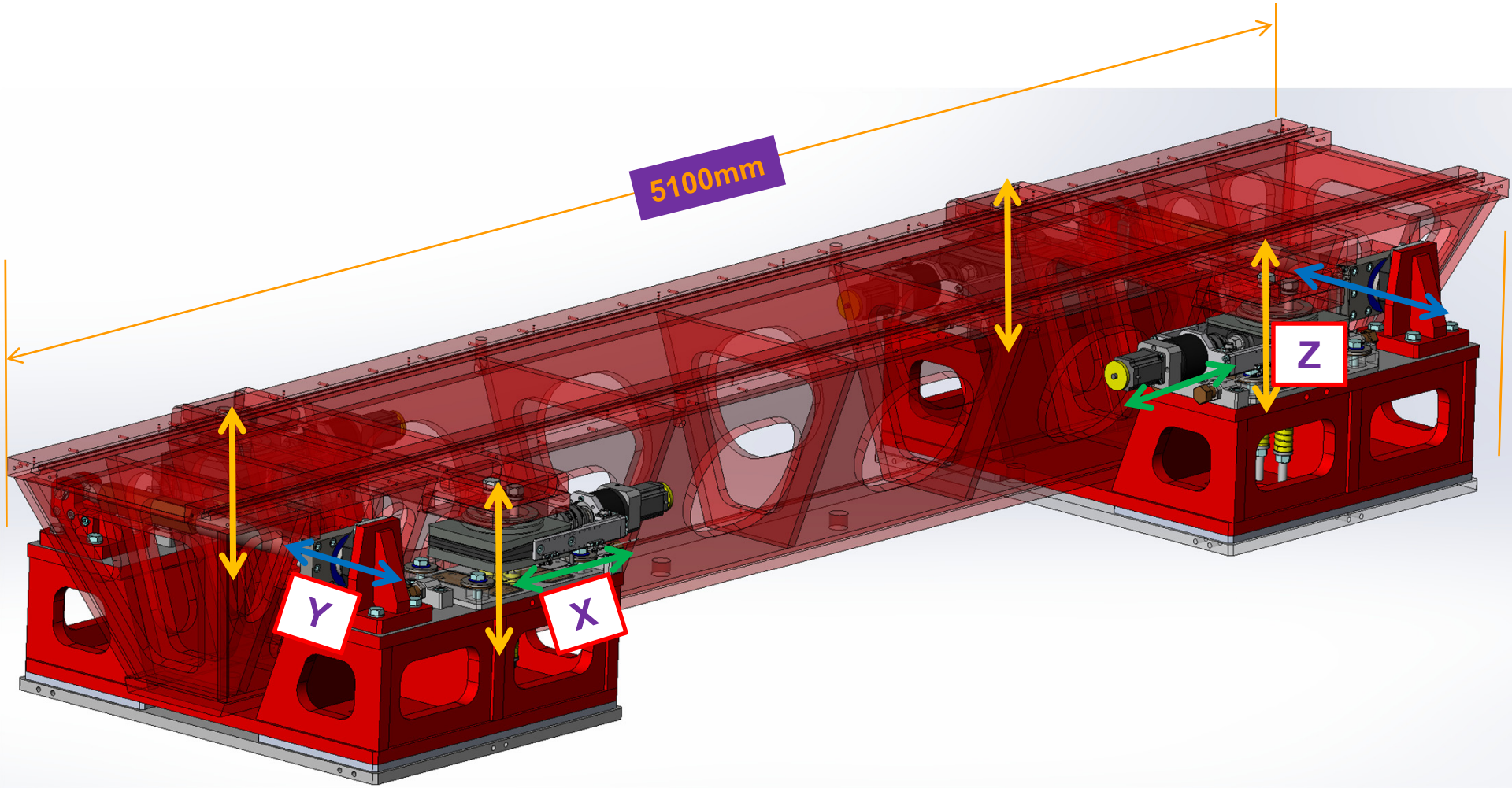

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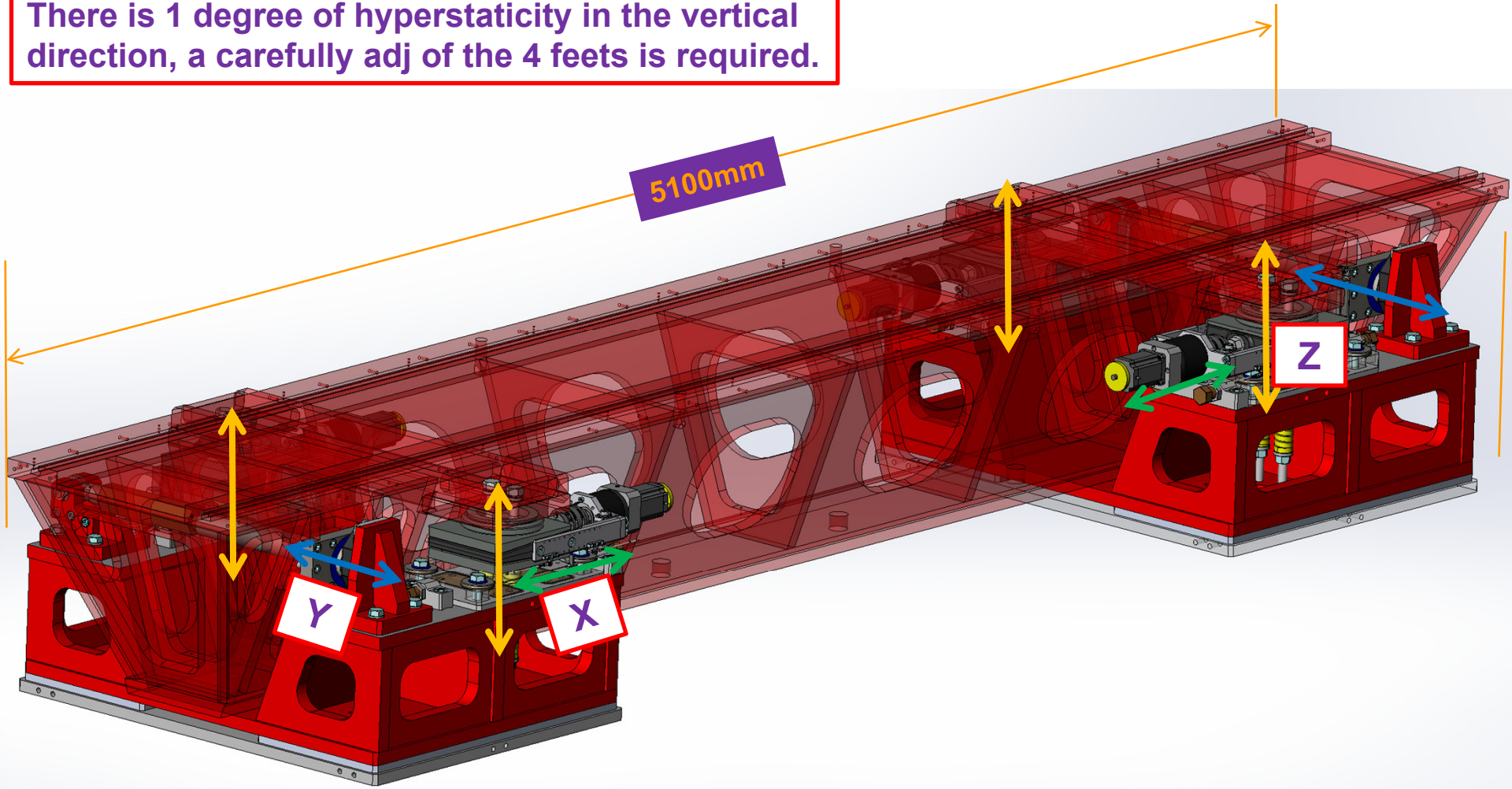

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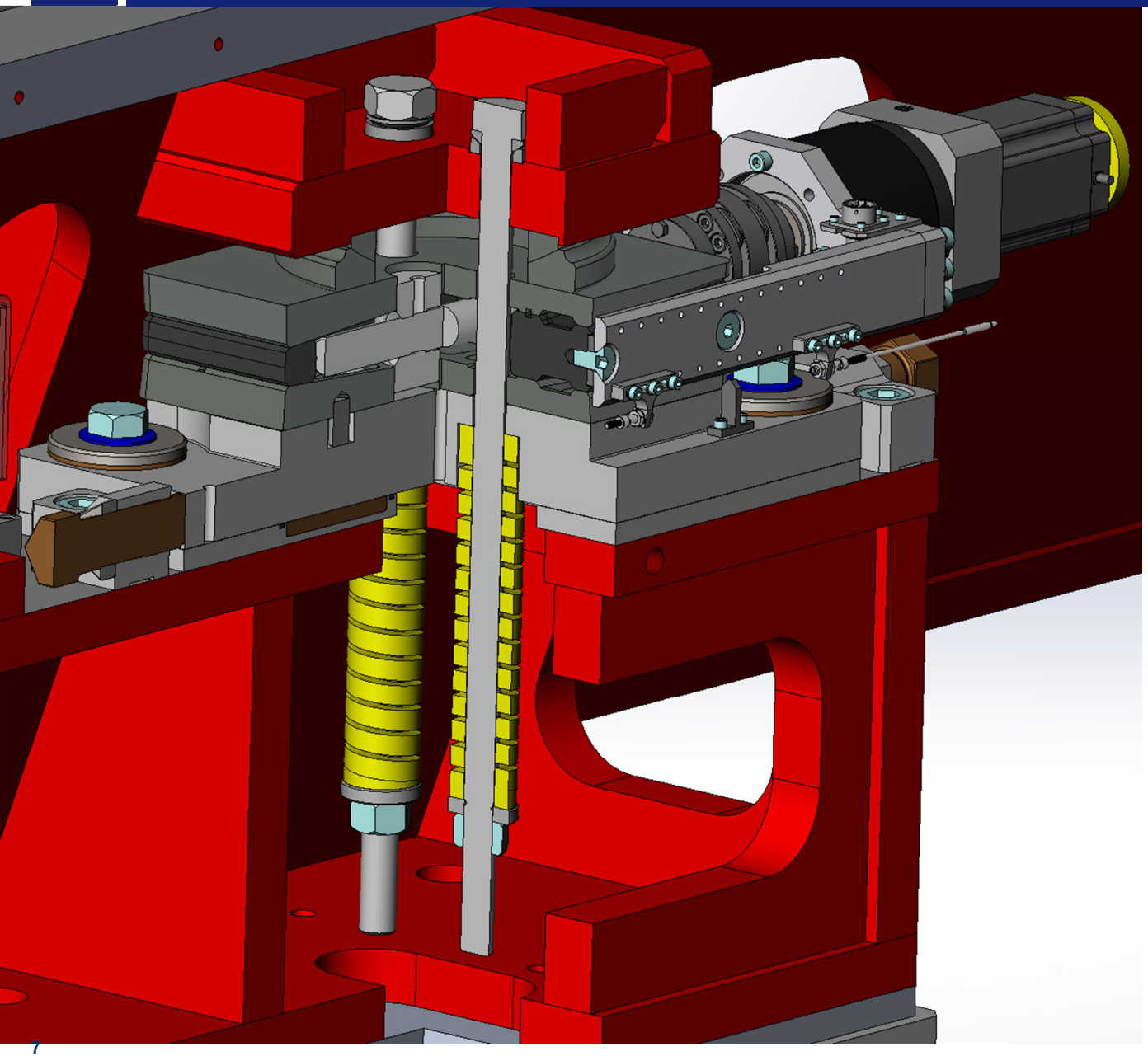
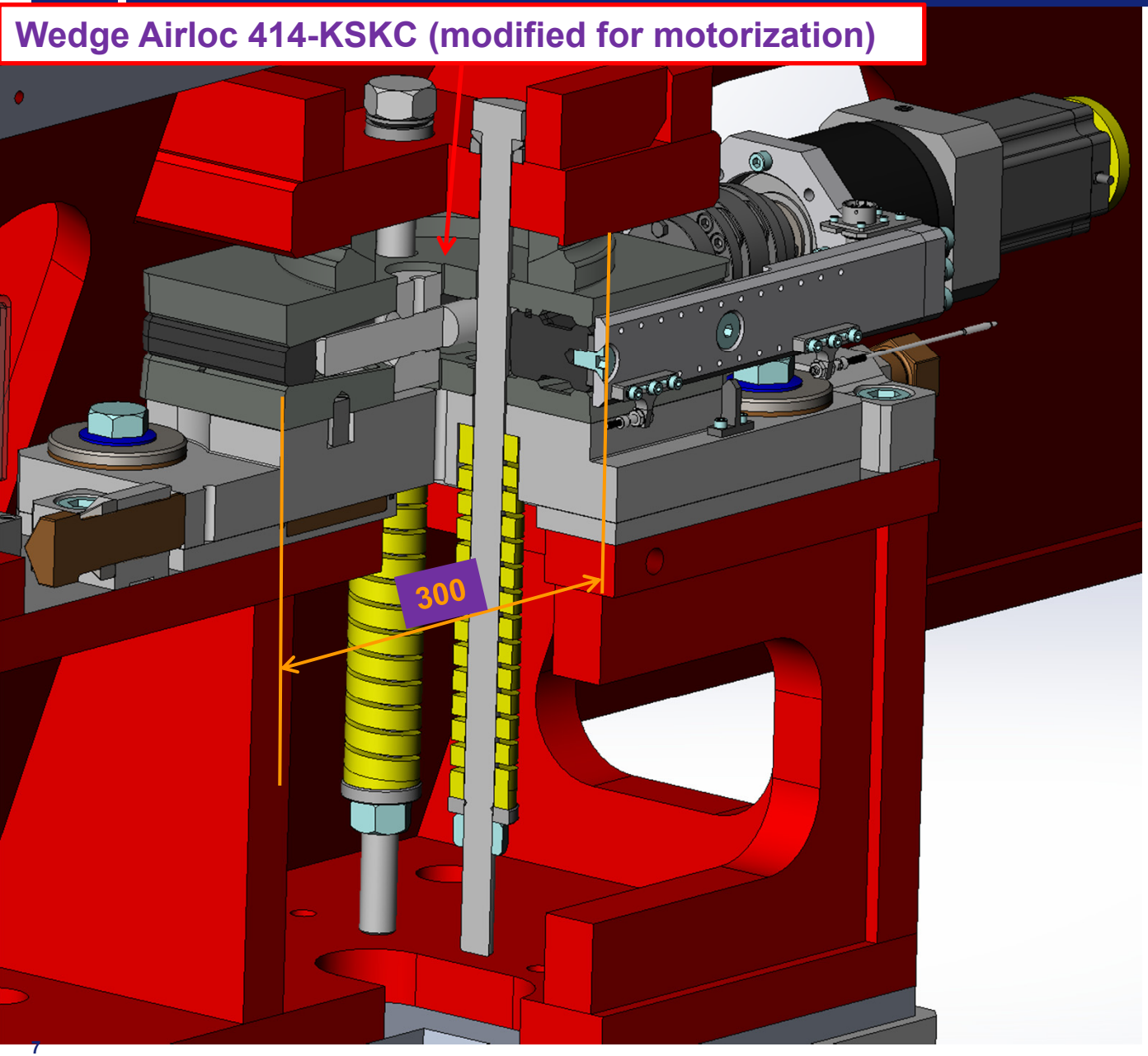


VERTICAL SUPPORTS

Wedge Airloc 414-KSKC (modified for motorization)



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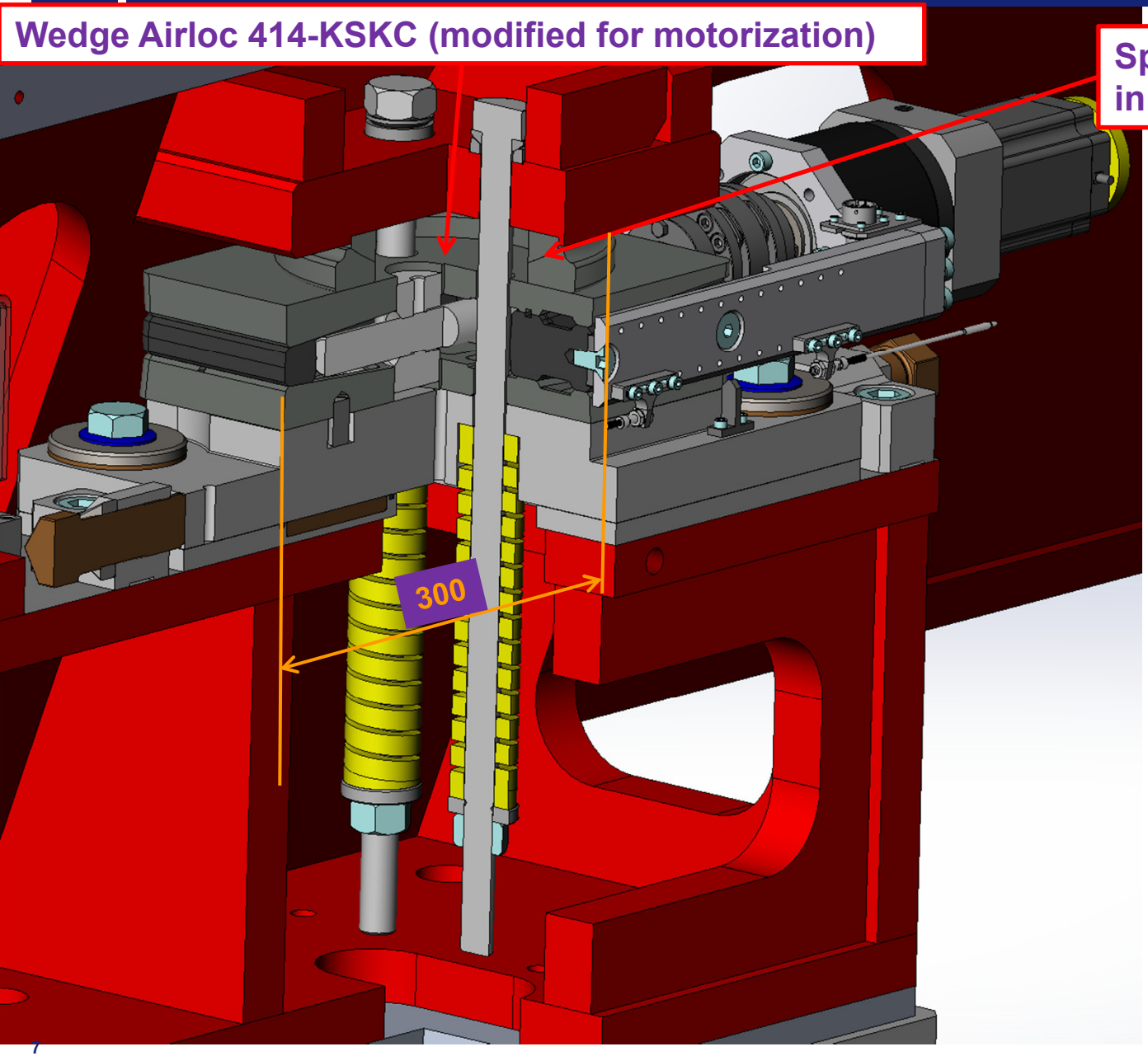

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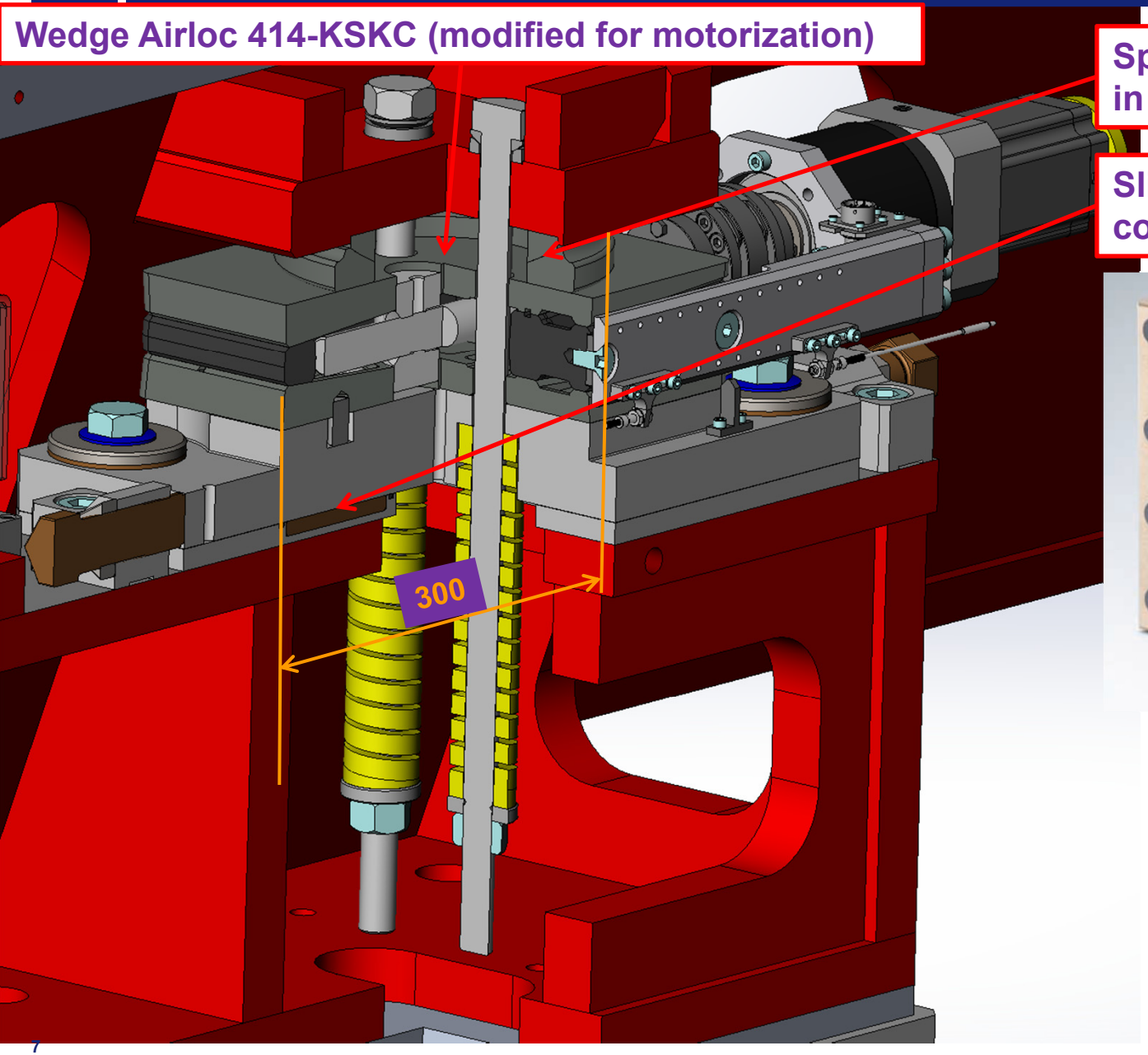
Spherical seat integrated in the wedge

Sliding contact (Fibro commercial plate)



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Screws for X alignement

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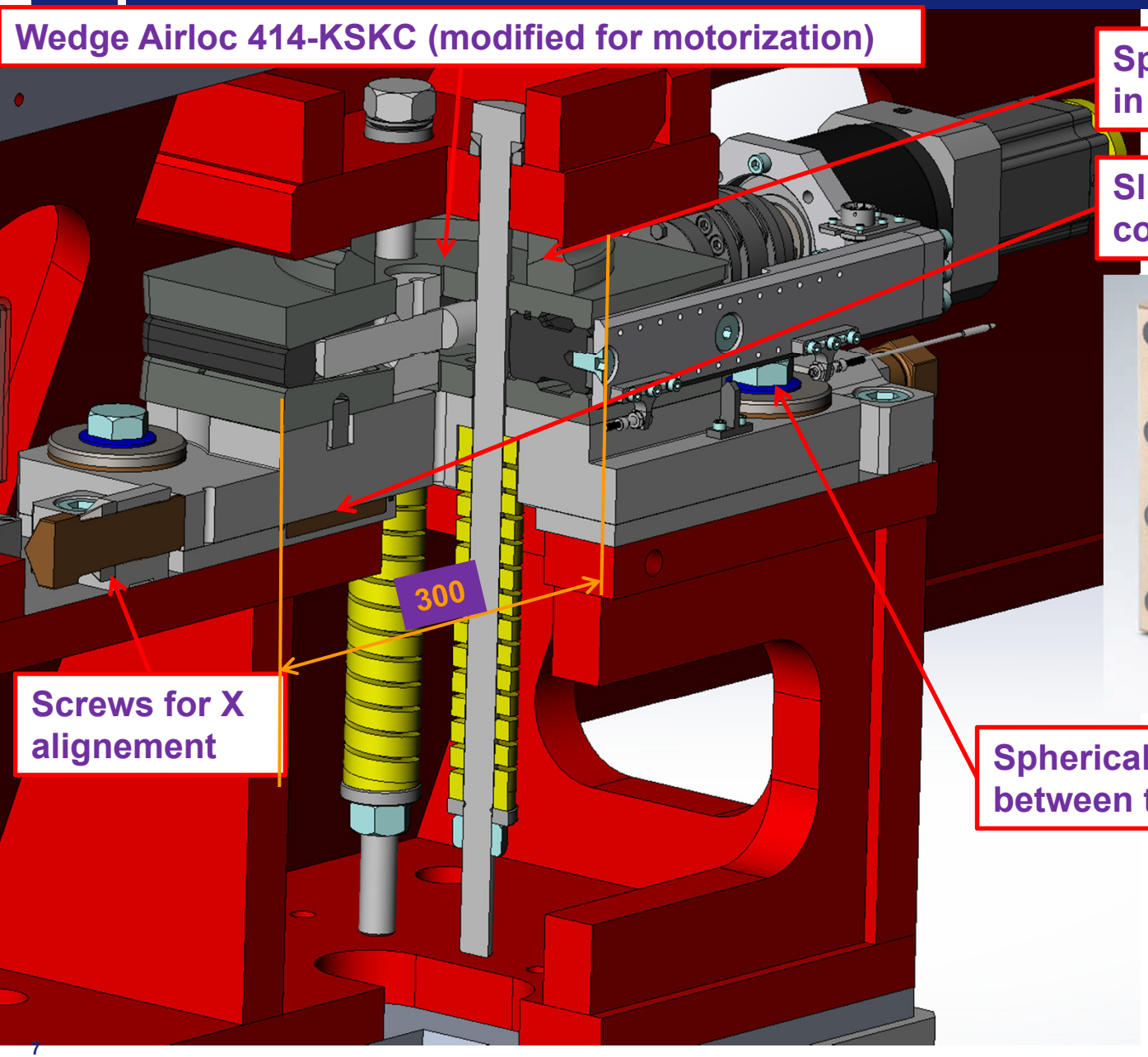

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Preload springs (2x0.7T)
They don't press the sliding contact, no adjustement needed following the vertical movement.

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Z movement:
Accuracy: 10.8µm
Repeatability: 3.3µm
Increment: 0.3µm

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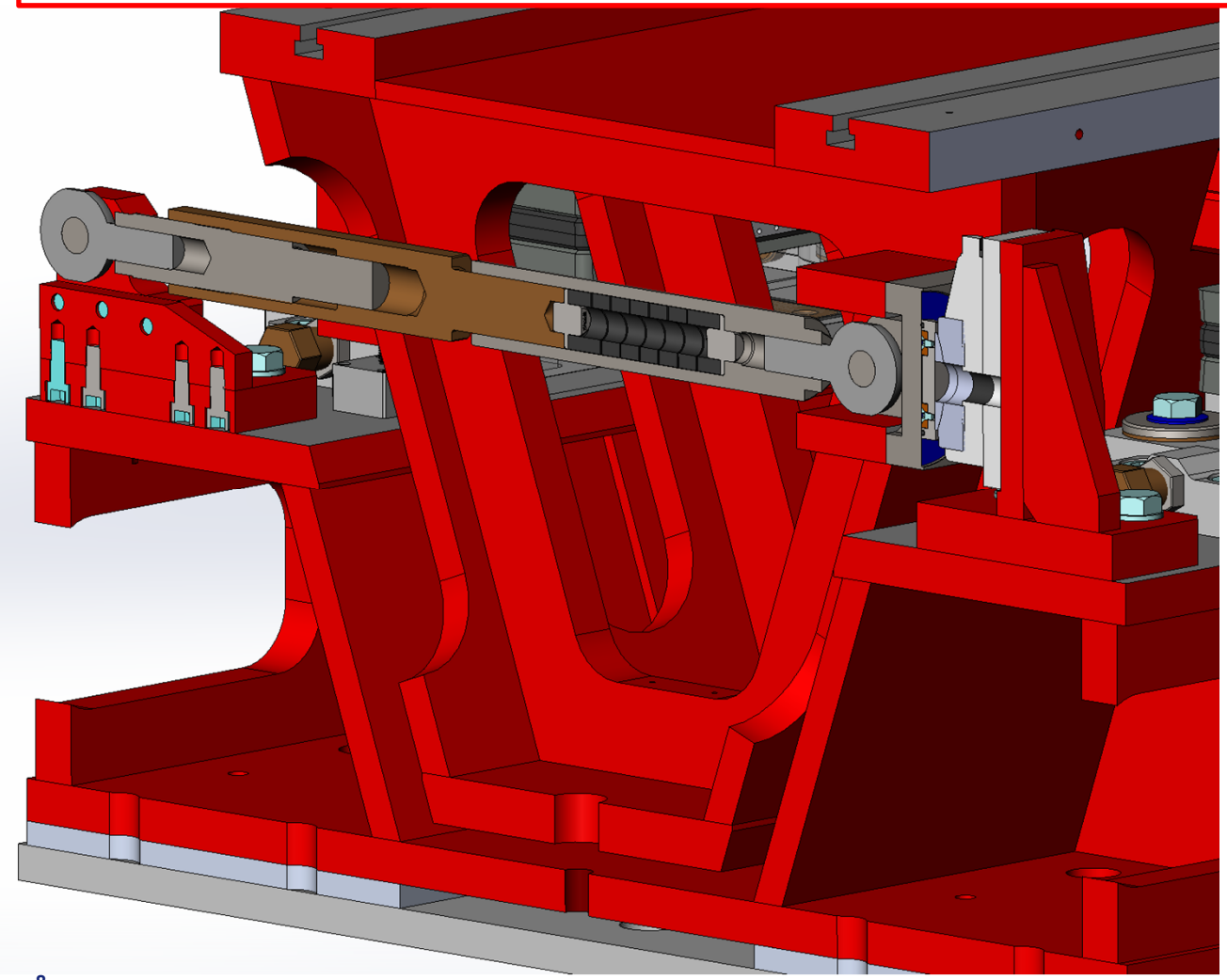
HORIZONTAL JACKS

3 functions:
-horizontal adjustment (+/- 3.5mm continuous, +/-15mm global)
-guiding the vertical movement (ensuring no lateral dipl. during the vertical adjustement)
-improoving the stiffness of the girder



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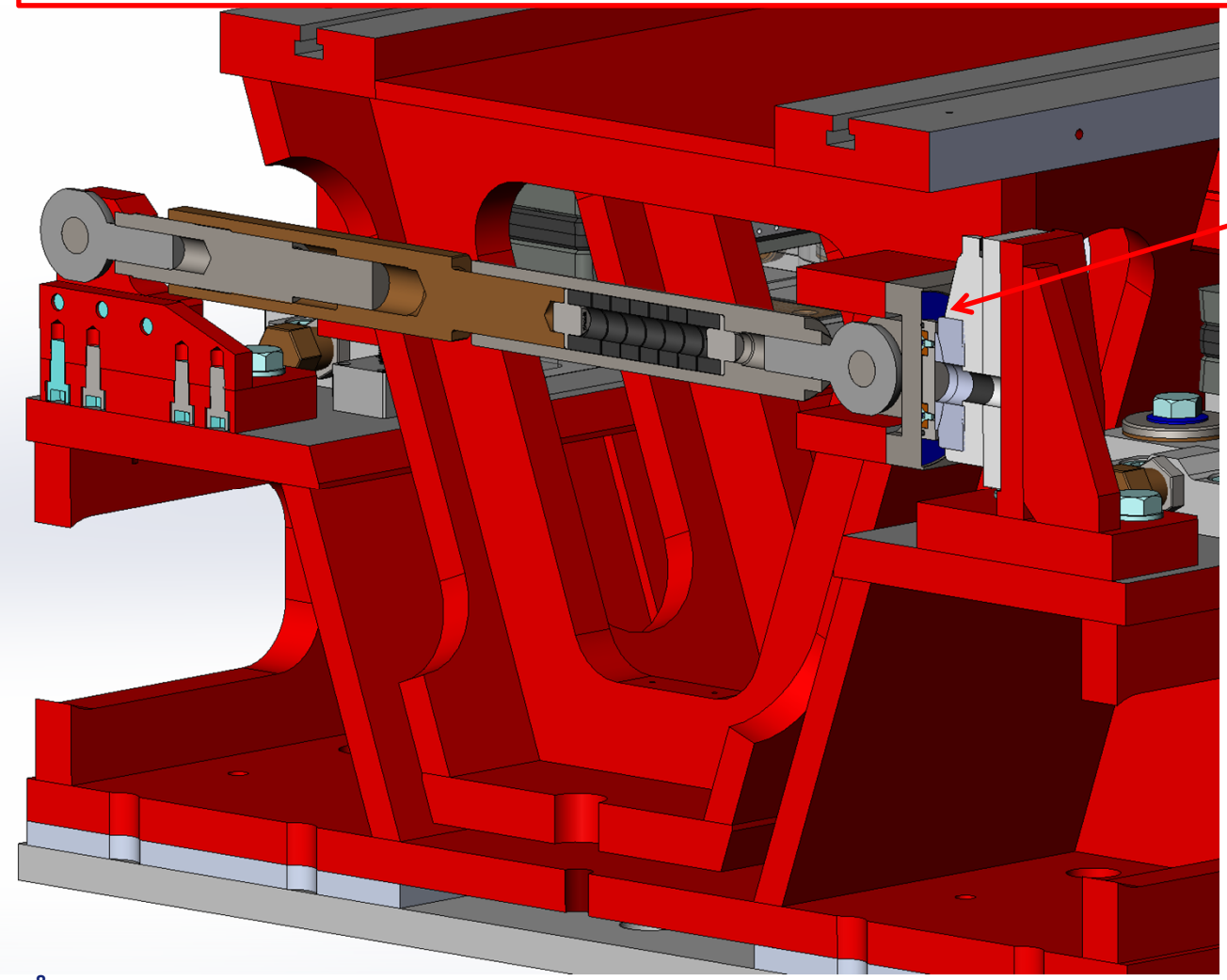

Wedge Nivell DK2

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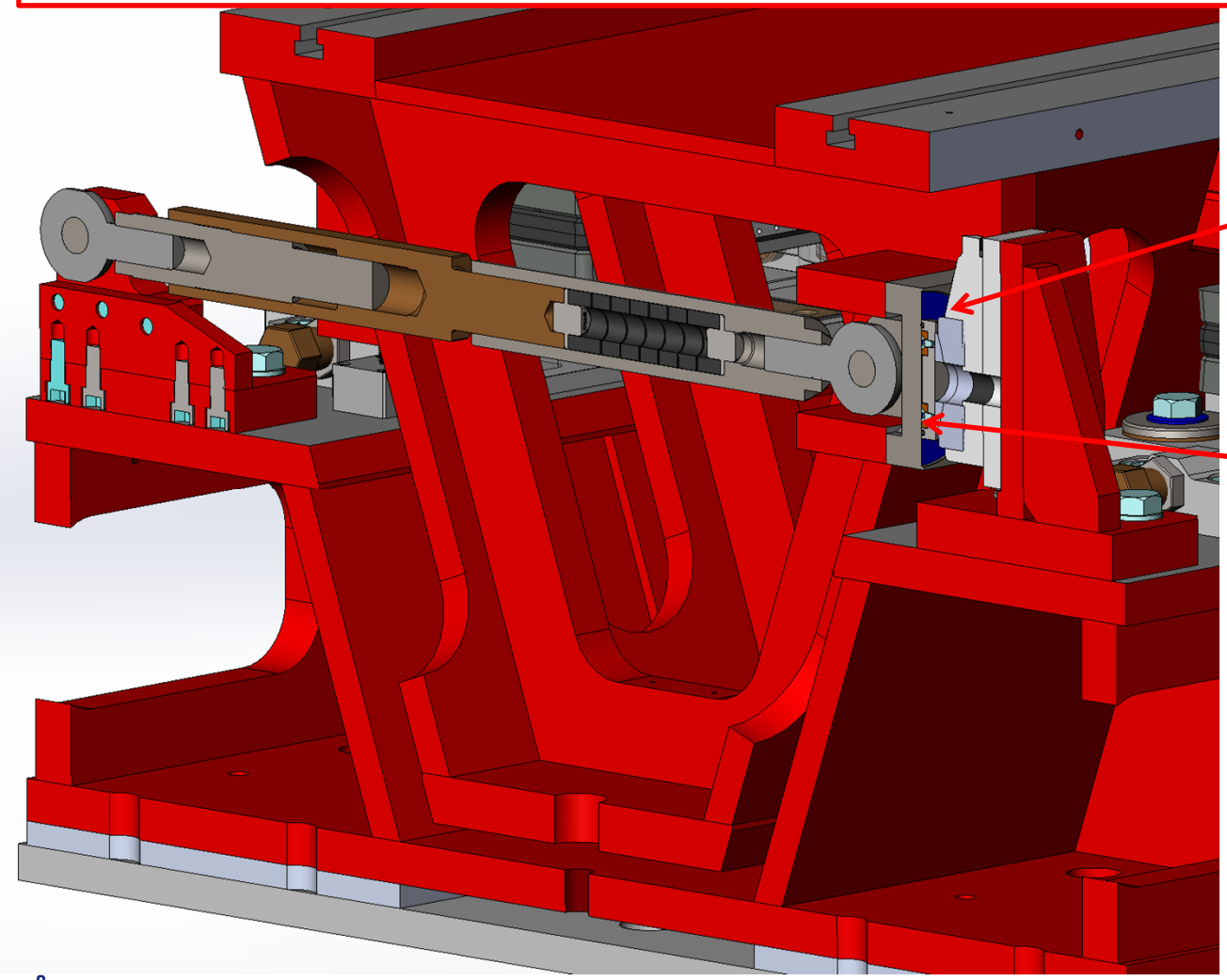

Wedge Nivell DK2

Sliding surface (Fibro)

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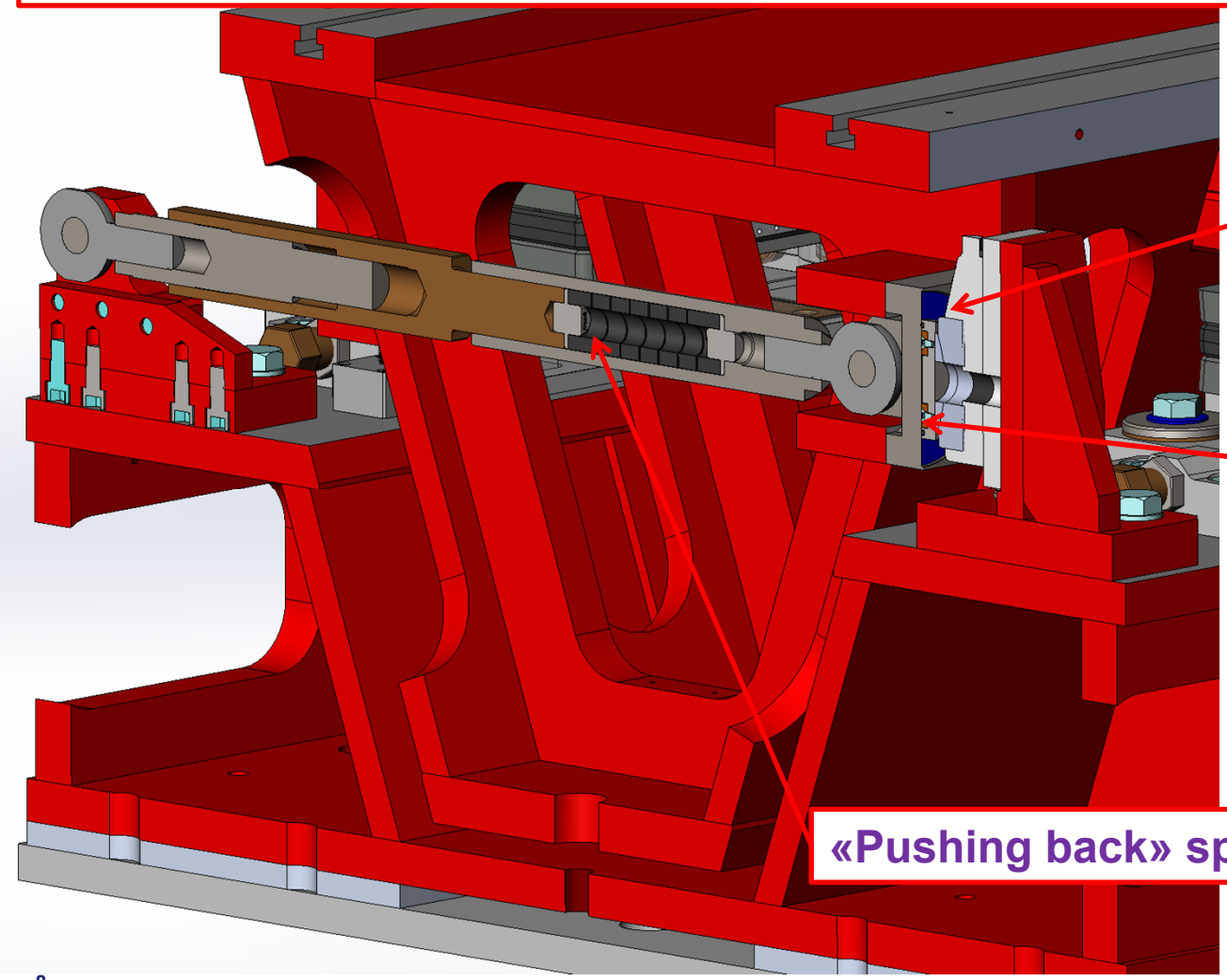
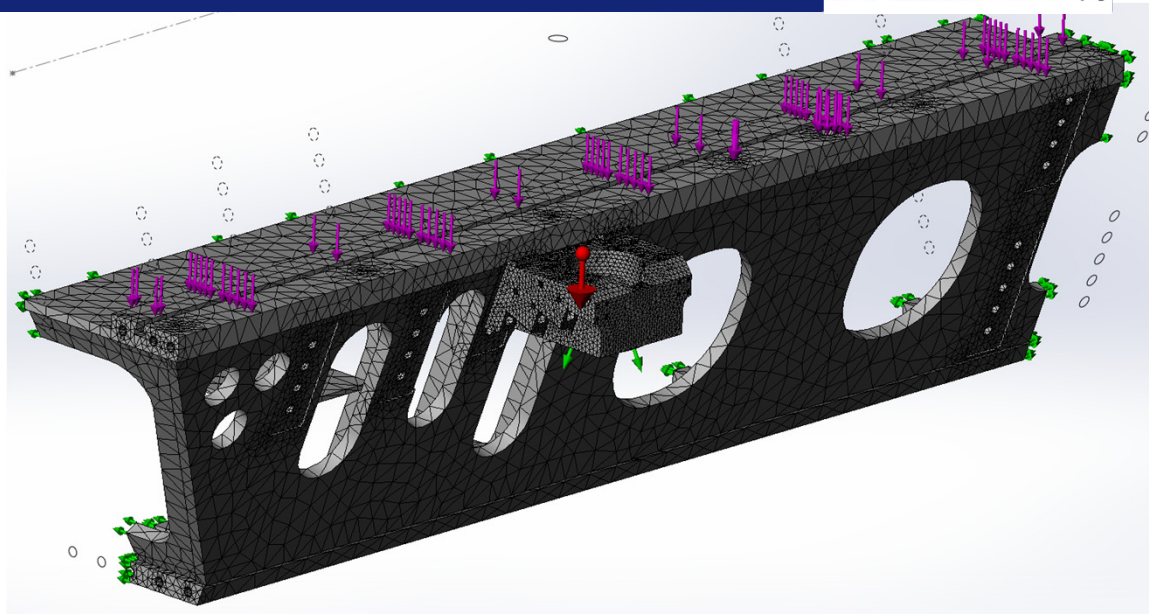


Wedge Nivell DK2

Sliding surface (Fibro)

«Pushing back» spring (3.5T)

DEFORMATION DUE TO GRAVITY



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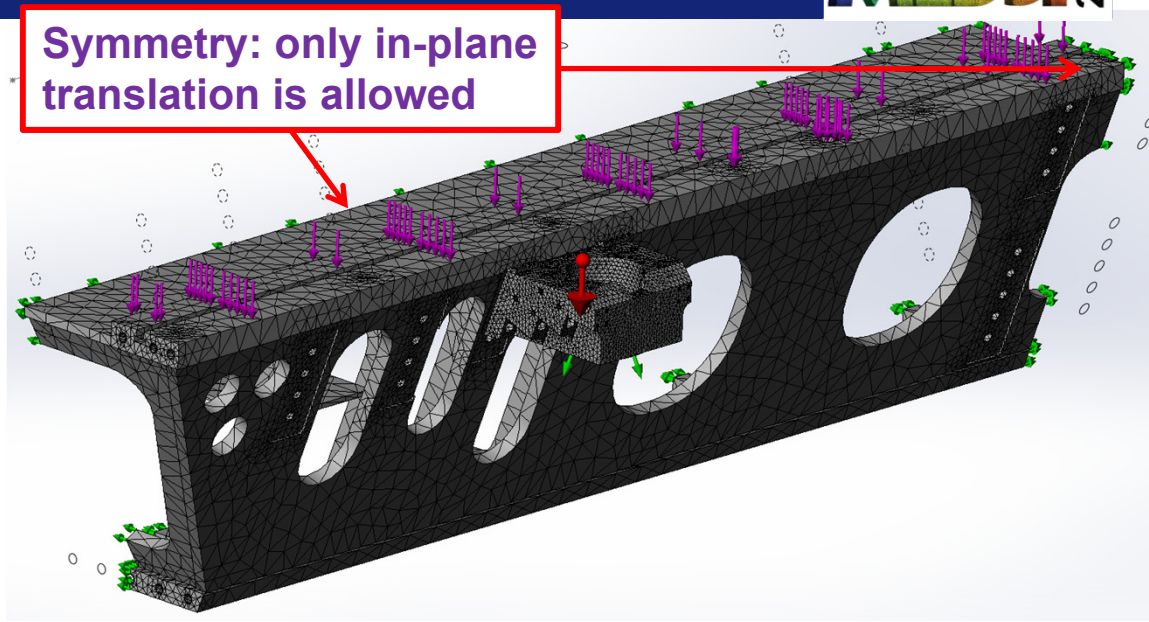

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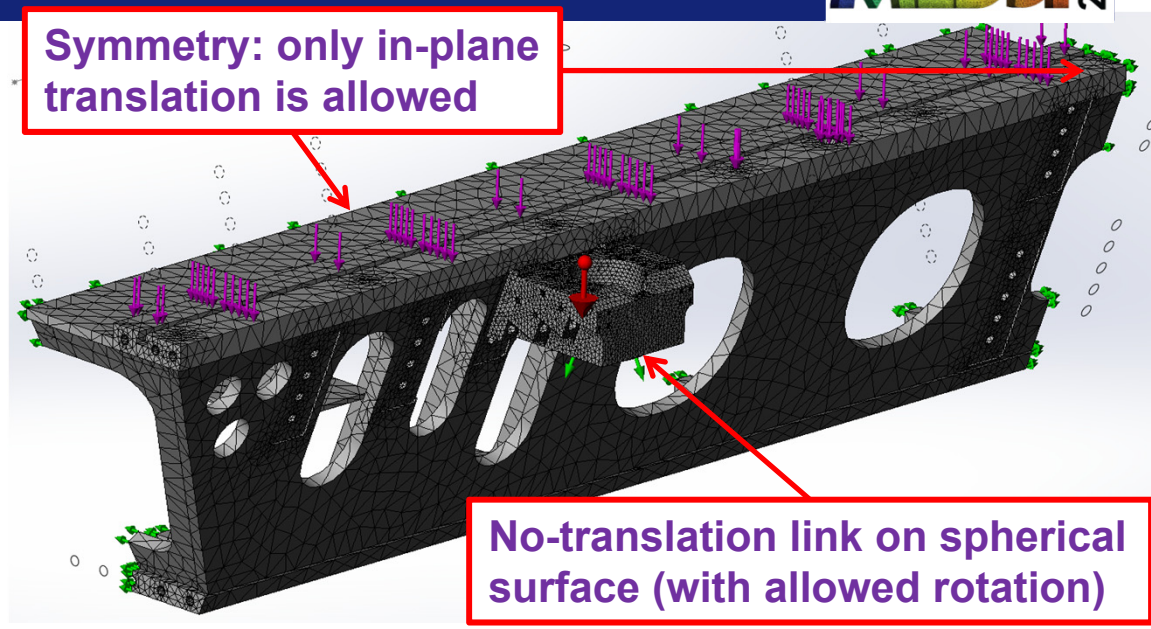

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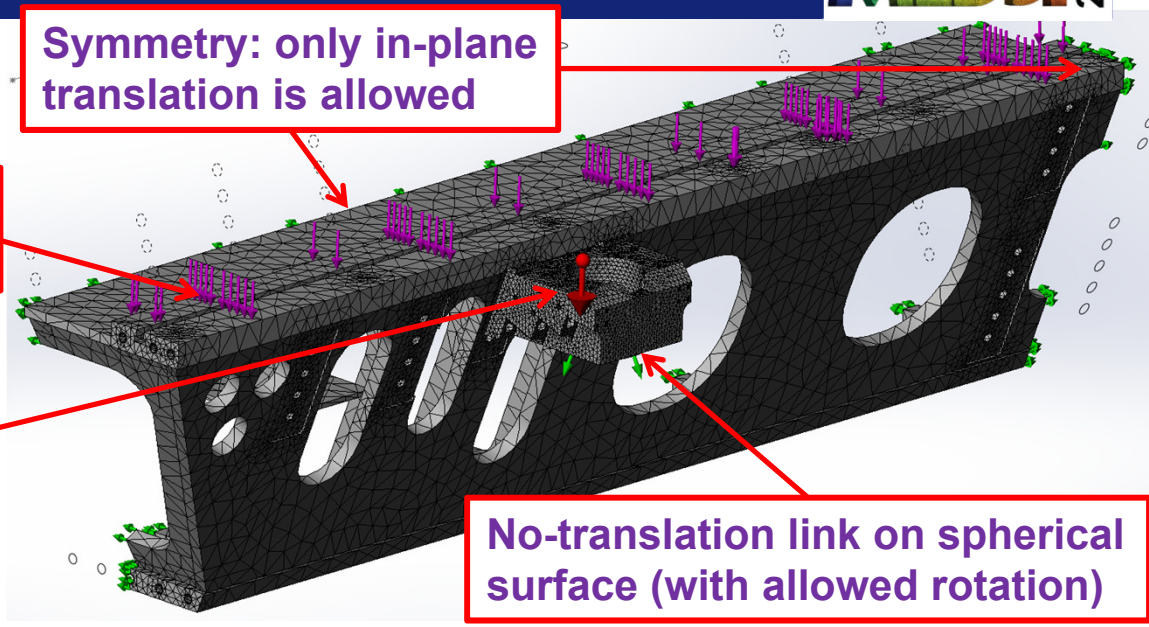


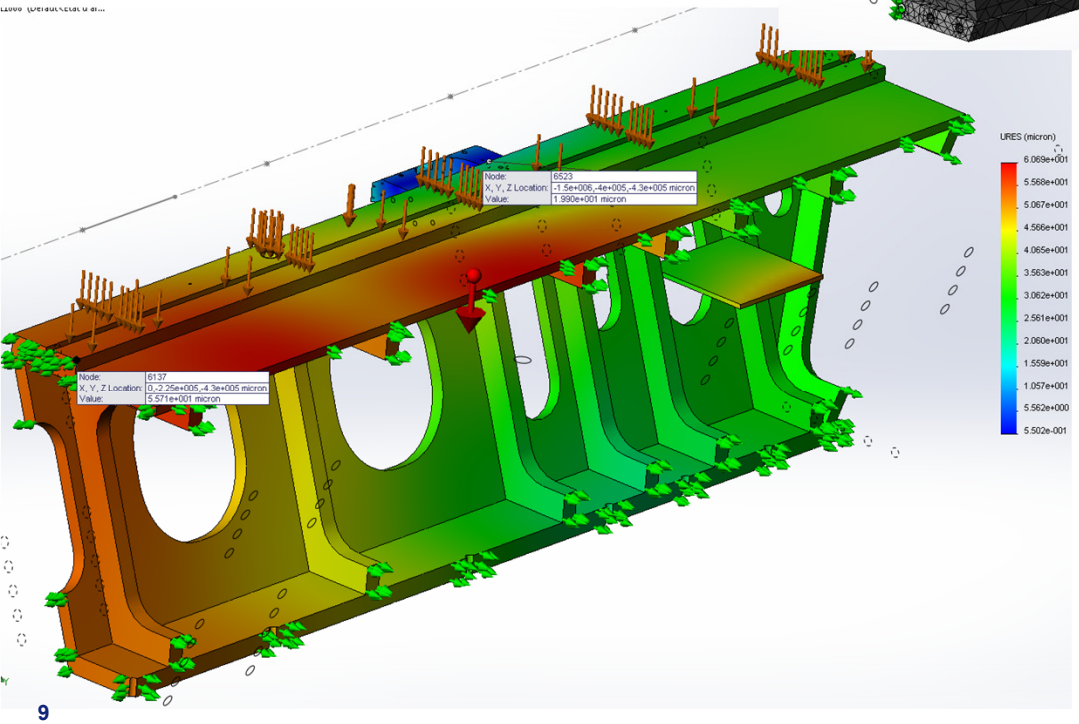
DEFORMATION DUE TO GRAVITY

Symmetry: only in-plane translation is allowed

Payload (about 6T on the whole girder, 15000N in this ¼ analysis)

Gravity force

No-translation link on spherical surface (with allowed rotation)



Max vertical deformation of the machined surface carrying the magnets 36µm (difference between highest and lowest points).

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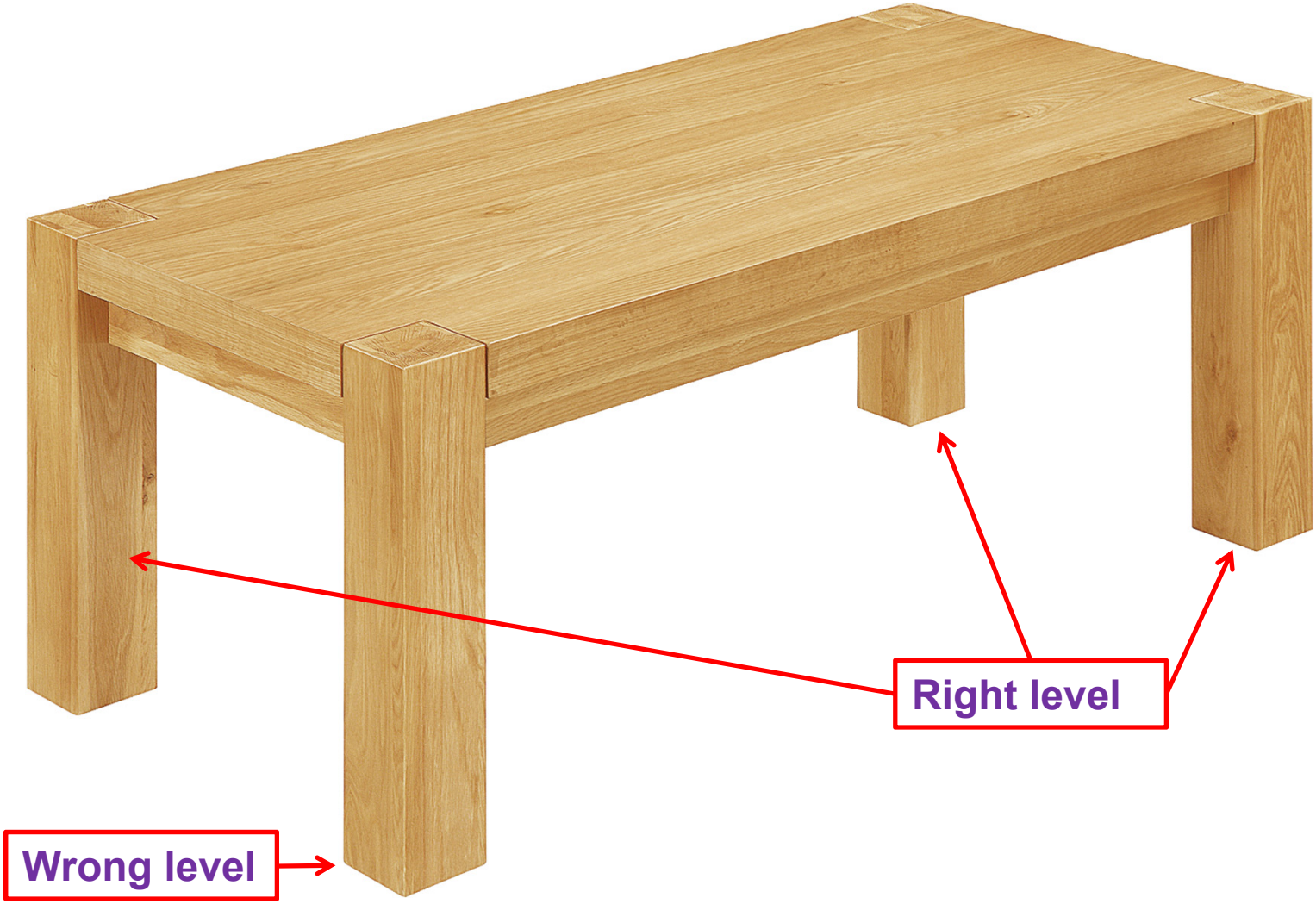

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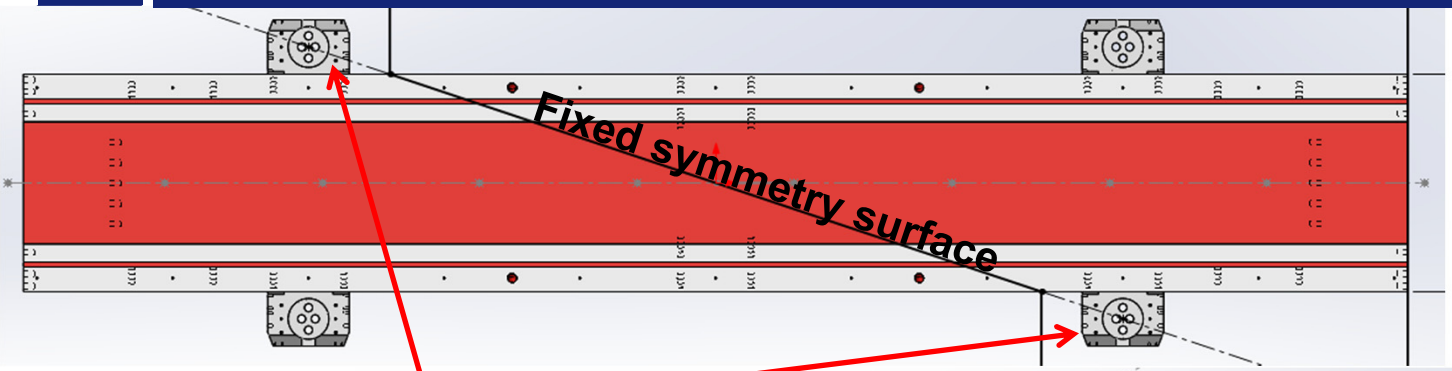
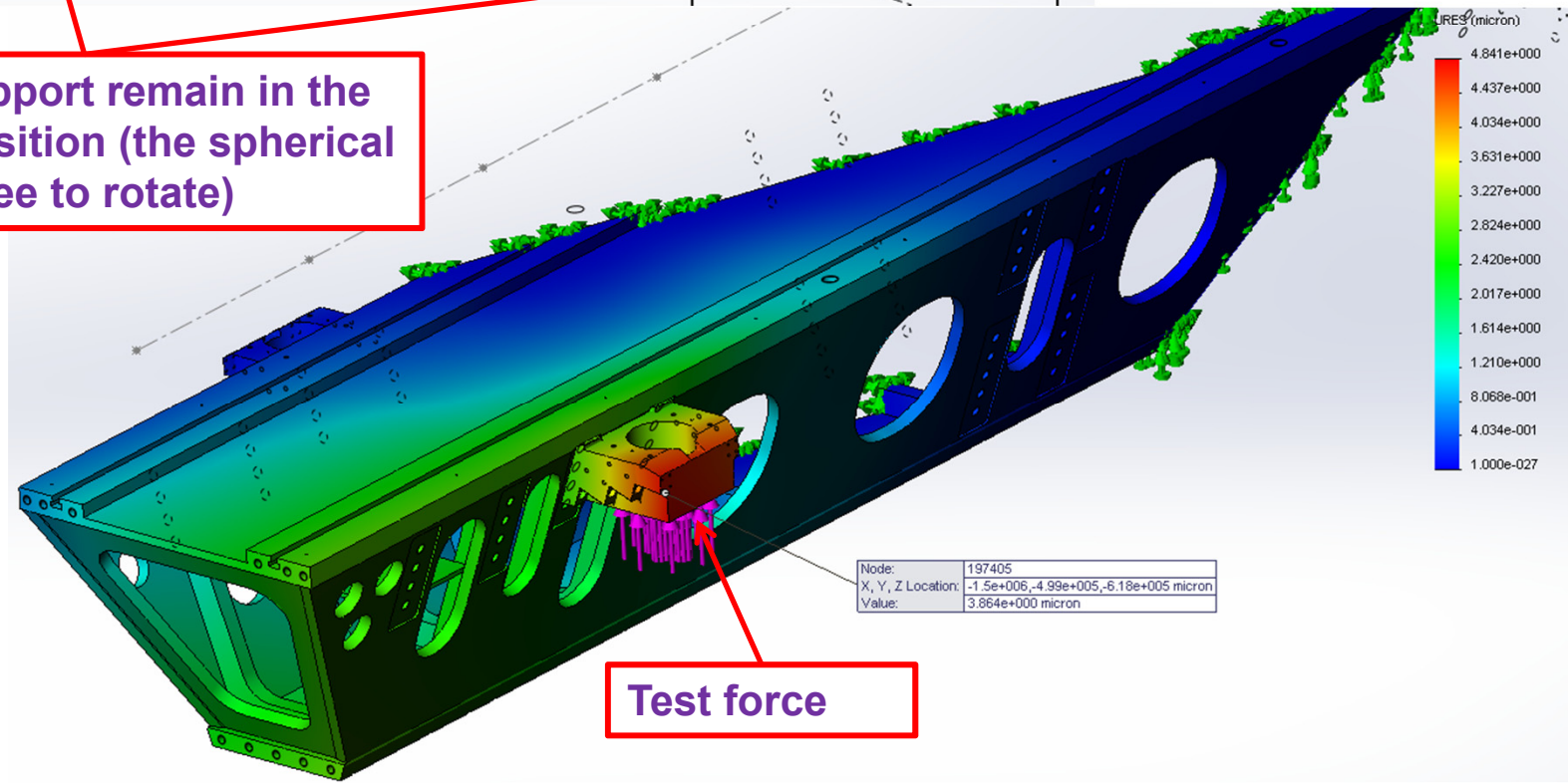


These 2 support remain in the nominal position (the spherical socket is free to rotate)



Test force

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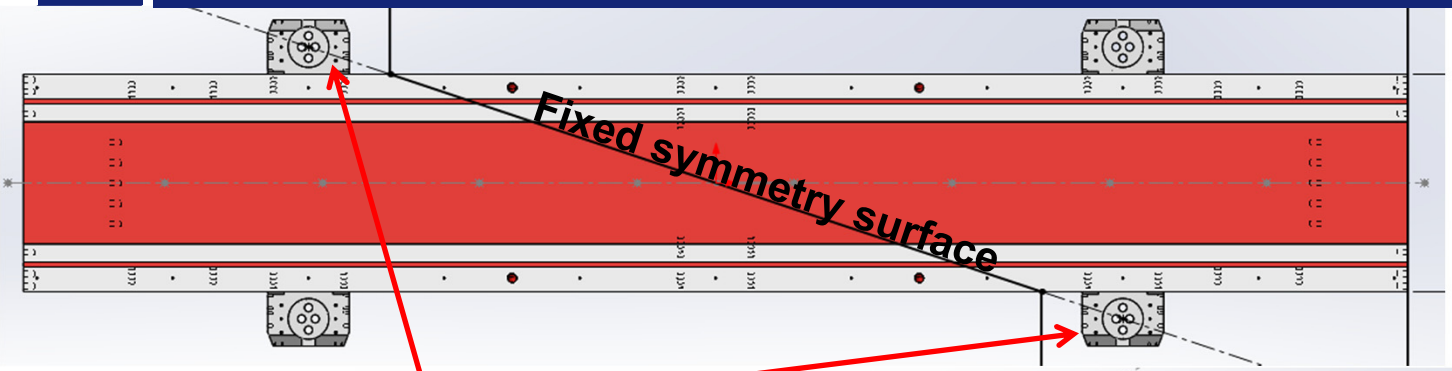

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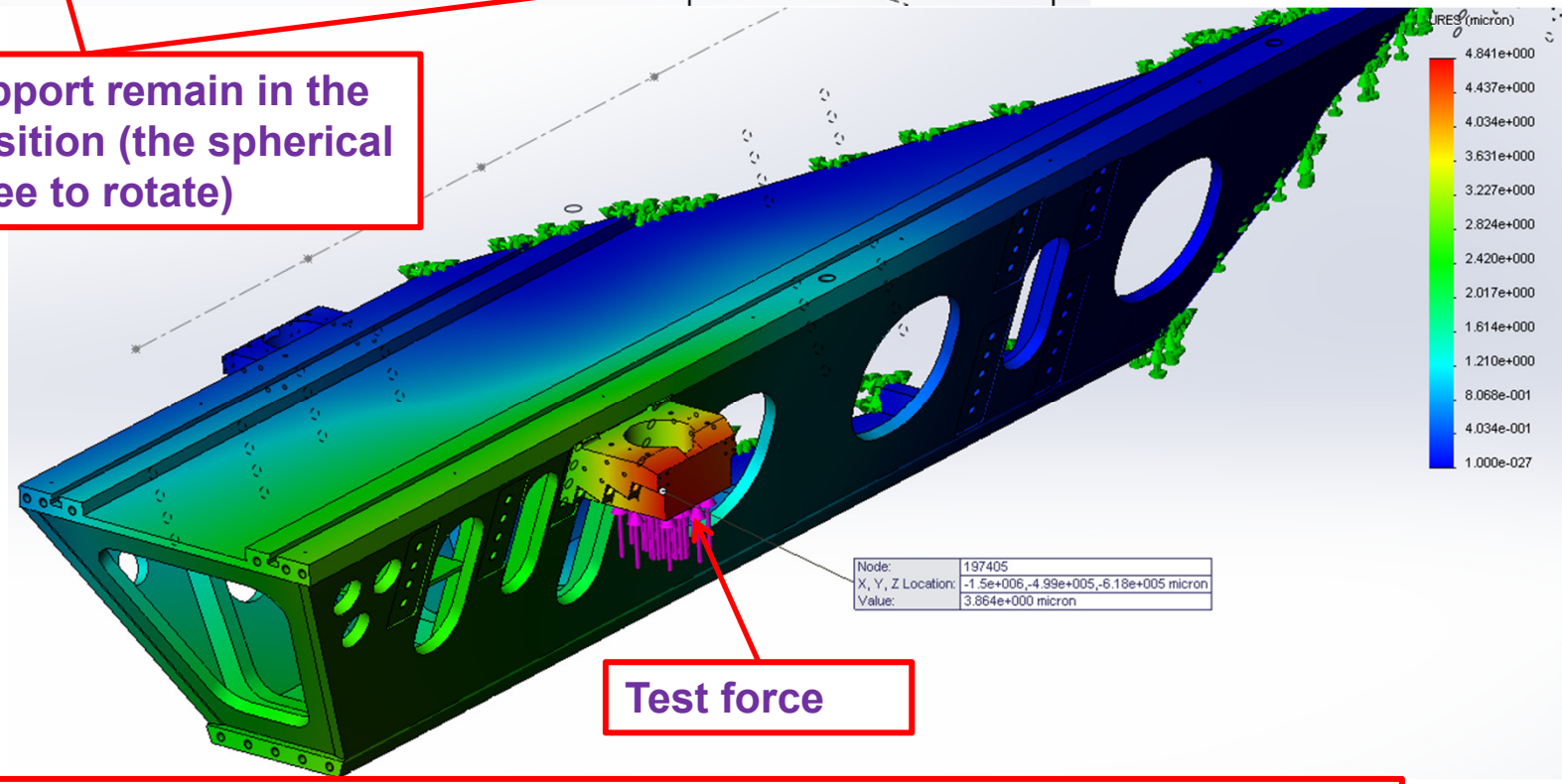
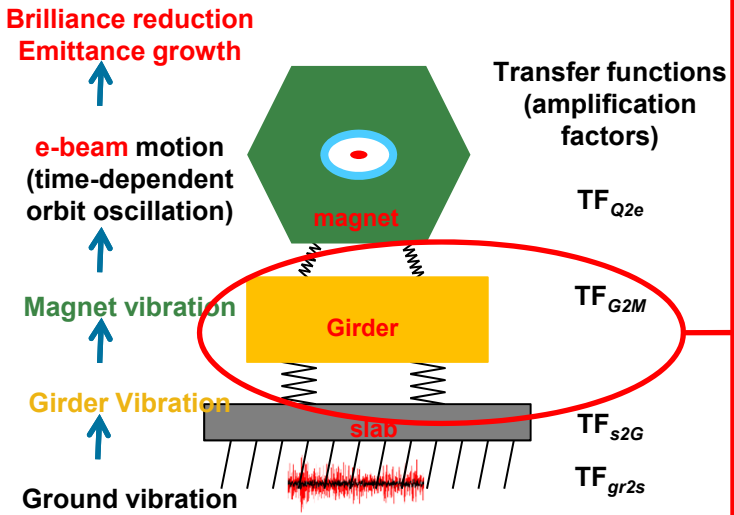


Test force

Effort=1000N → Displacement=3.864µm → 259N/µm (→ 2640Kg/0.1mm)
If we consider only one Z support out of position → 129N/µm (→ 1314Kg/0.1mm)

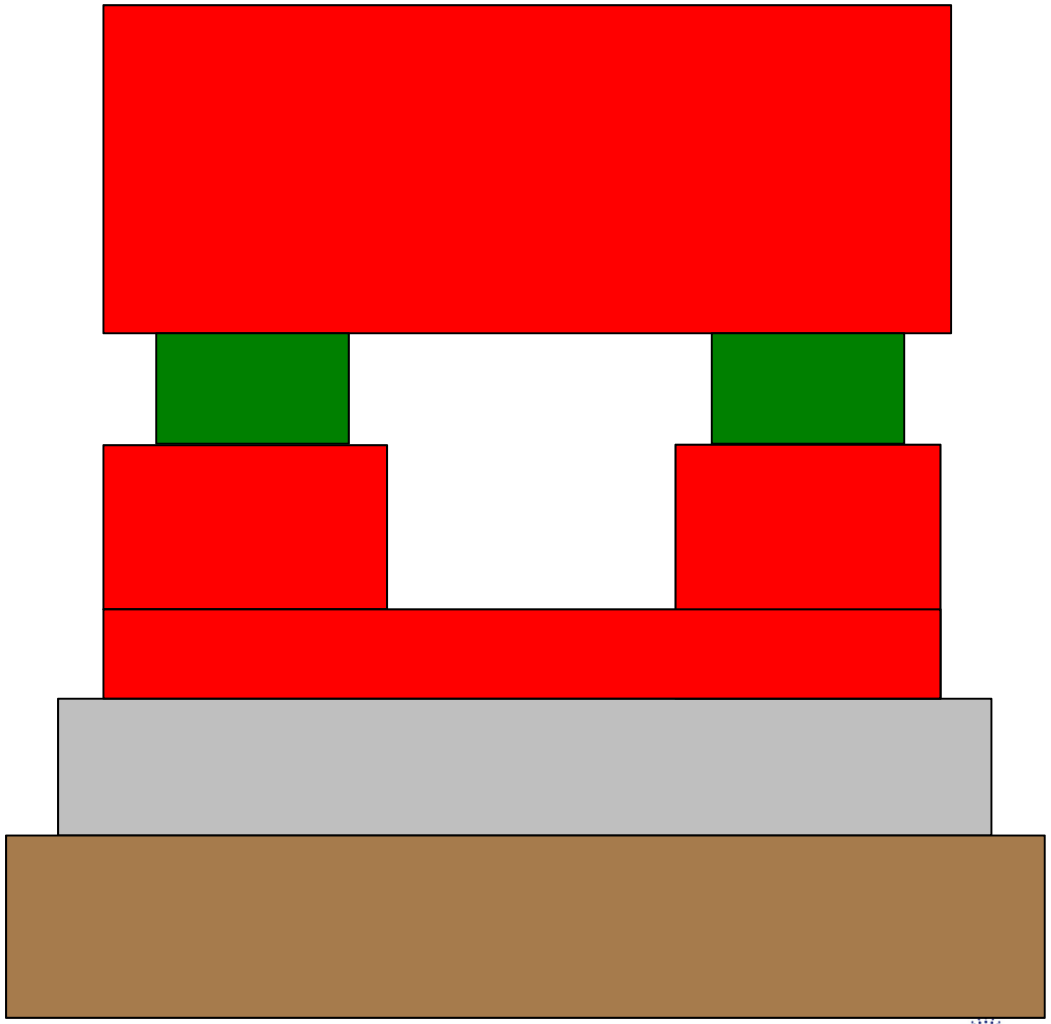
MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



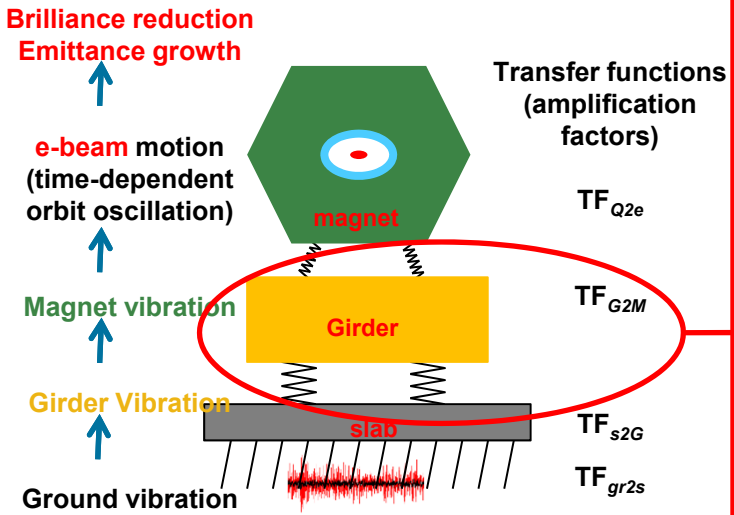
(Lin Zhang)

Component defining the stiffness of the system:



MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



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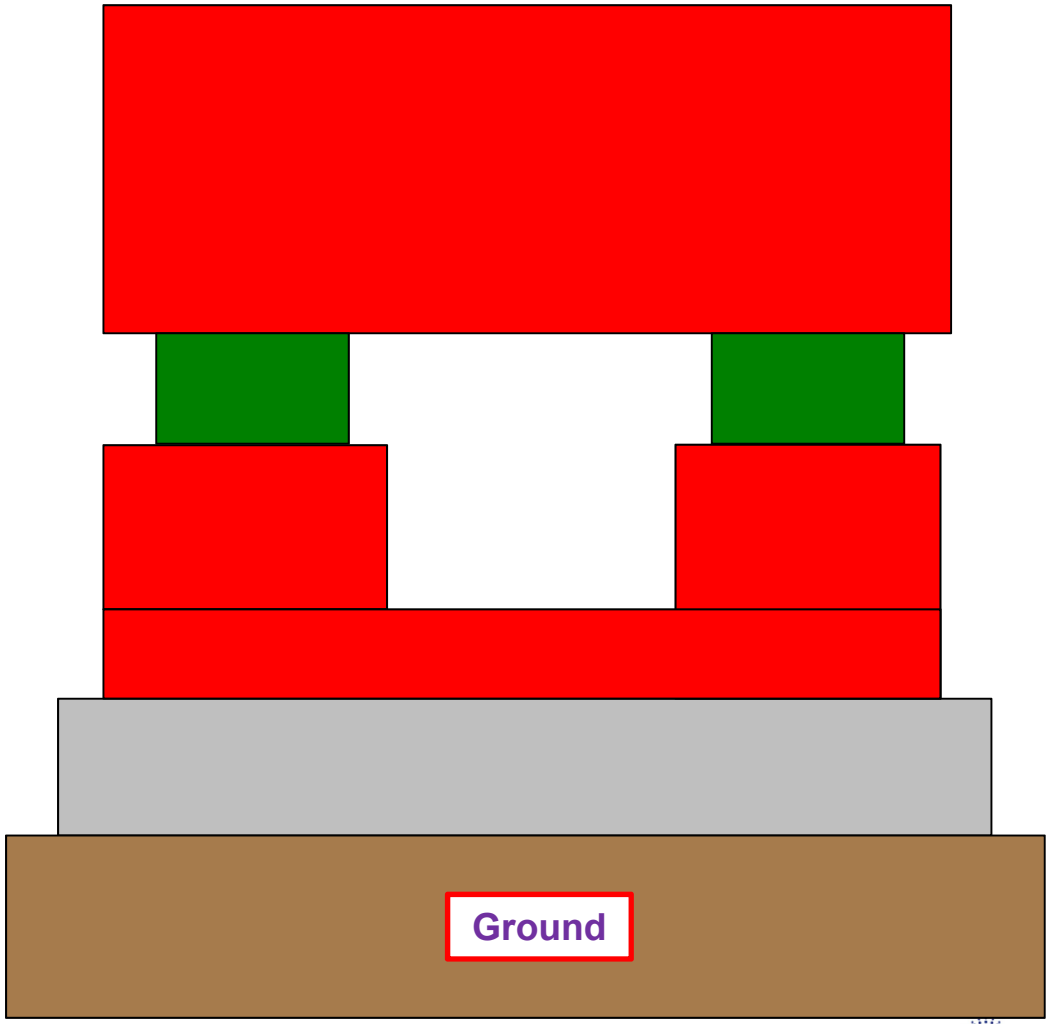
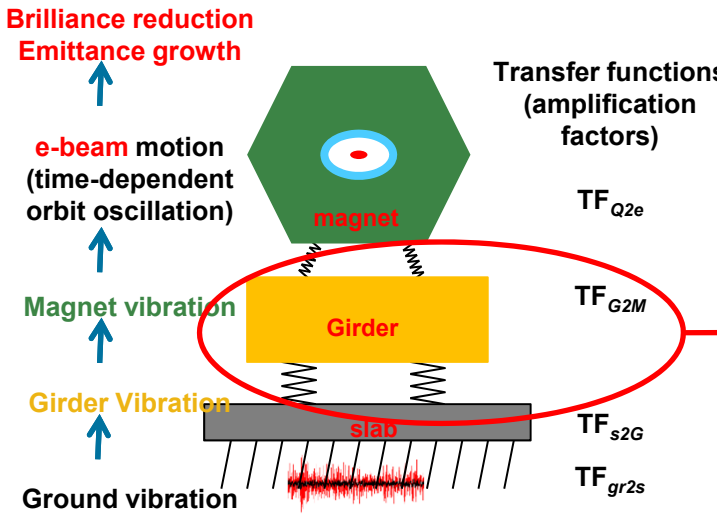


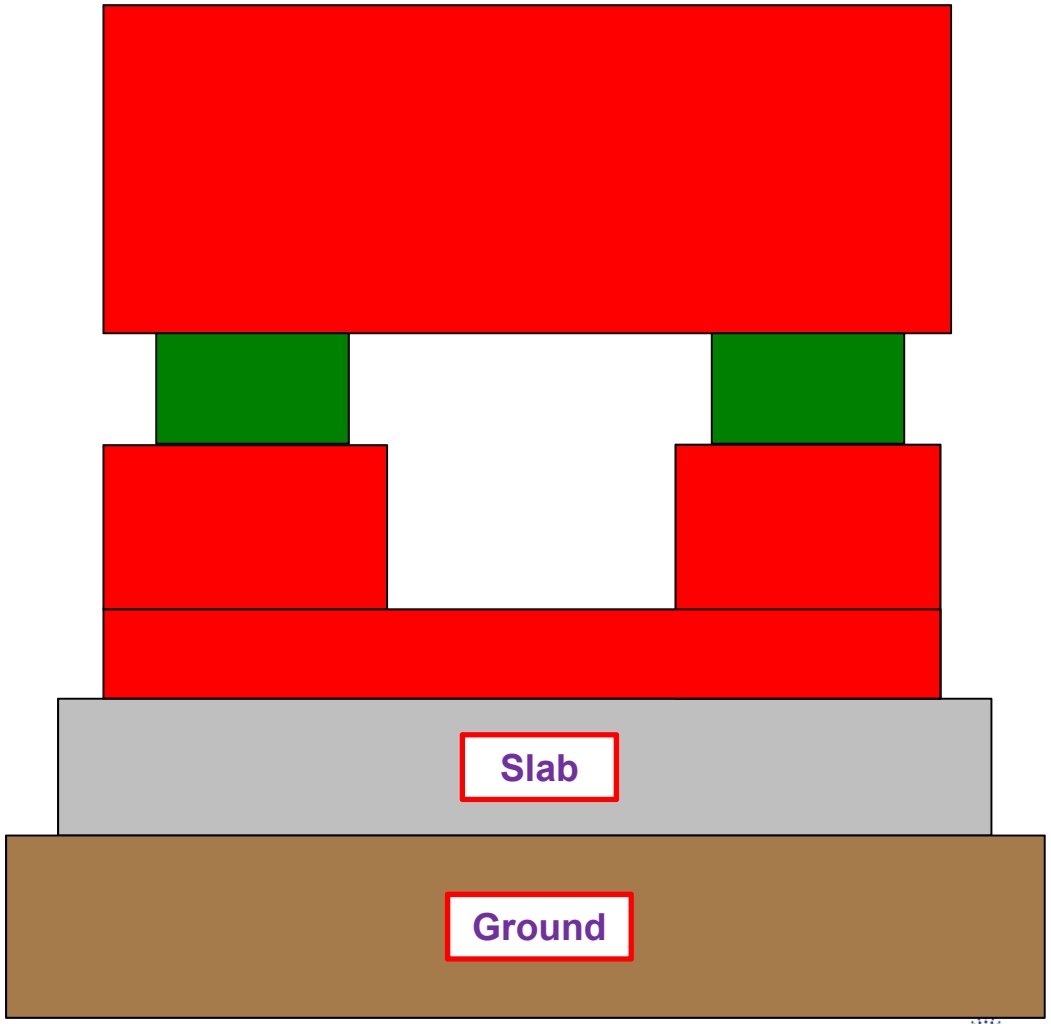
MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



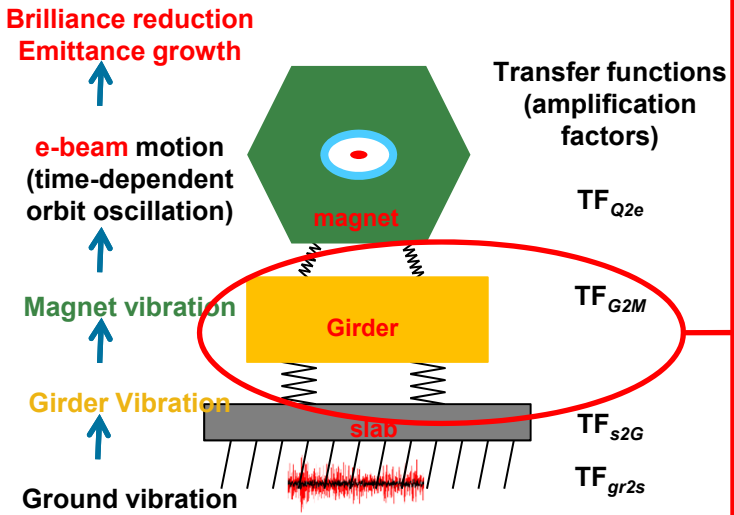
(Lin Zhang)

Component defining the stiffness of the system:



MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



(Lin Zhang)

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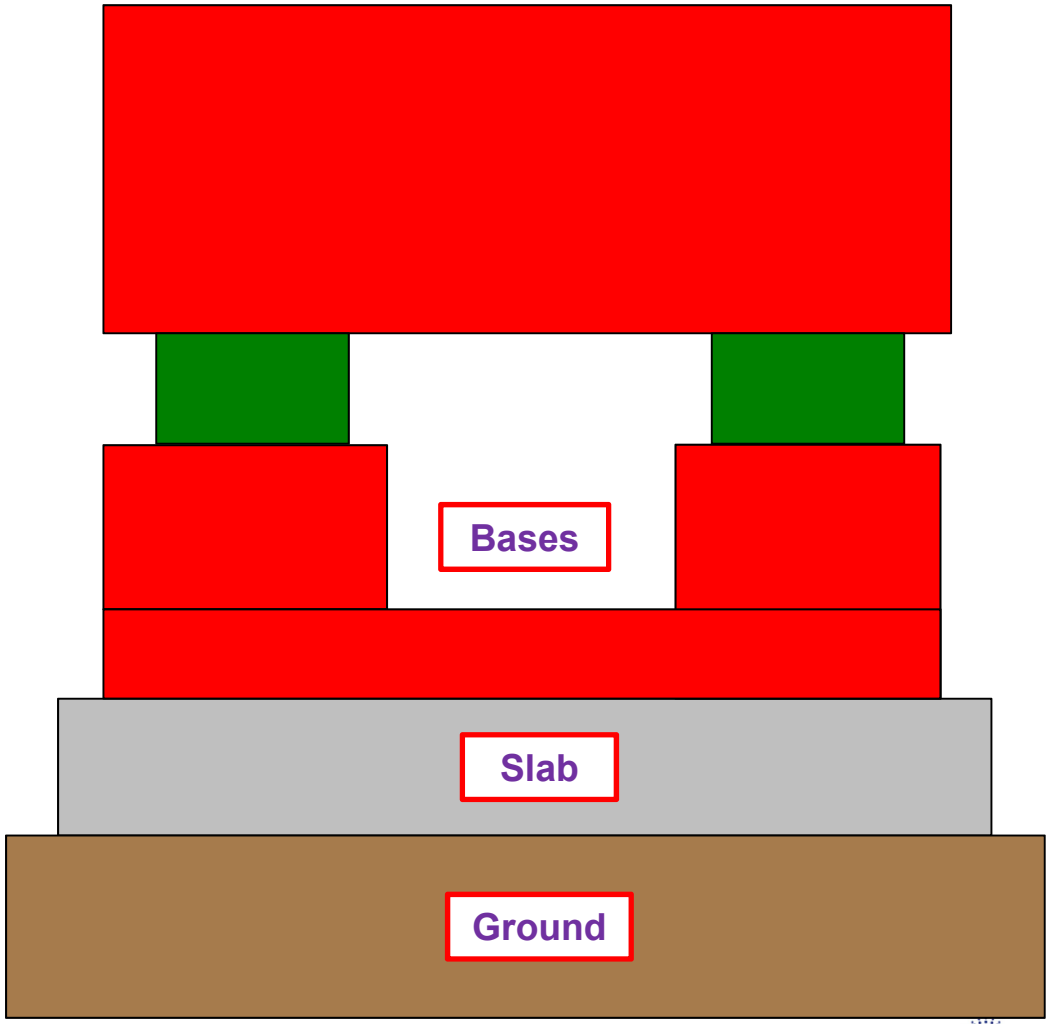
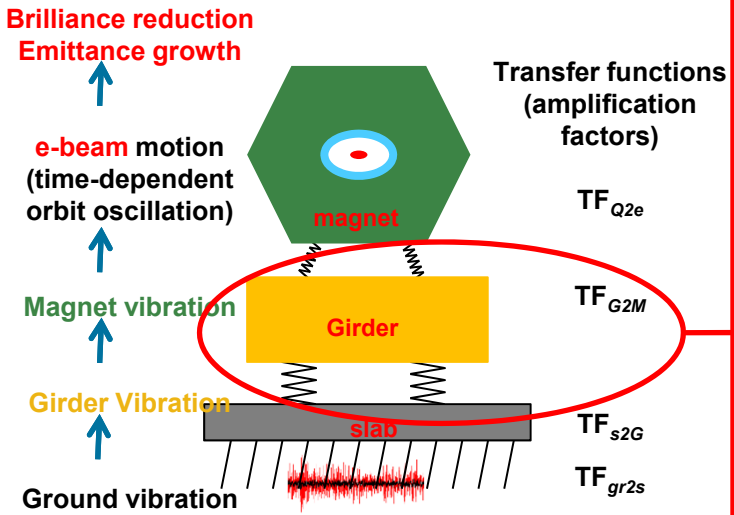


MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



(Lin Zhang)

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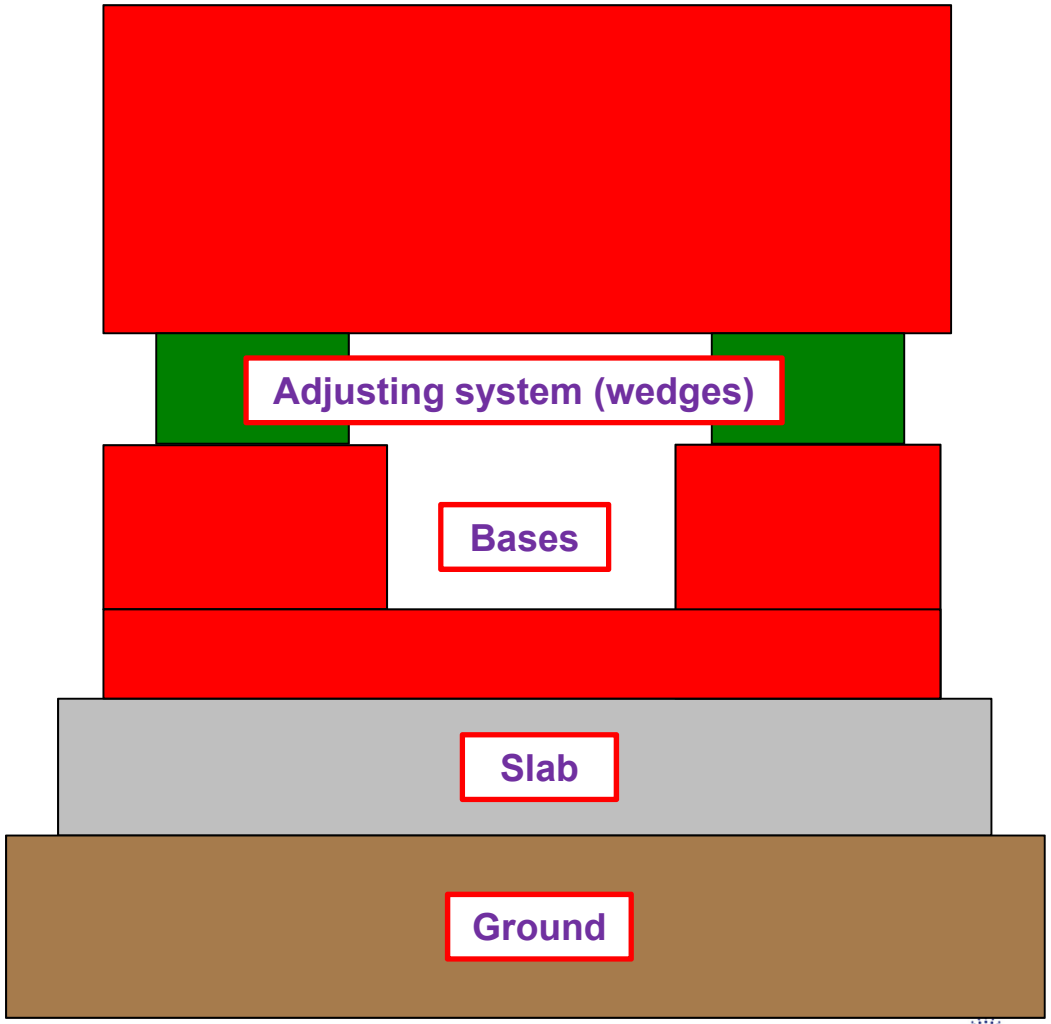
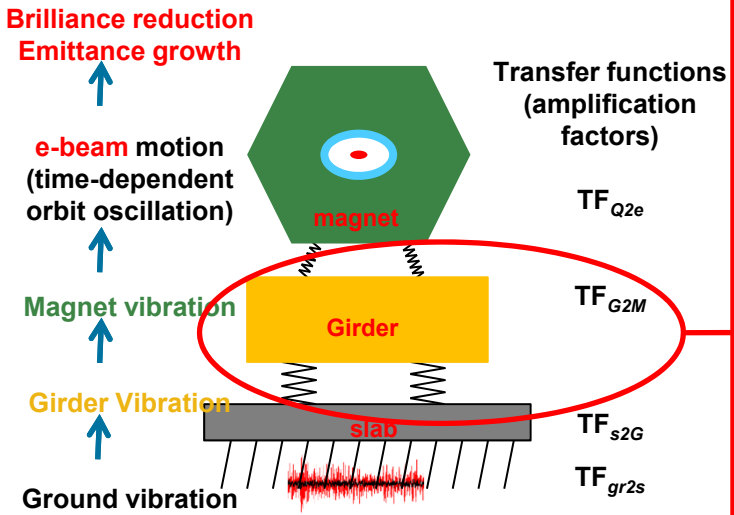


MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



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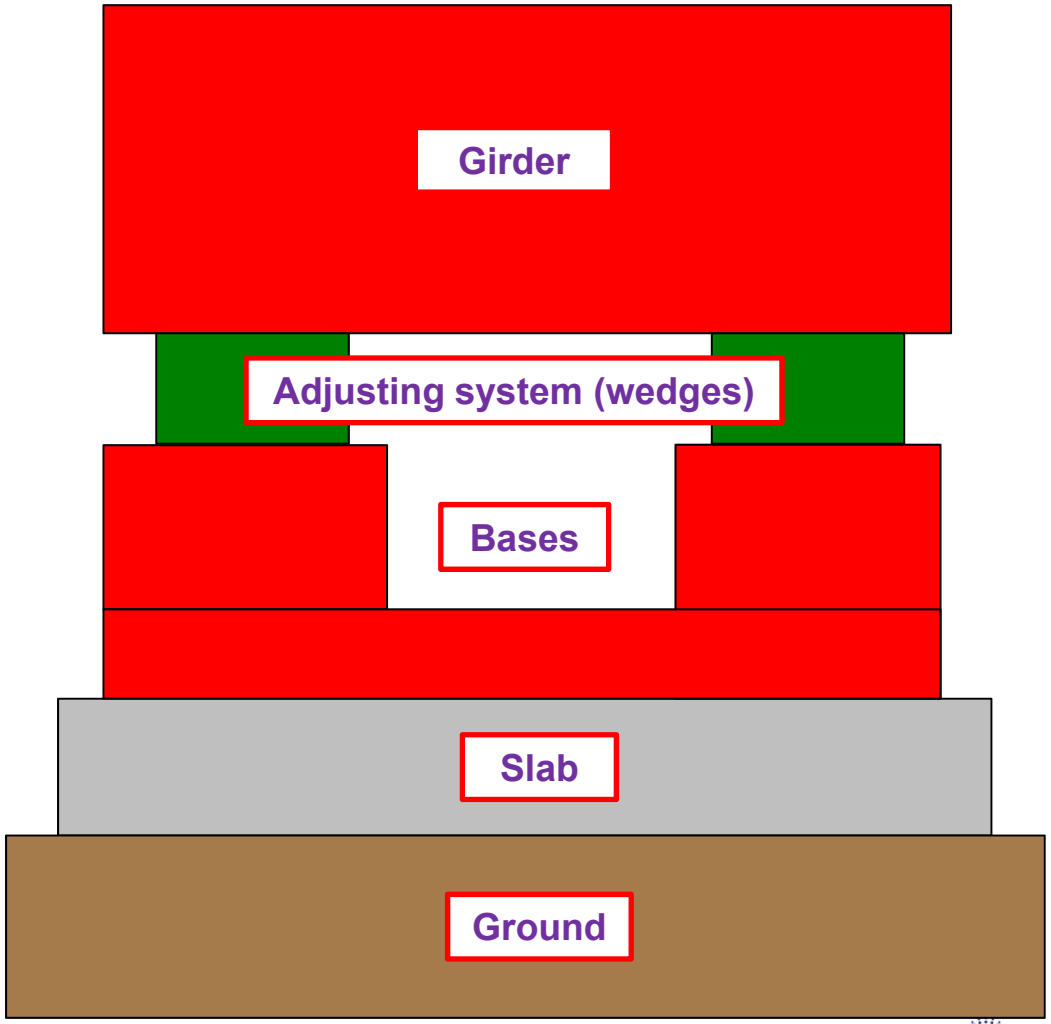
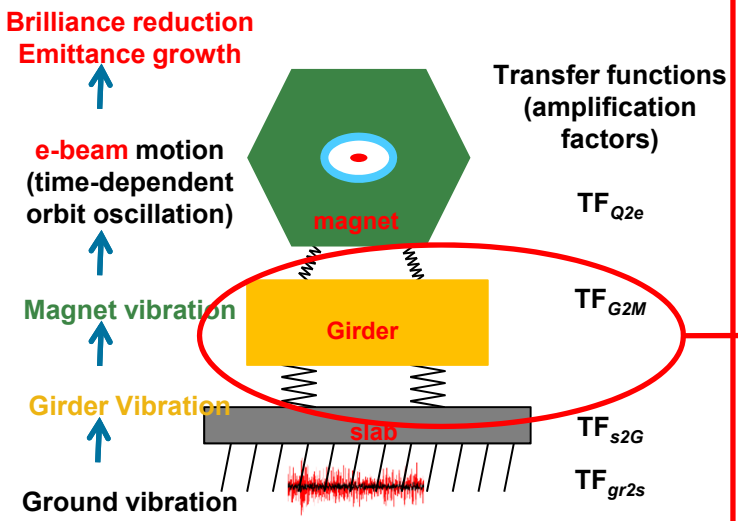


MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



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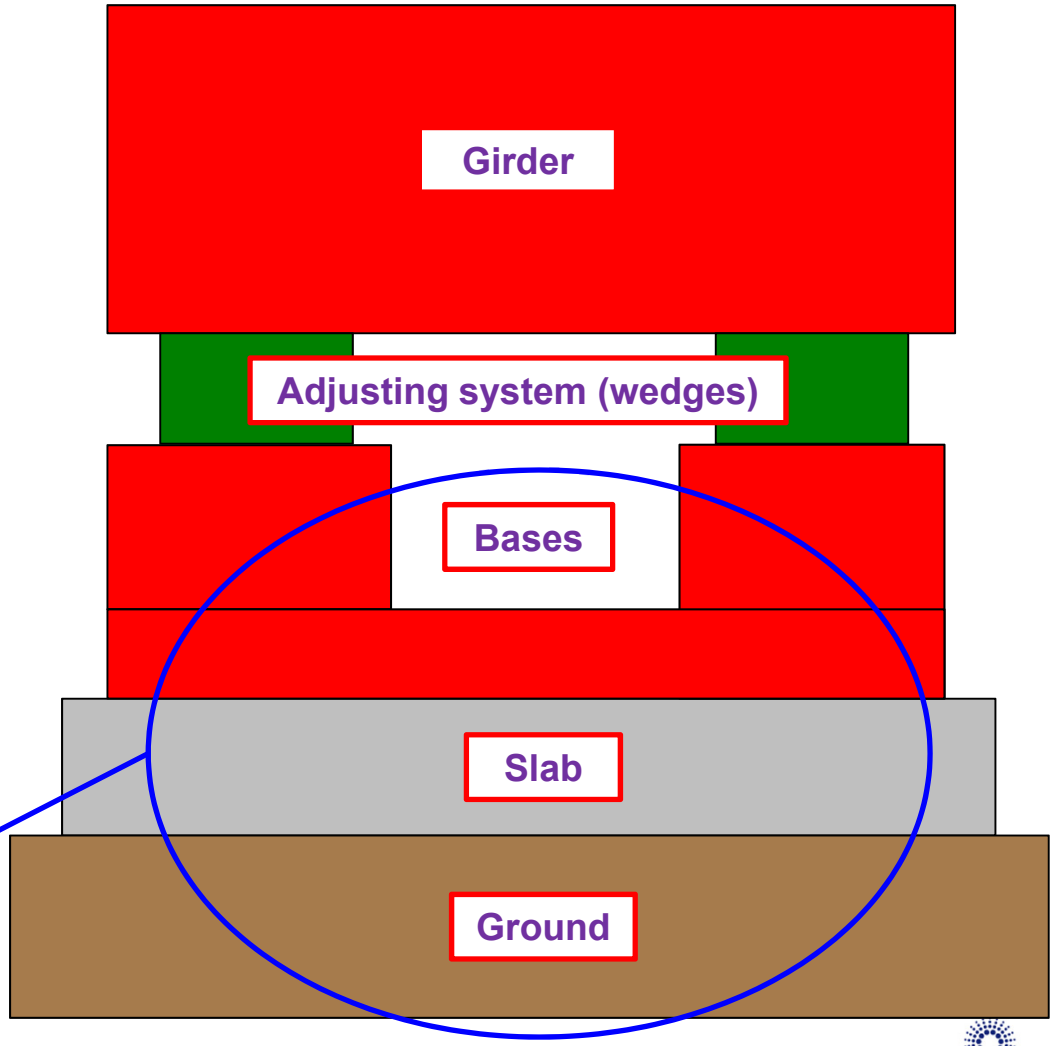
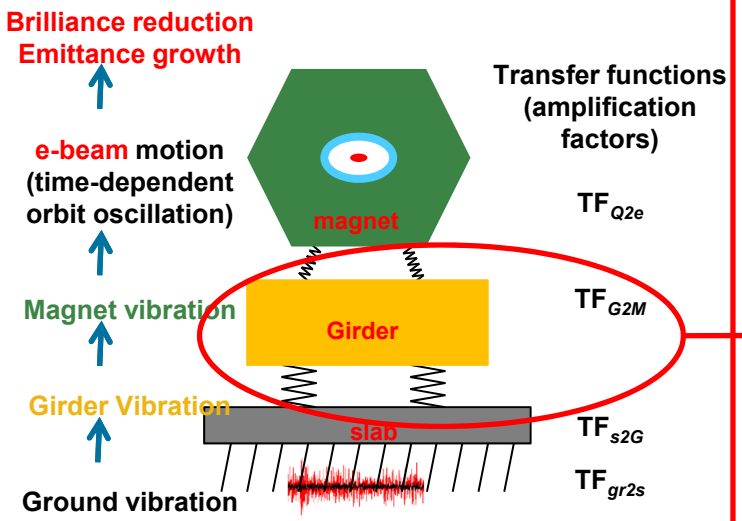


Static FEM analysis

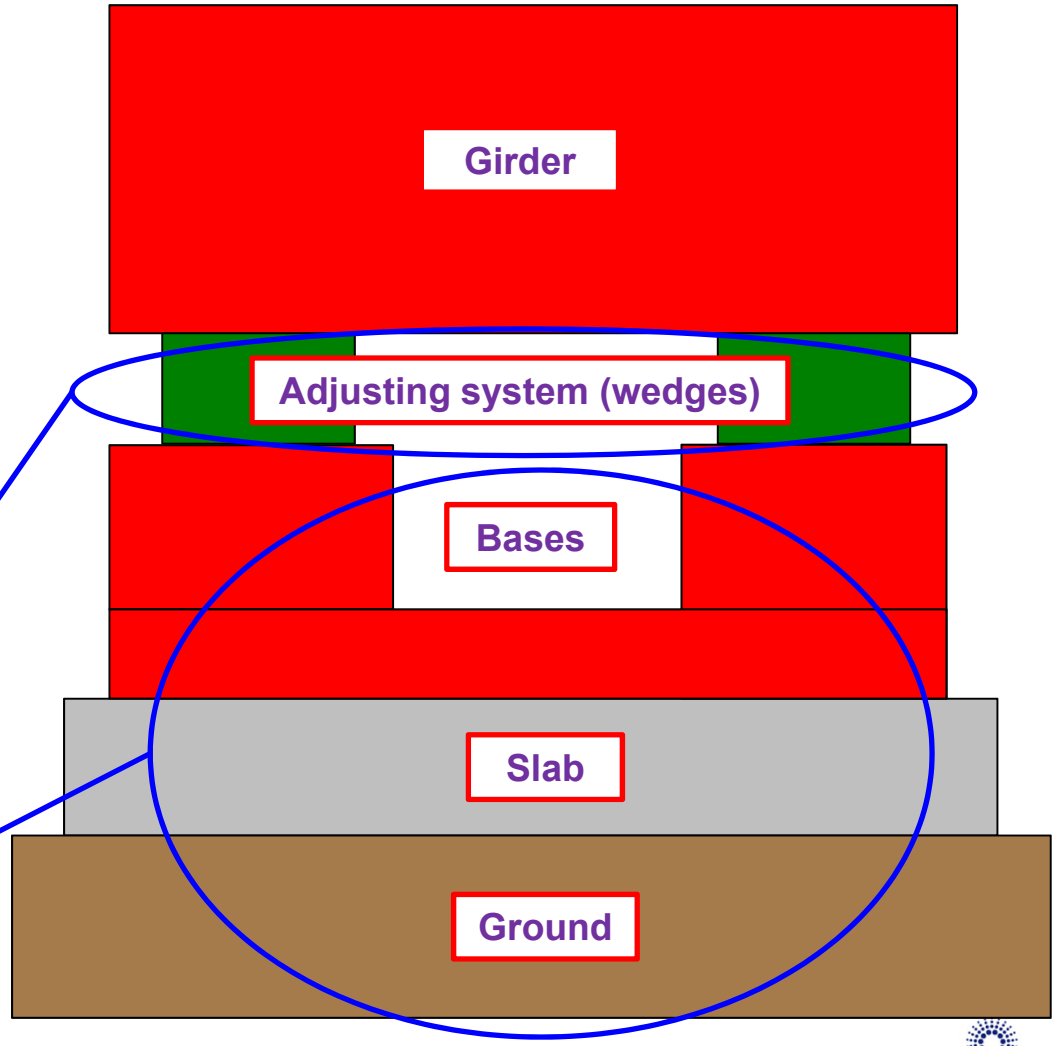
MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



(Lin Zhang)

Component defining the stiffness of the system:

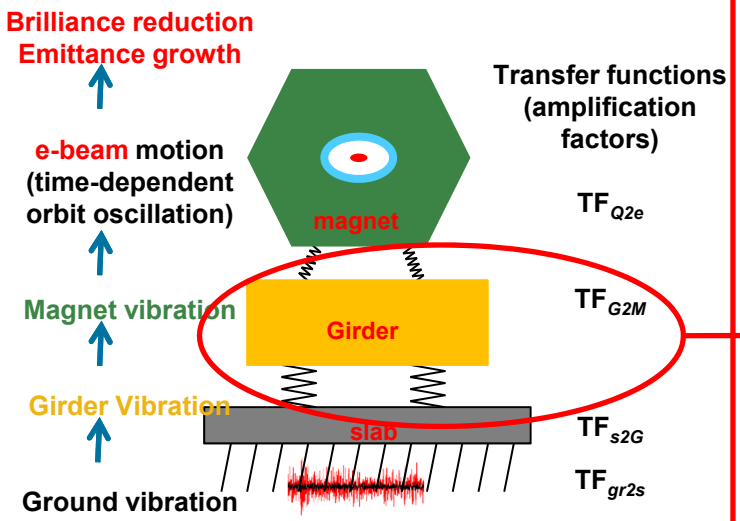


Laboratory test

Static FEM analysis

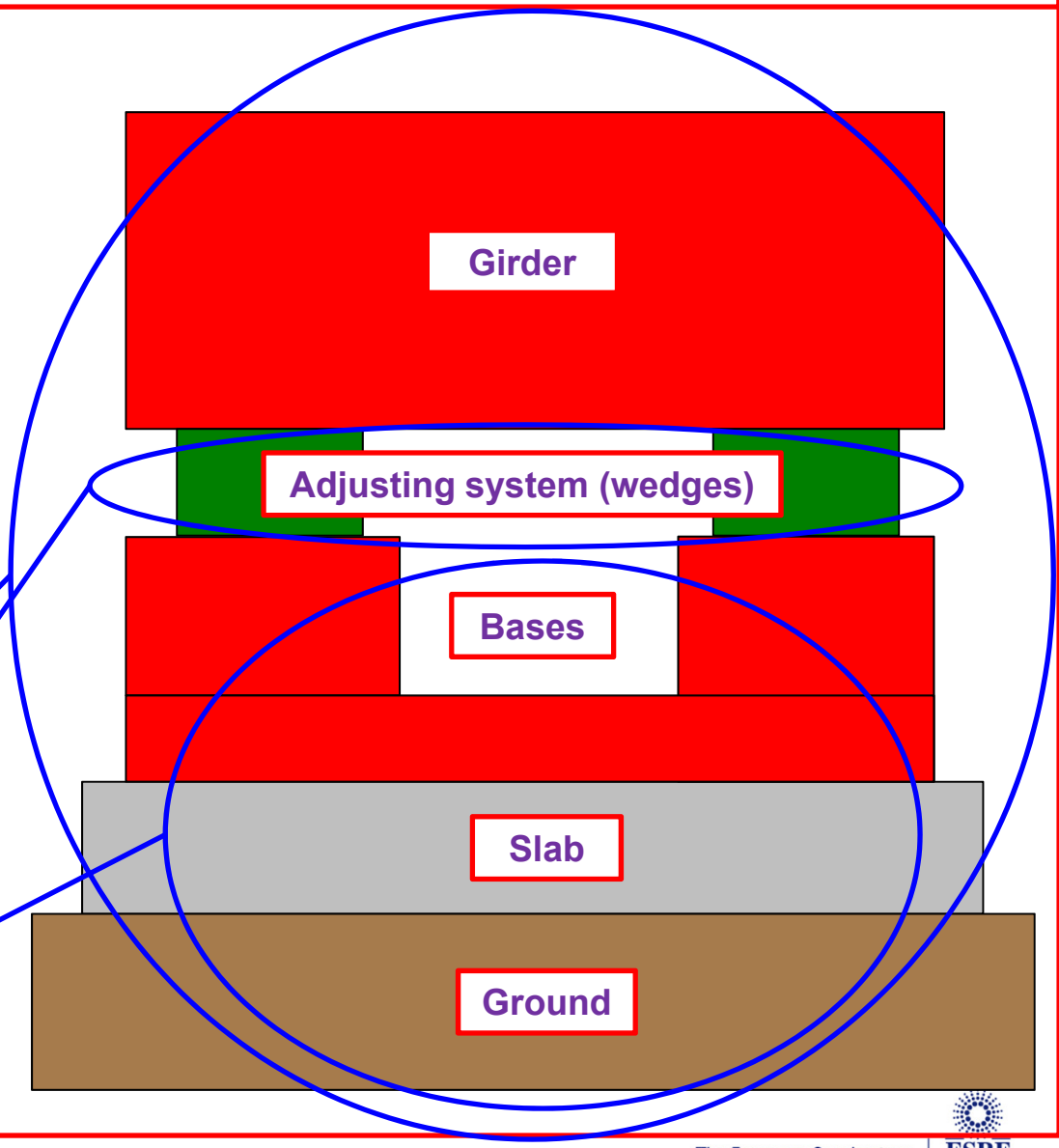
MODAL ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

Vibration amplification ground to beam



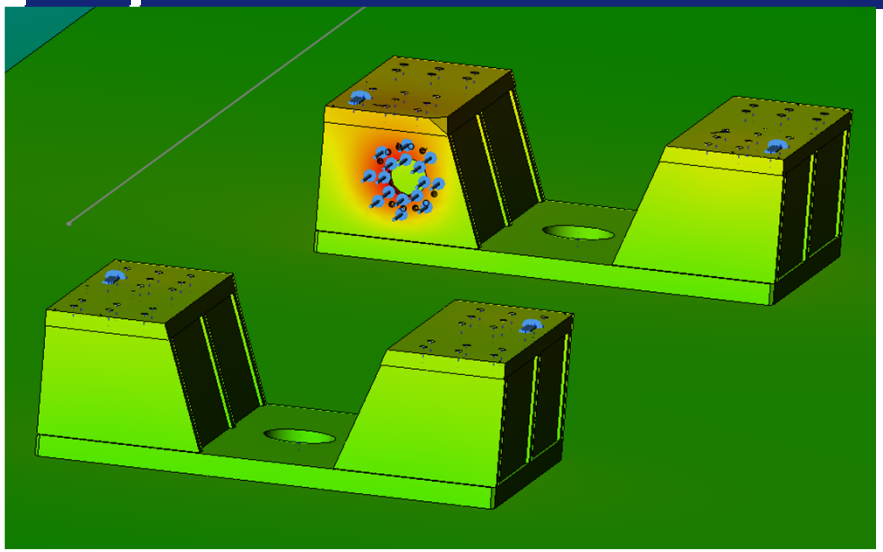
(Lin Zhang)

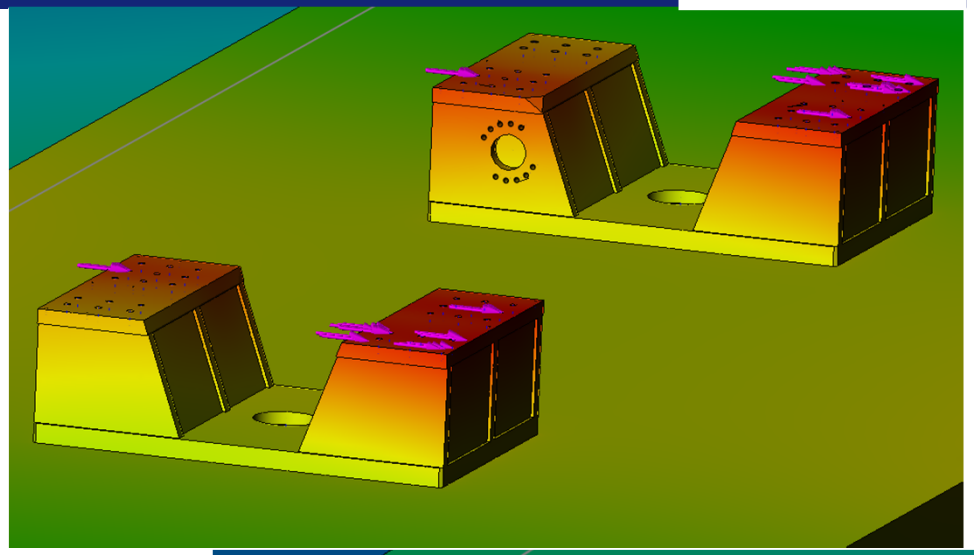
Component defining the stiffness of the system:

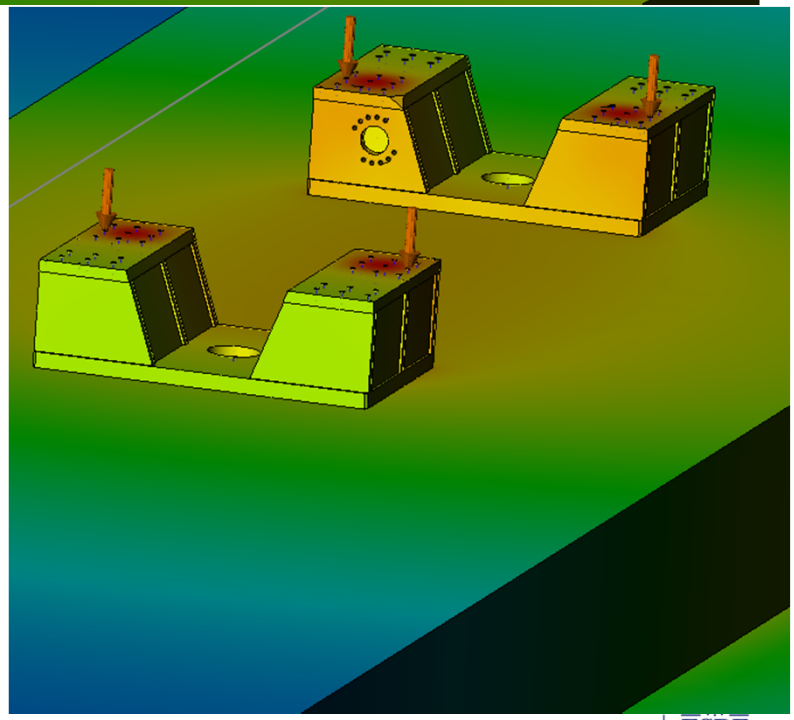


- Modal FEM analysis
- Laboratory test
- Static FEM analysis

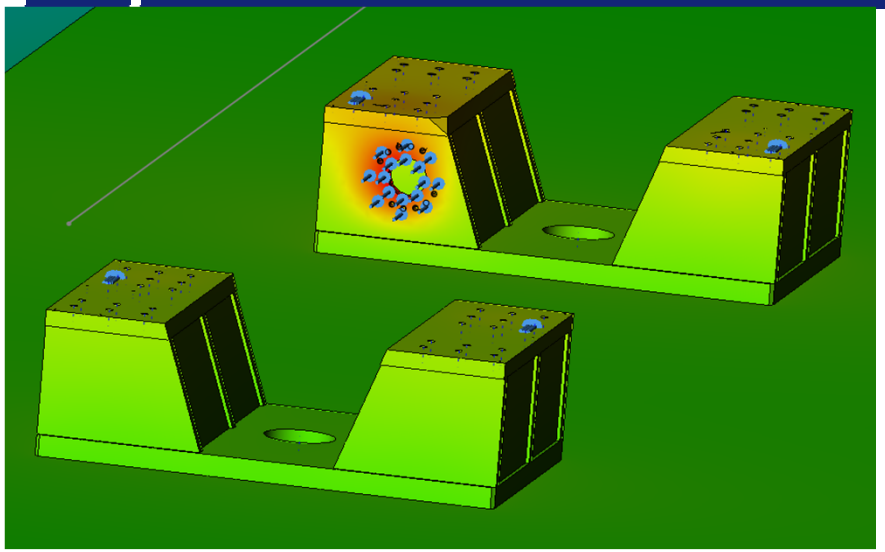
STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND

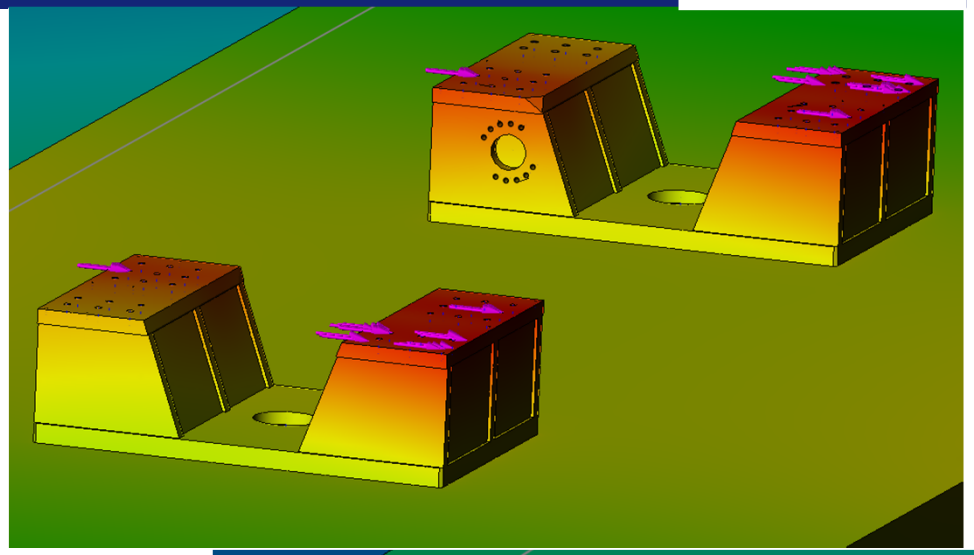




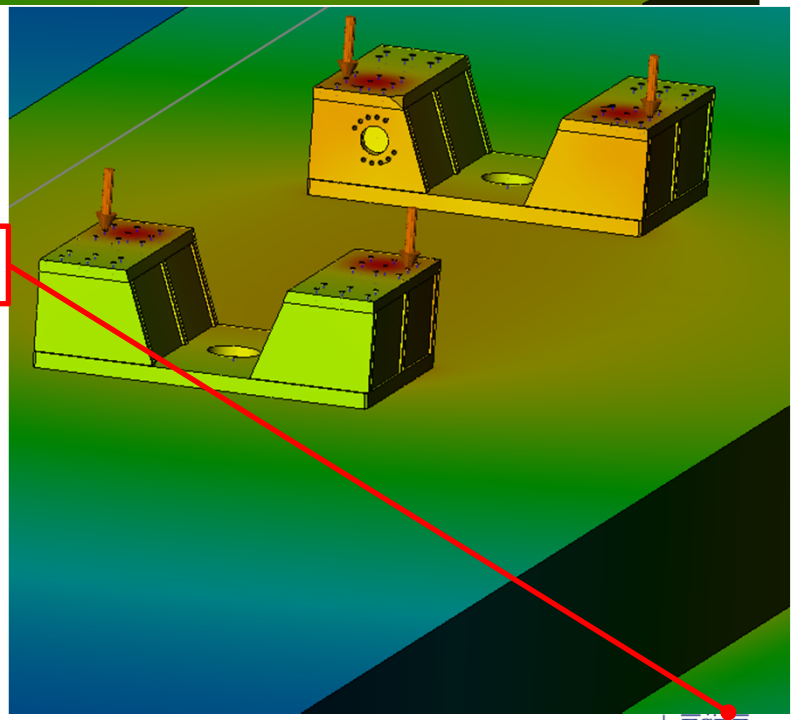


STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND

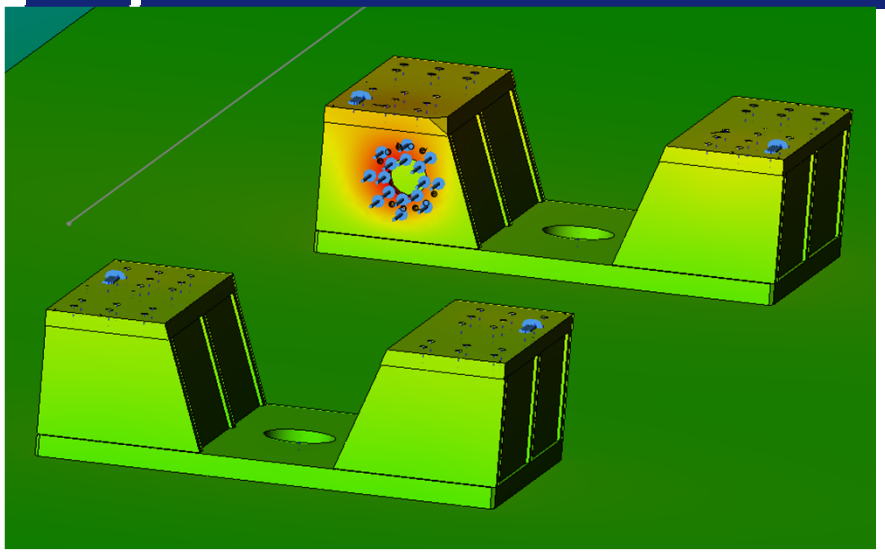


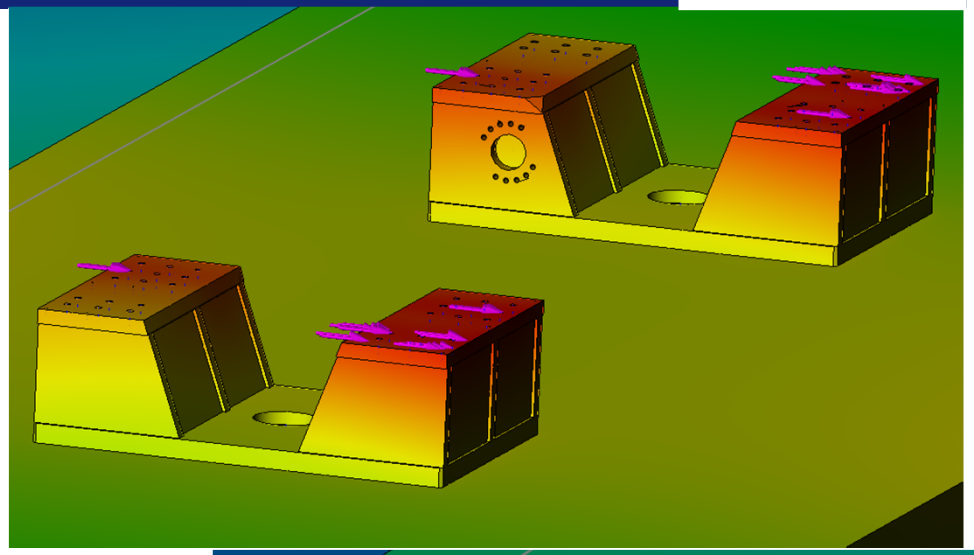


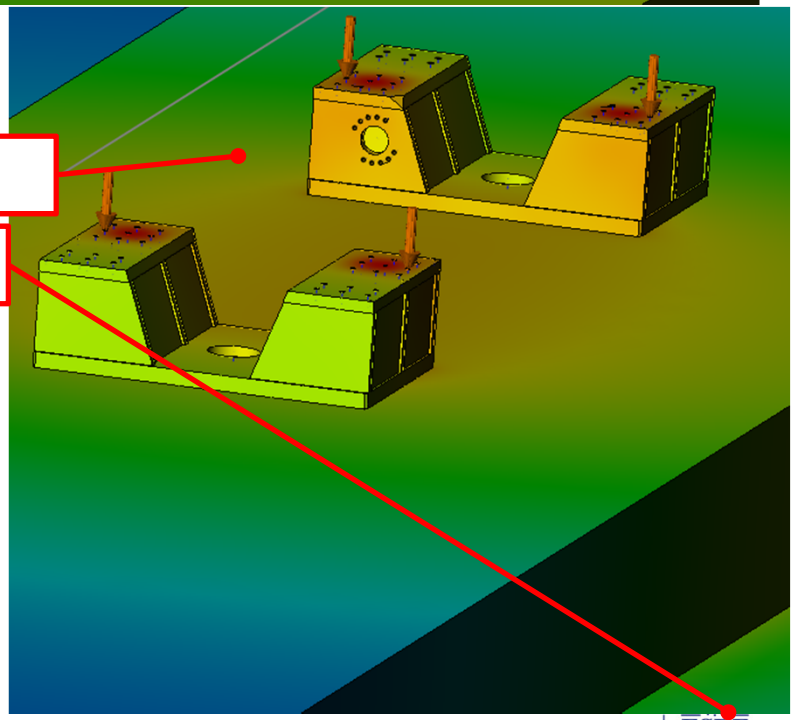
Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa



STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND



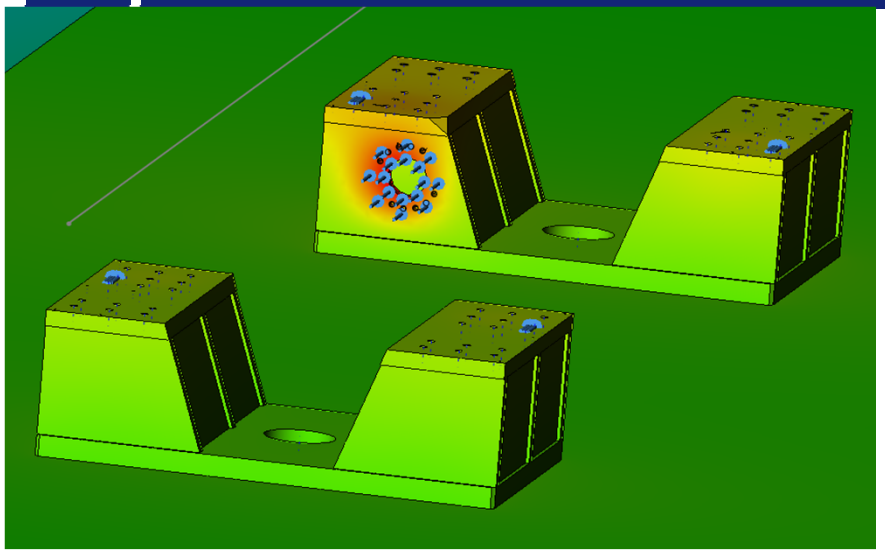


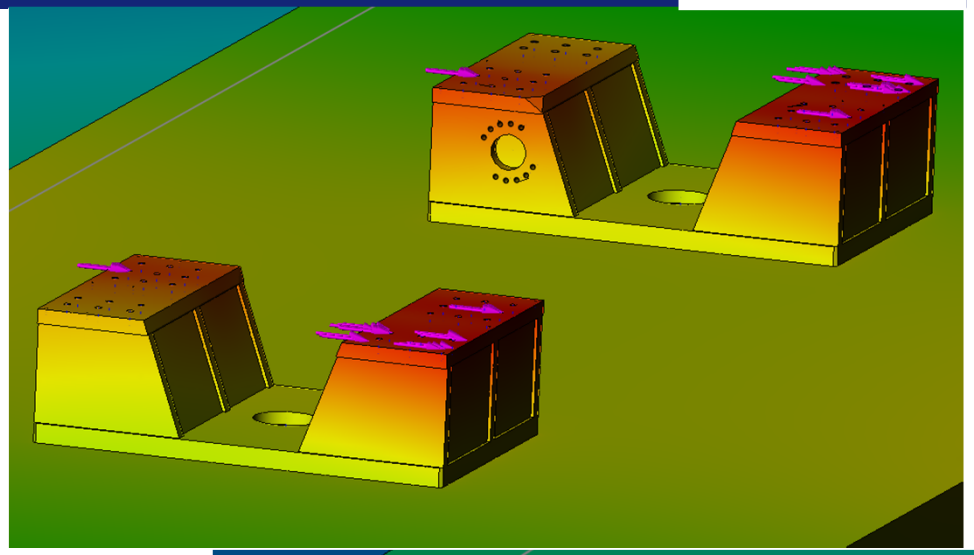


Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa

STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND

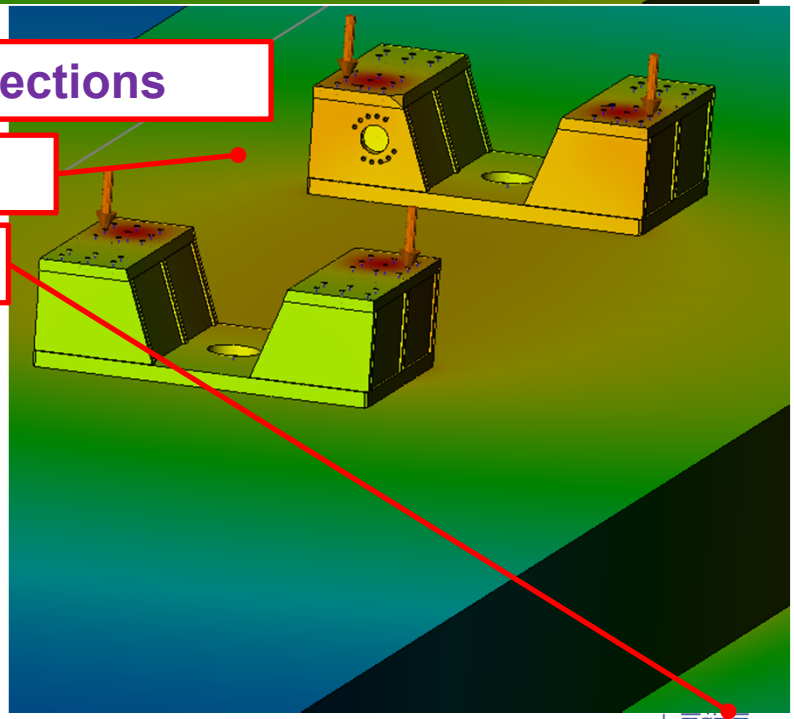




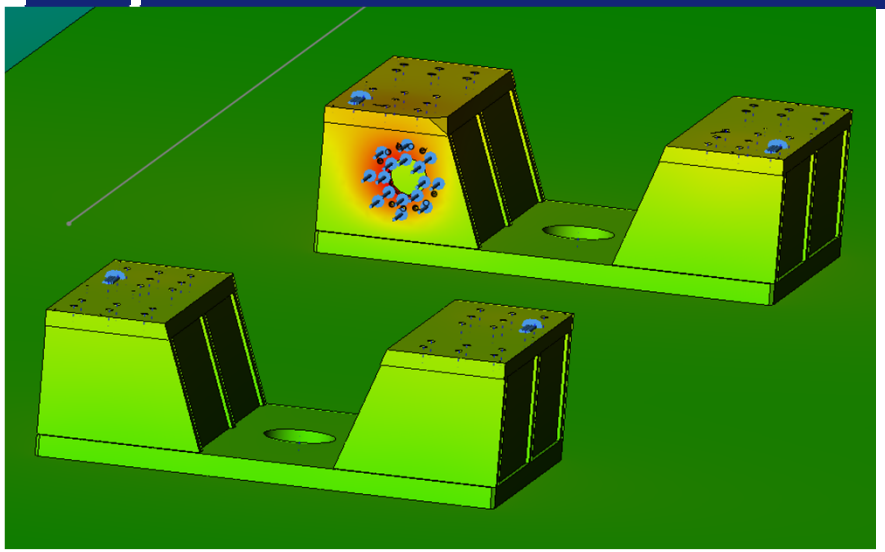
A test force is put on each of the support's connections

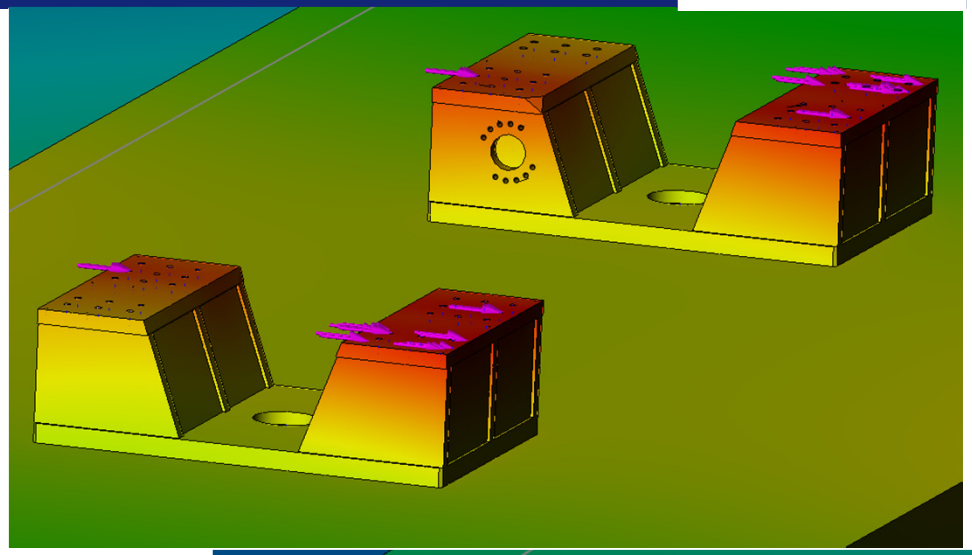
Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa



STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND





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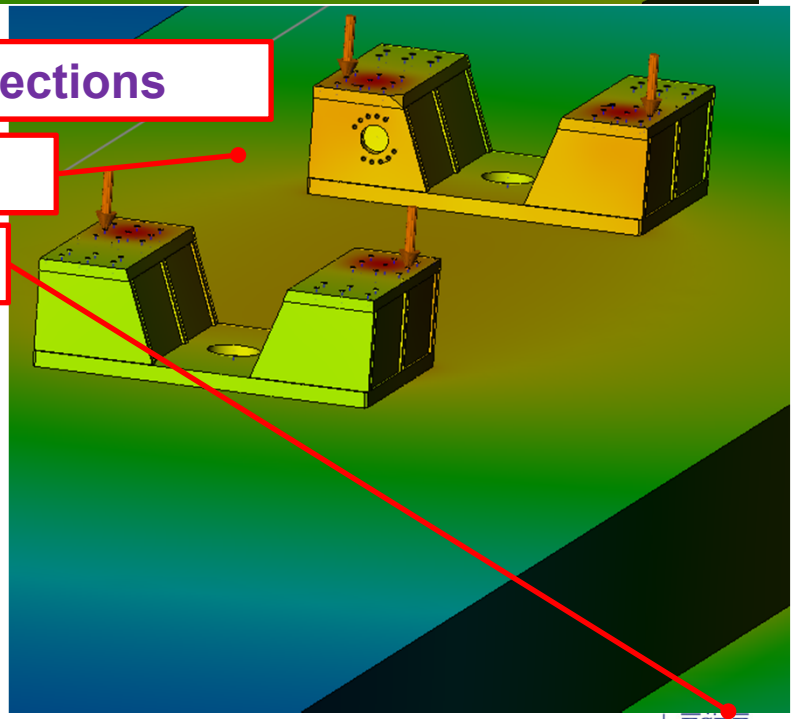
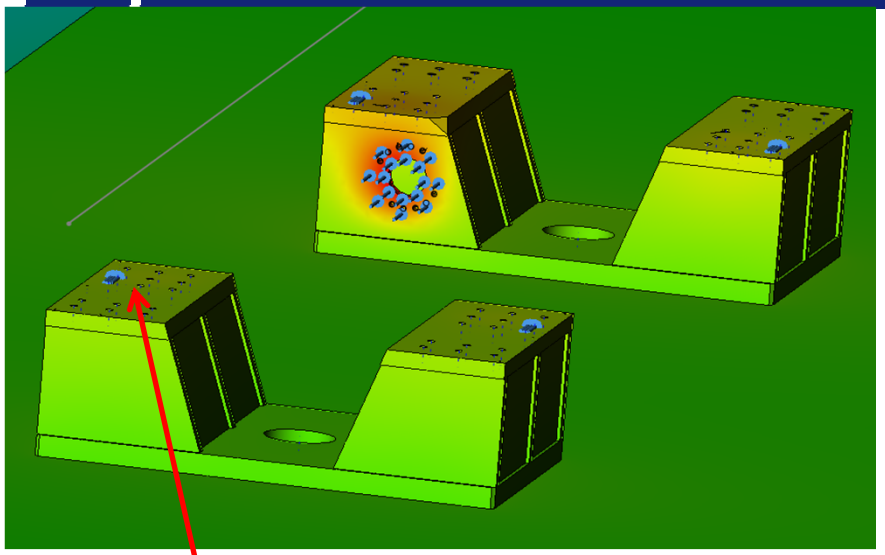
Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

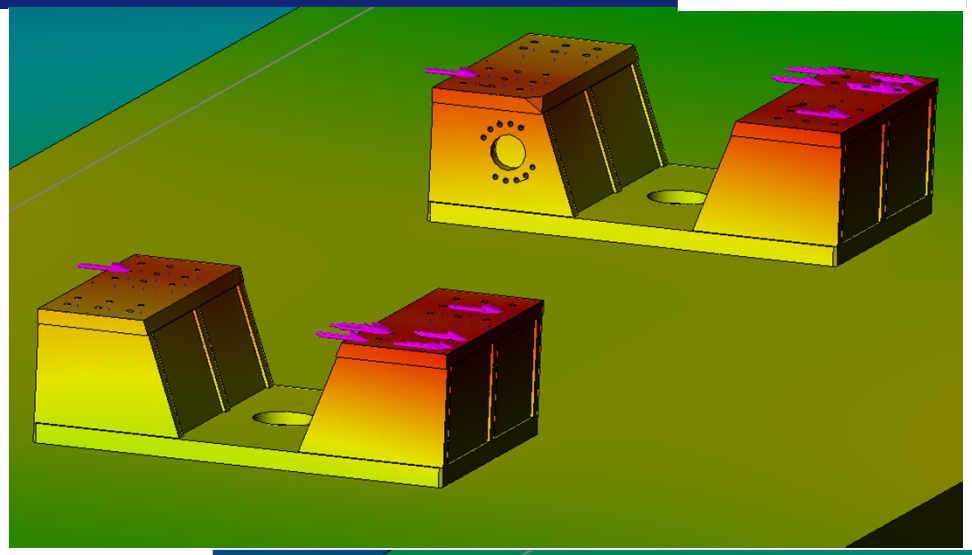
Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa

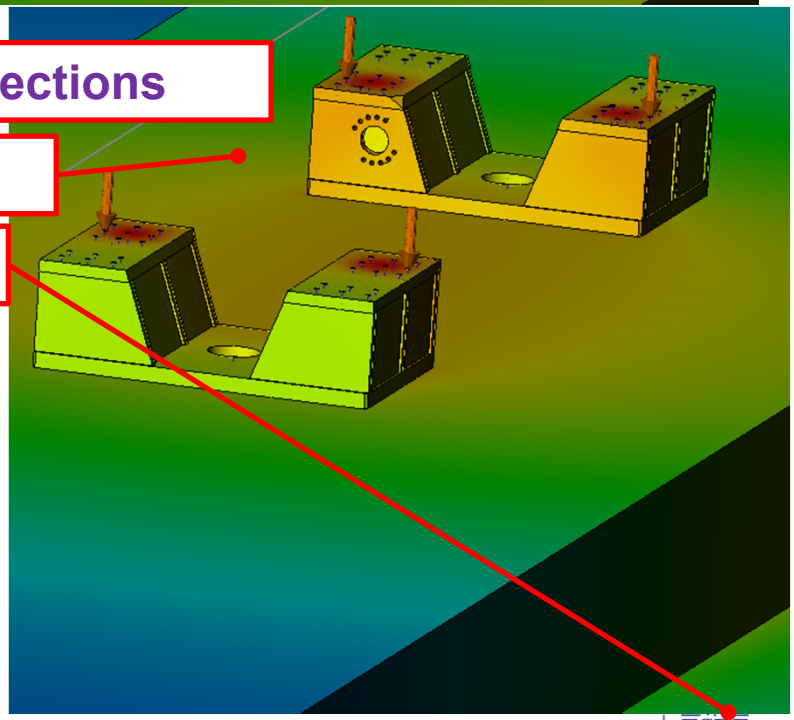


Dir.	Position	Equivalent stiffness (each)
X	Vertical support	667N/µm
X	X jack	588N/µm
Y	Vertical support	435N/µm
Y	Y jack	417N/µm
Z	Vertical support	769N/µm

STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND







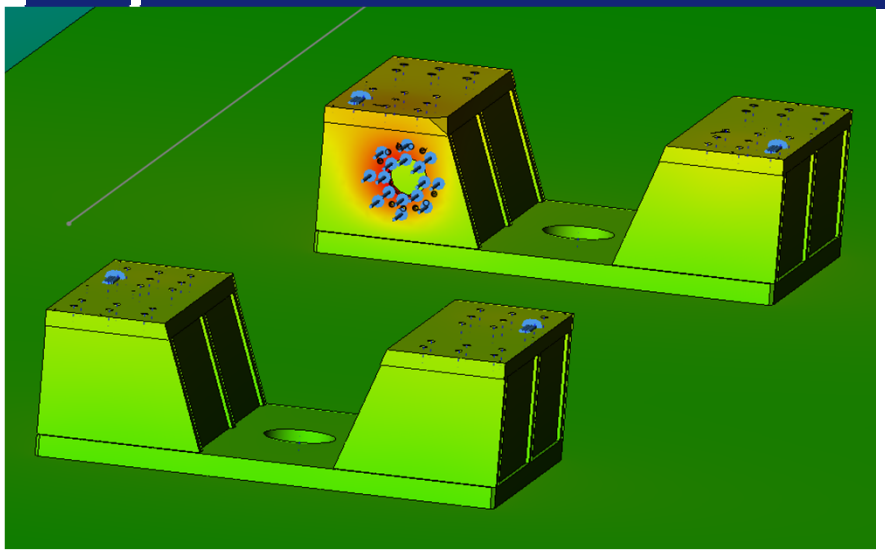
A test force is put on each of the support's connections

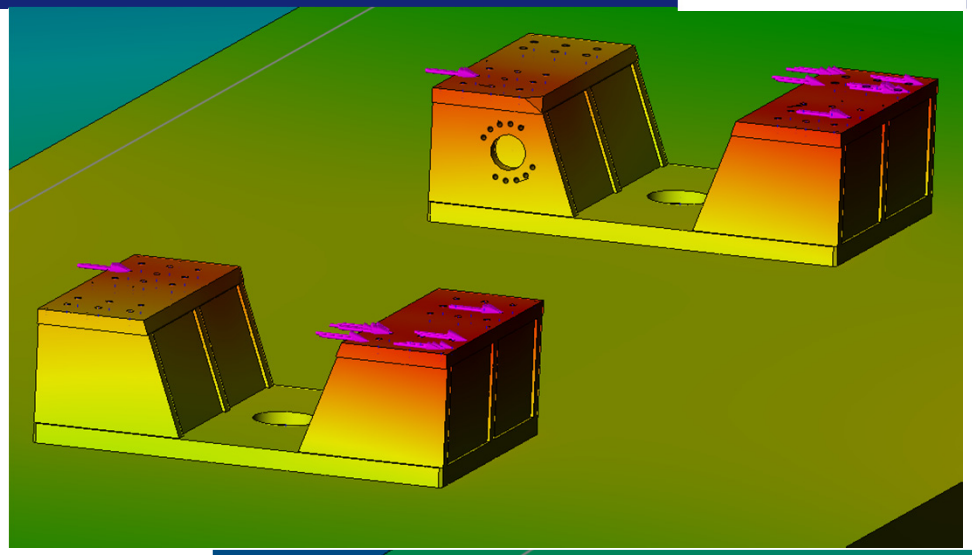
Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa

Dir.	Position	Equivalent stiffness (each)
X	Vertical support	667N/µm
X	X jack	588N/µm
Y	Vertical support	435N/µm
Y	Y jack	417N/µm
Z	Vertical support	769N/µm

STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND





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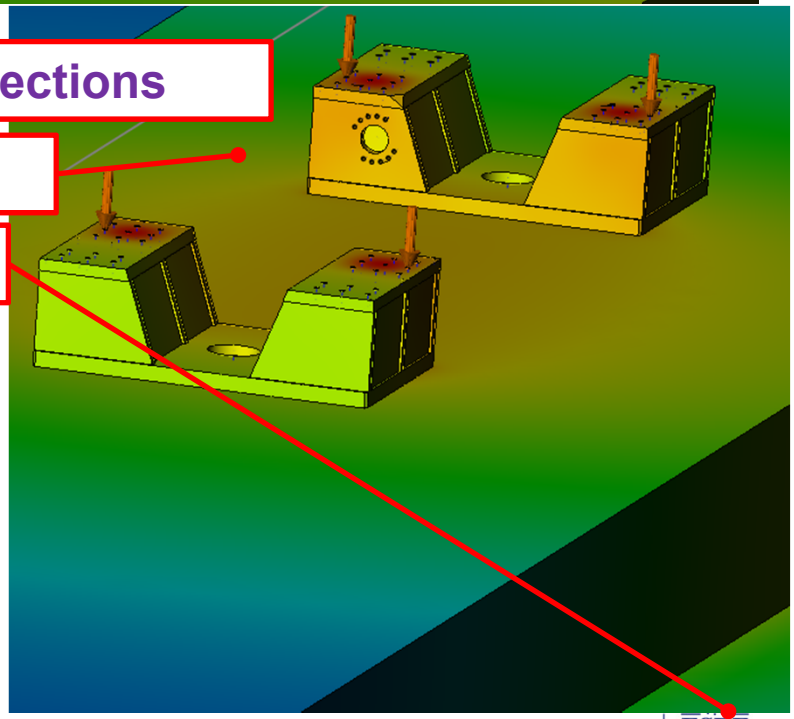

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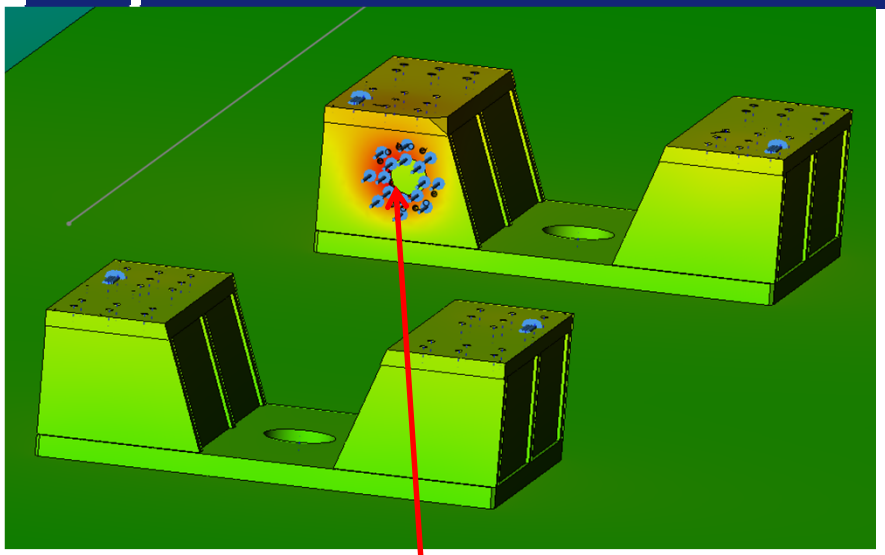
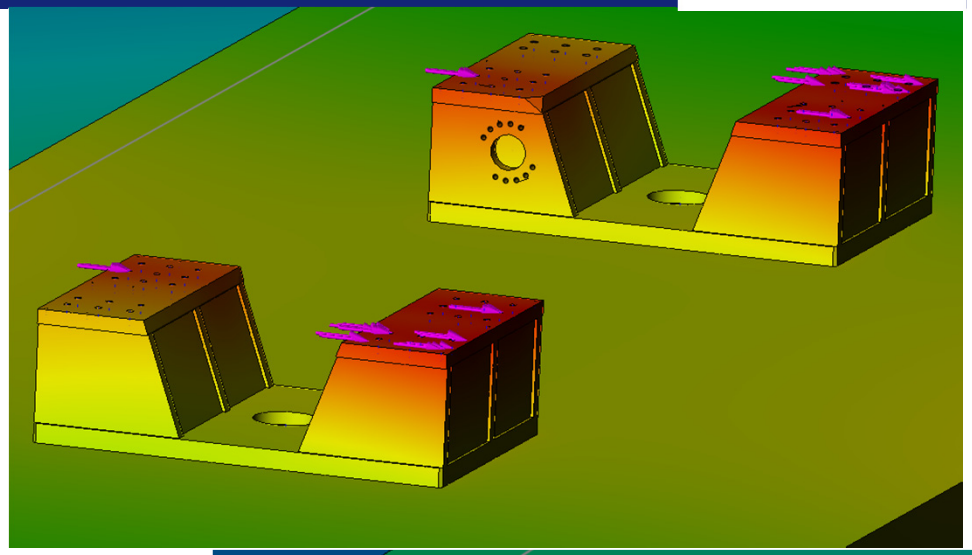
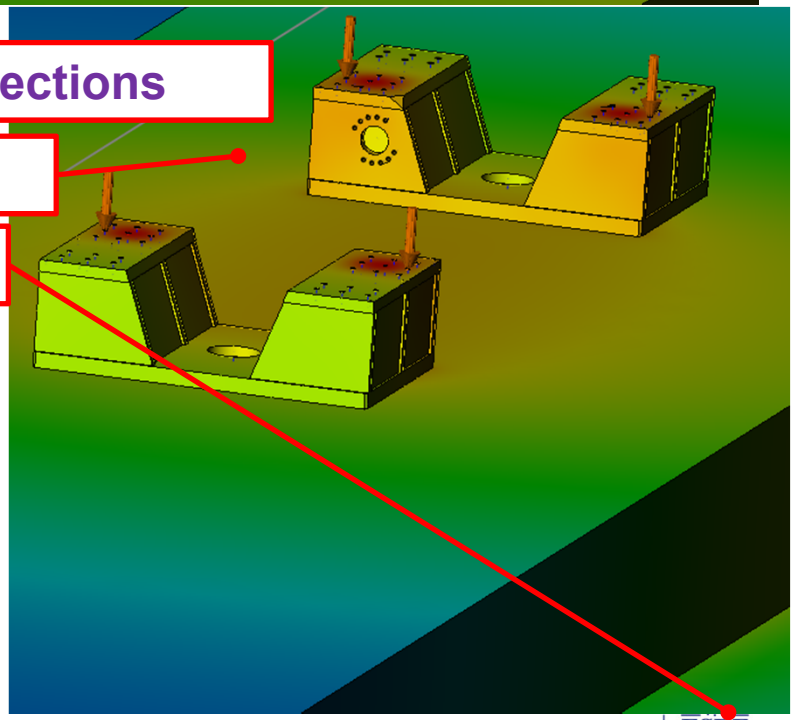
STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND







A test force is put on each of the support's connections

Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa

Dir.	Position	Equivalent stiffness (each)
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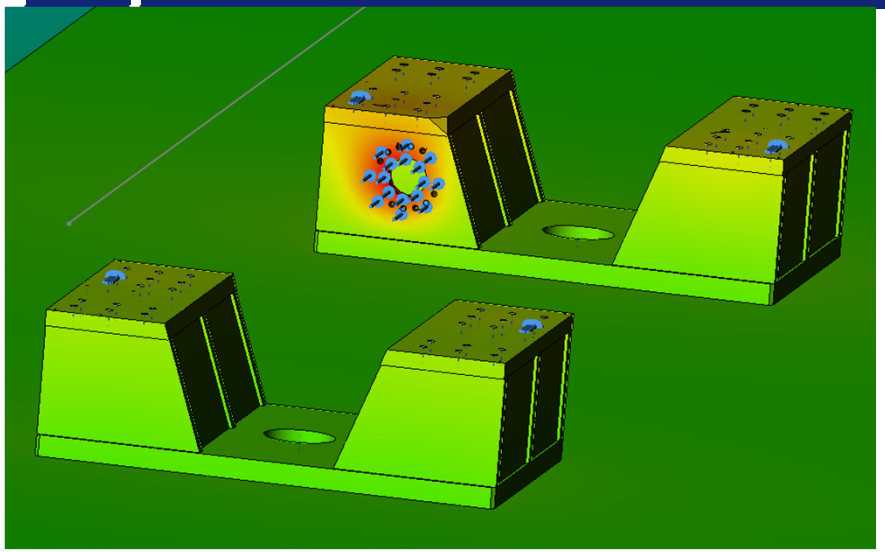
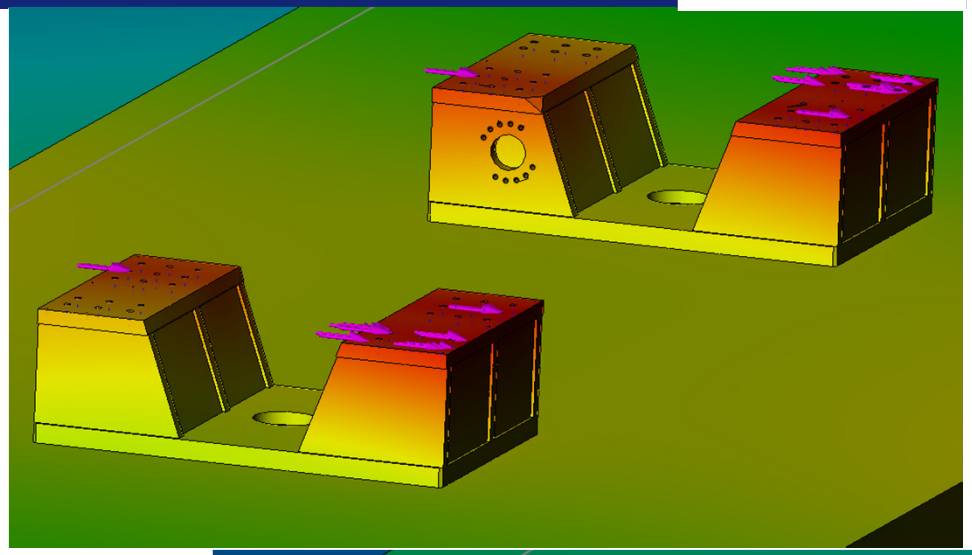
Y	Vertical support	435N/µm
Y	Y jack	417N/µm
Z	Vertical support	769N/µm

STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND





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Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

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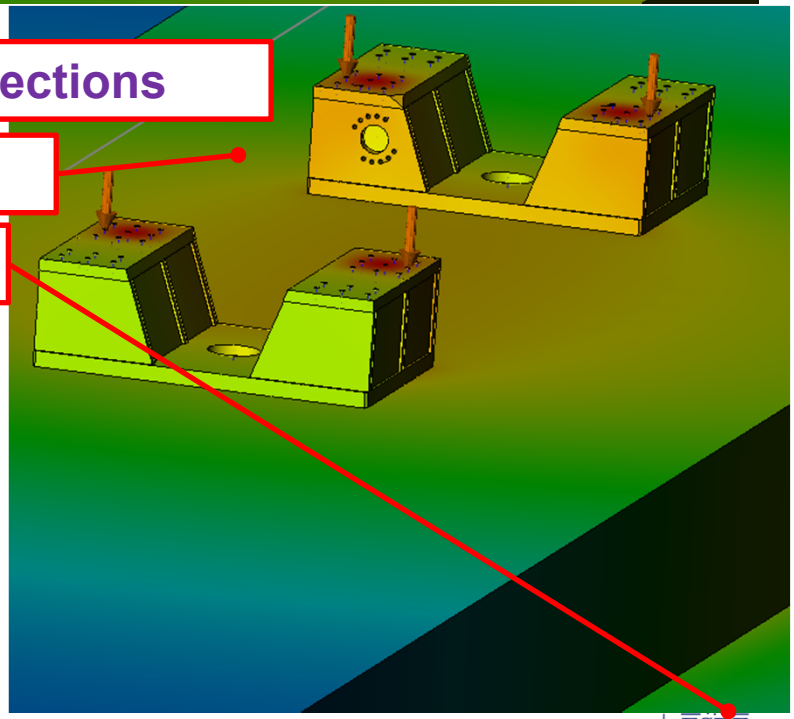

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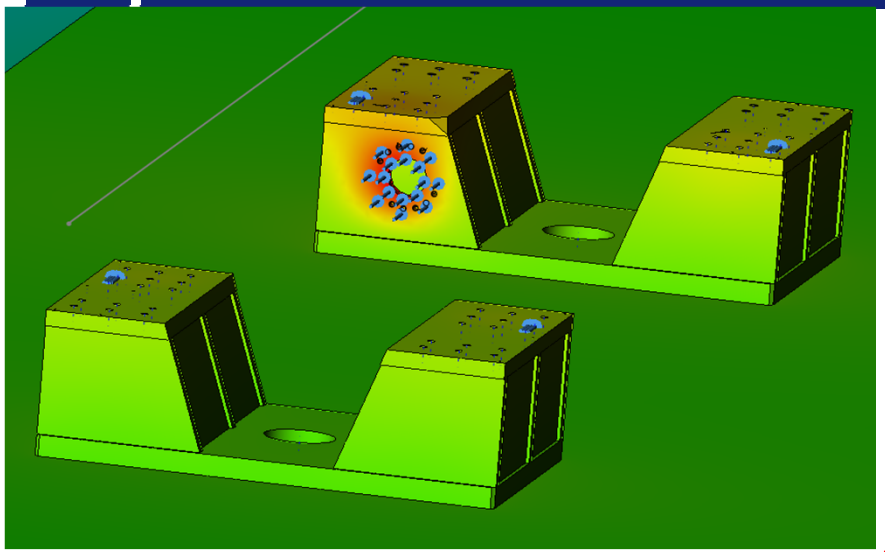
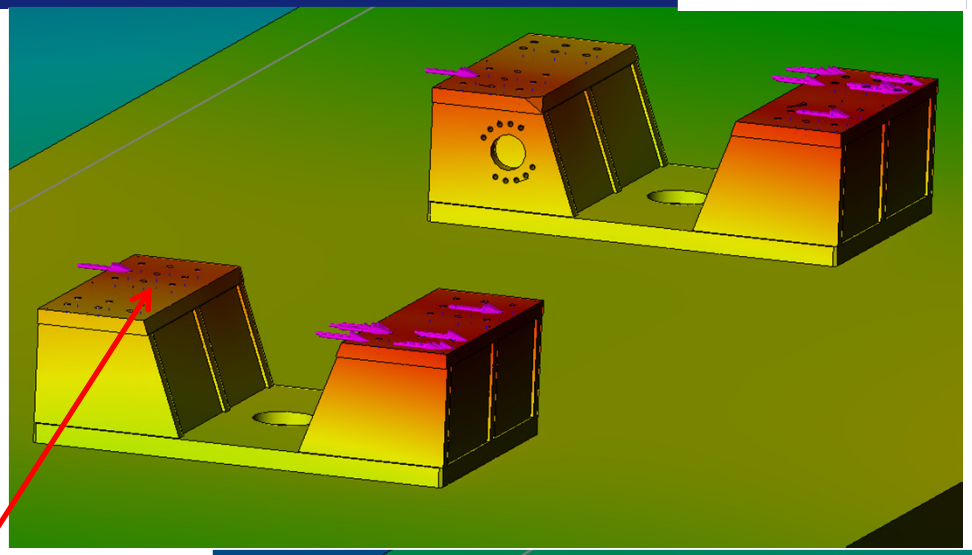
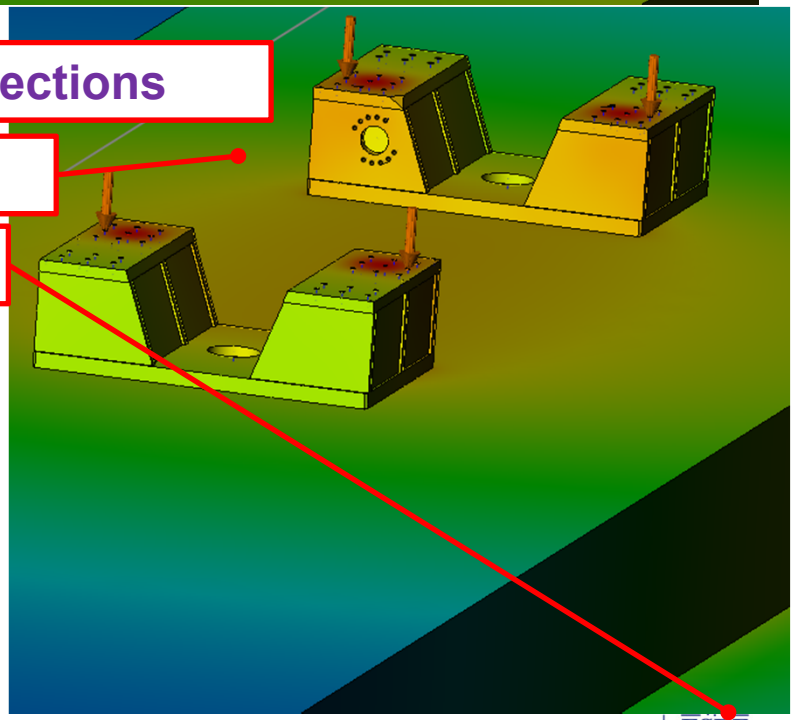
STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND







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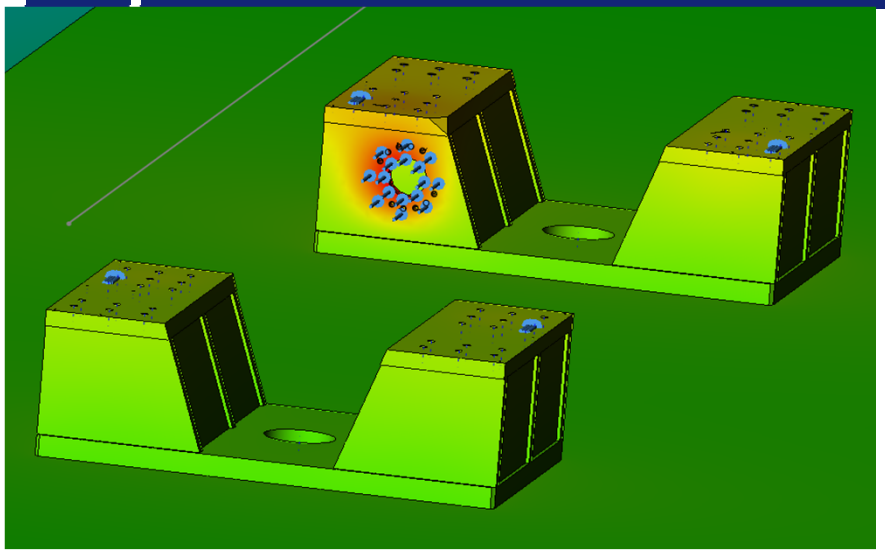
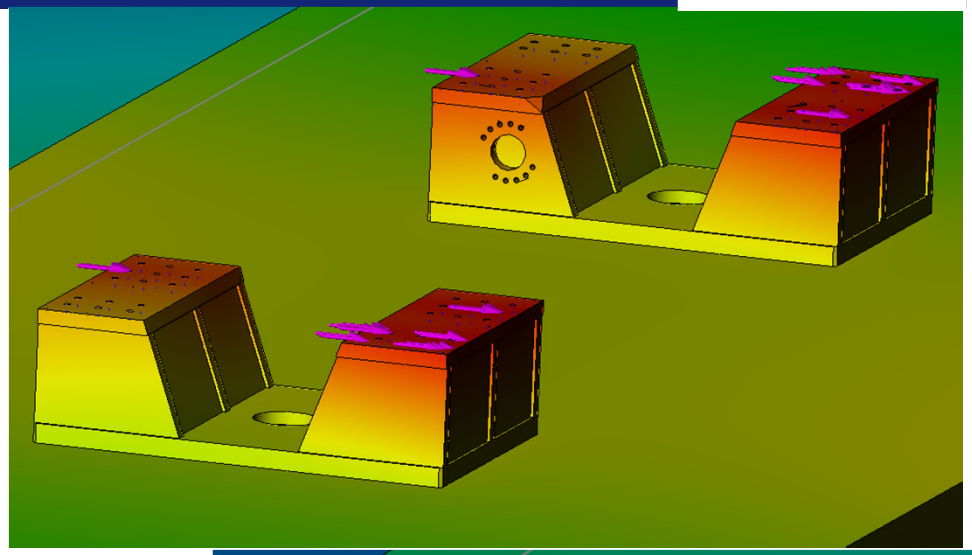
STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND

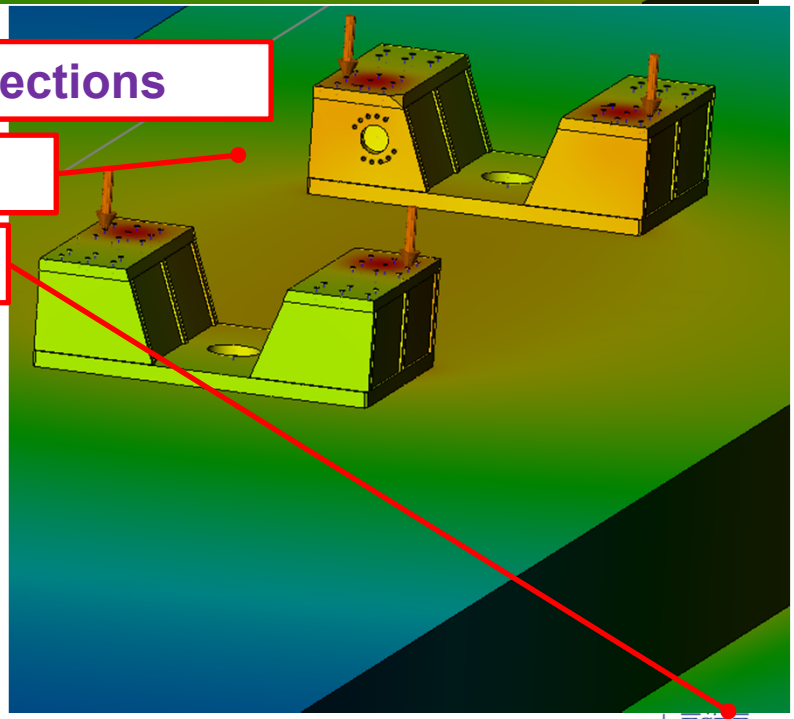




A test force is put on each of the support's connections

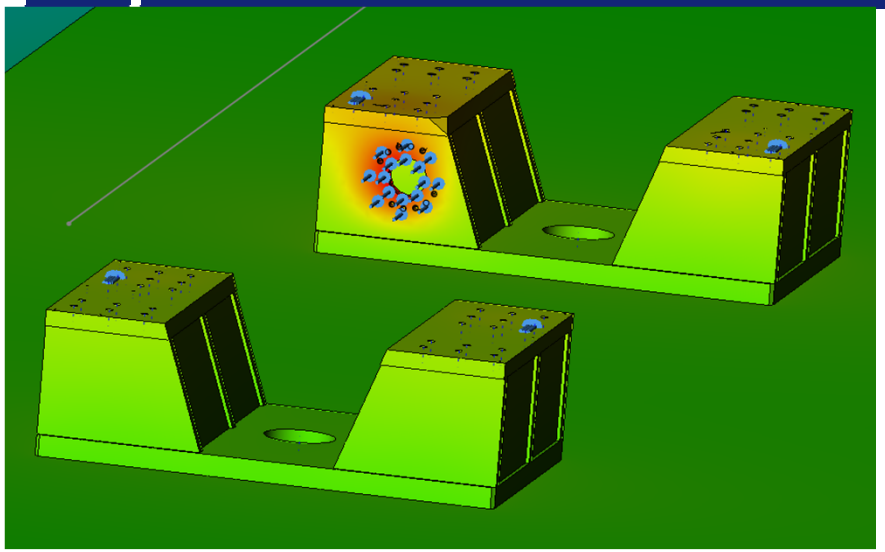
Concrete floor: 20x4x0.8m E=30*G*Pa G=12.5*G*Pa

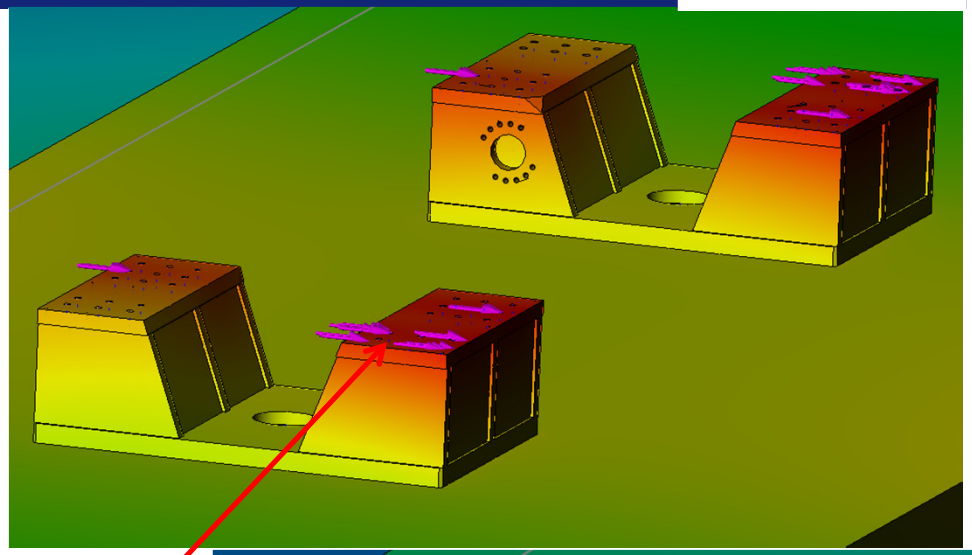
Ground: 200x200x100m E=520*M*Pa G=179*M*Pa

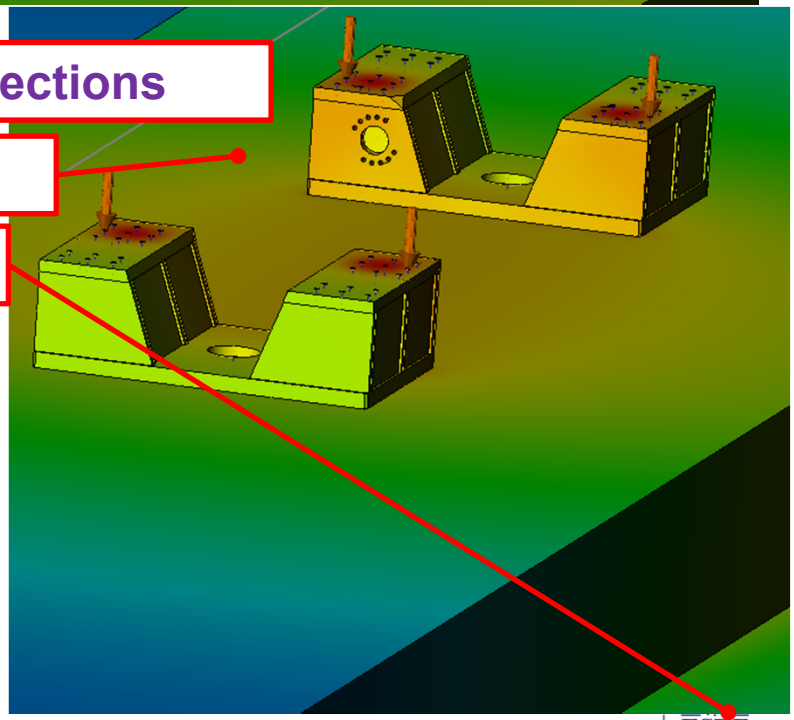


Dir.	Position	Equivalent stiffness (each)
X	Vertical support	667N/µm
X	X jack	588N/µm
Y	Vertical support	435N/µm
Y	Y jack	417N/µm
Z	Vertical support	769N/µm

STIFFNESS OF BASES + SLAB + GROUND







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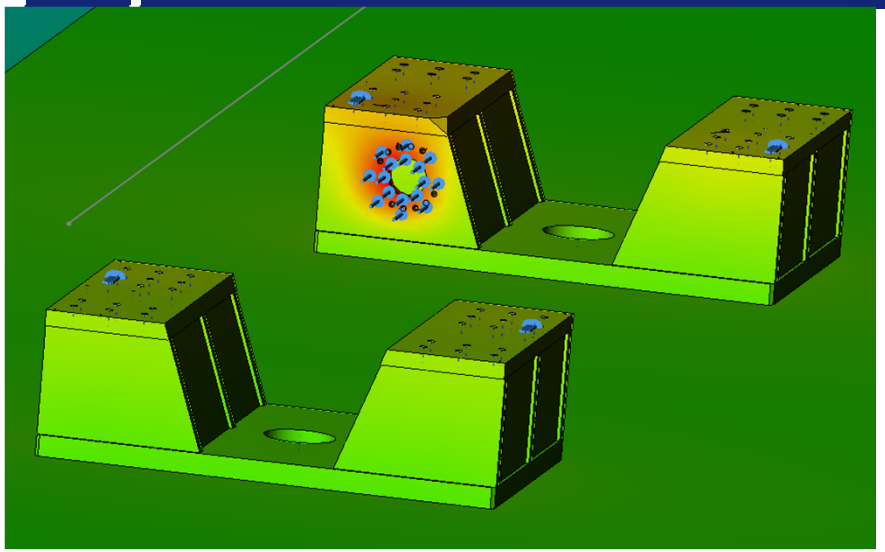

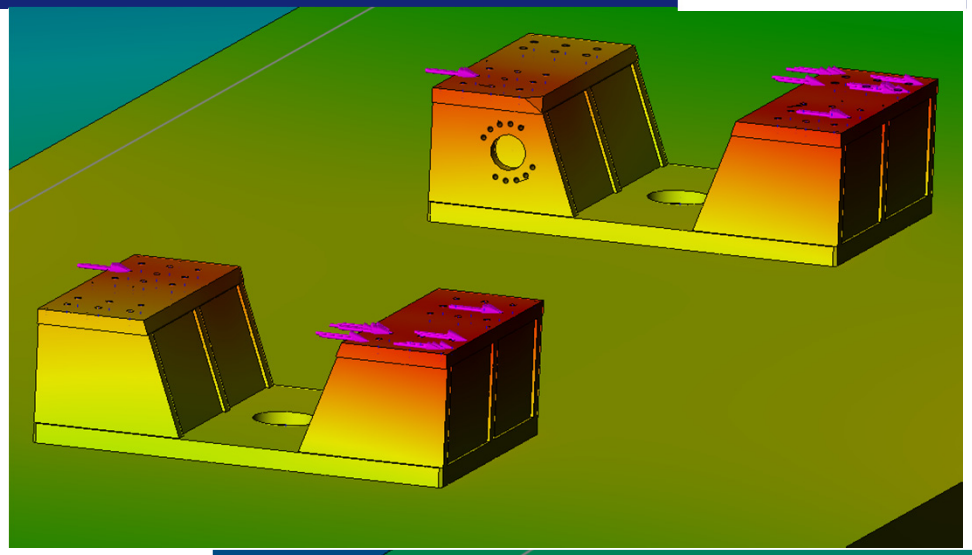

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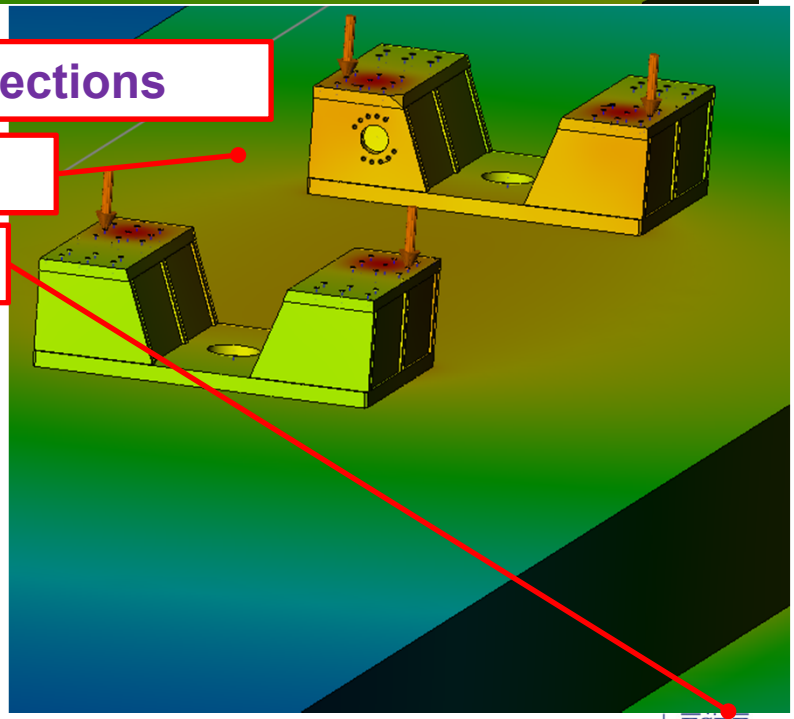

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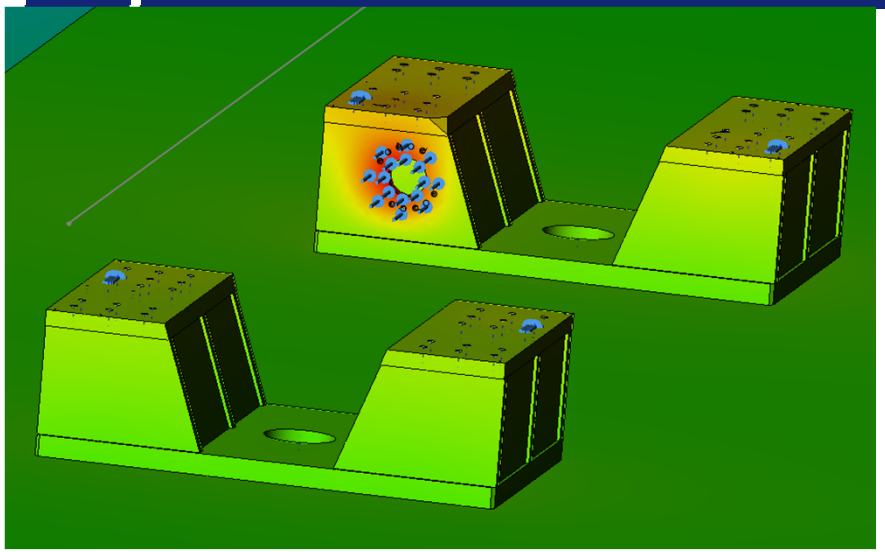

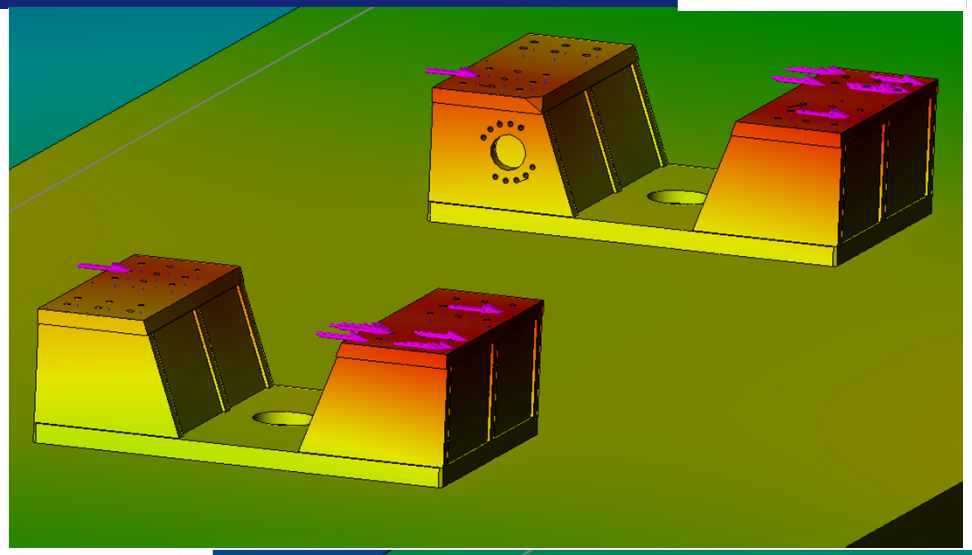

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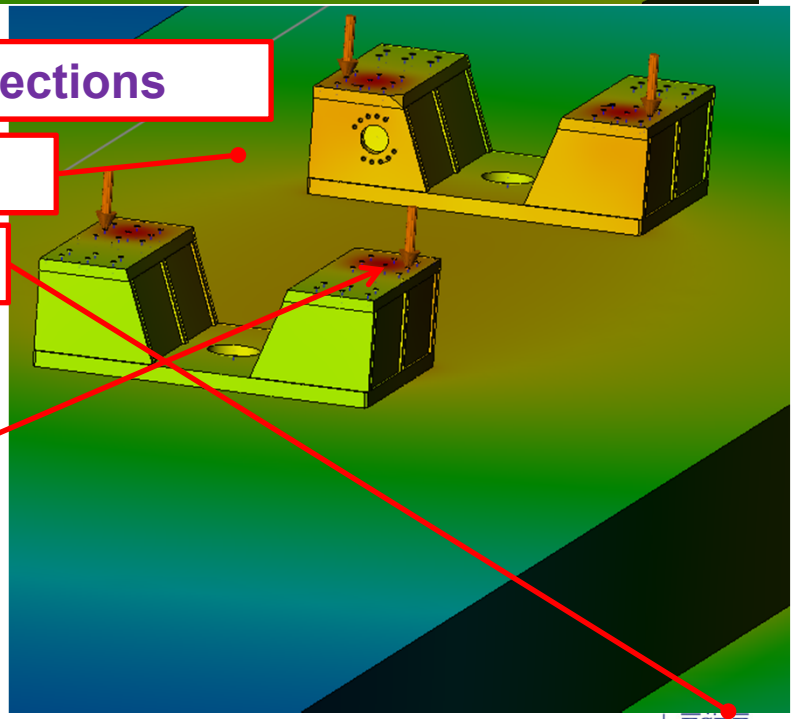

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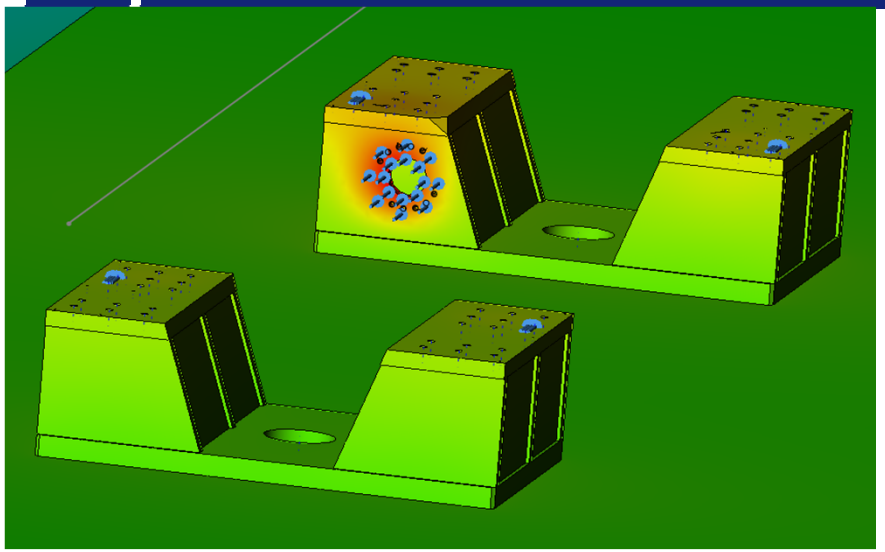

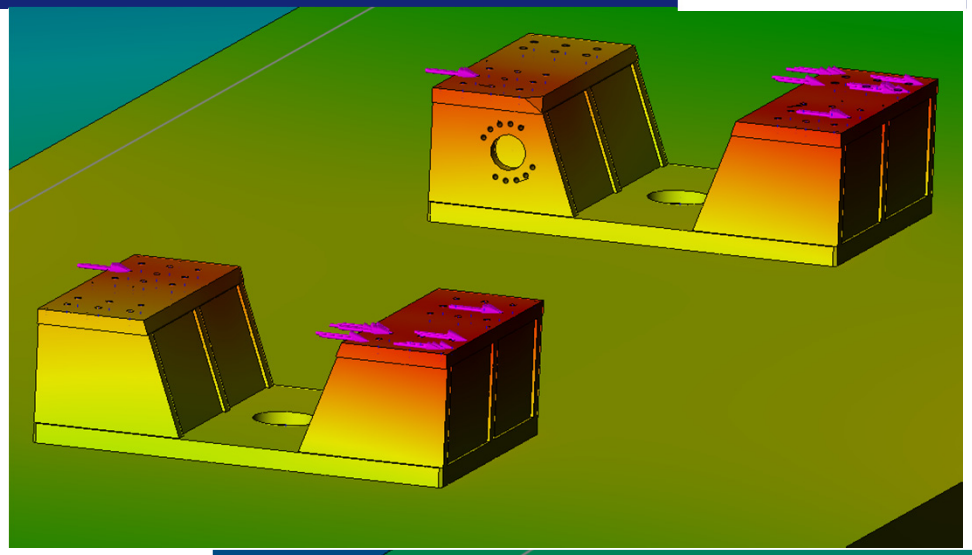

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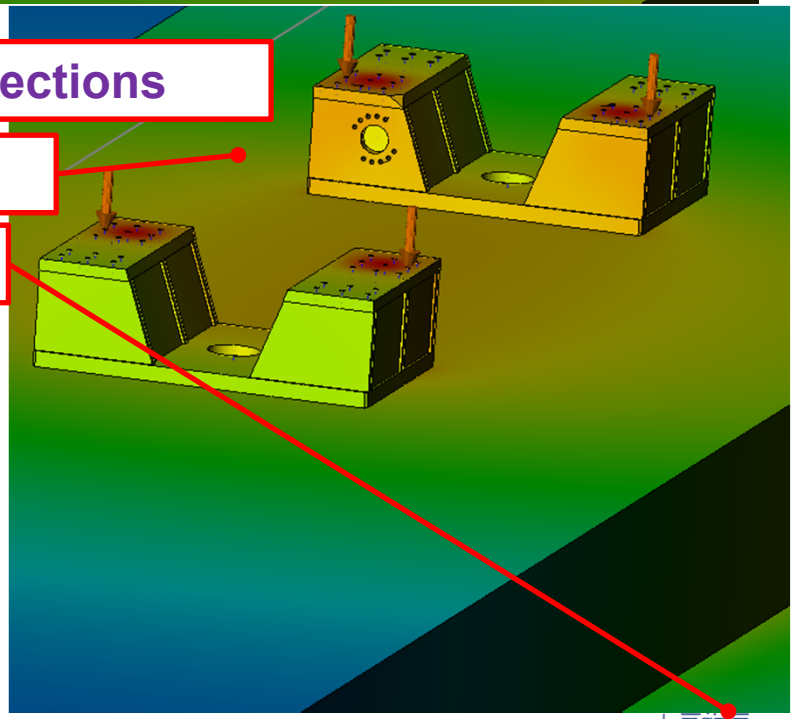

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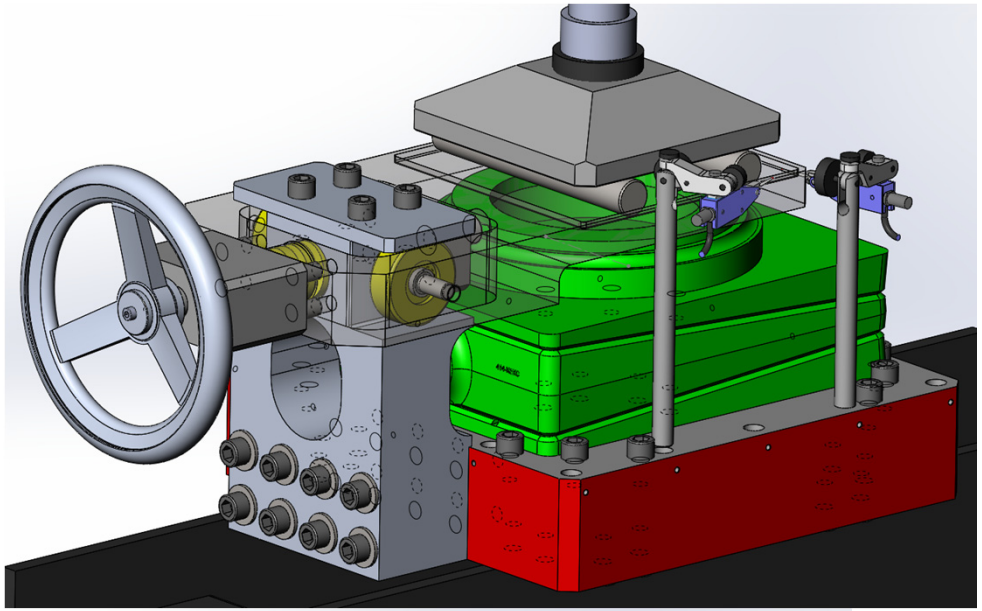
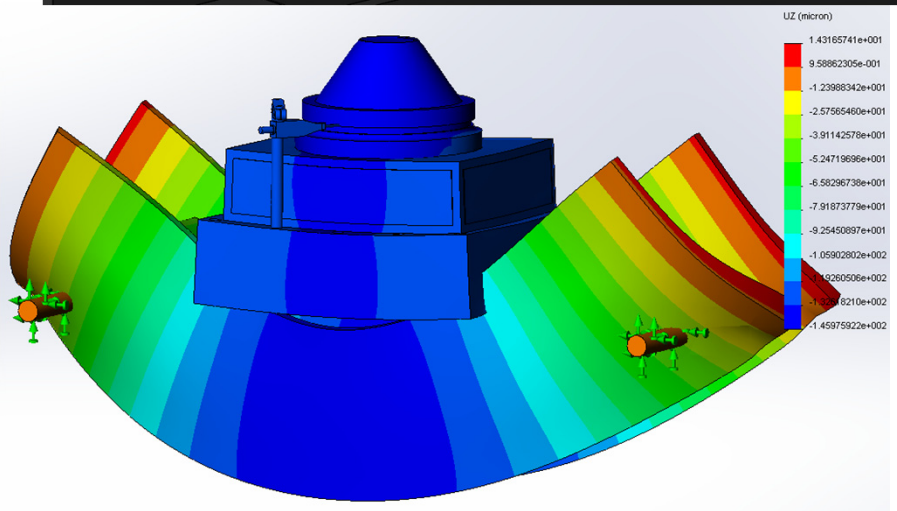
TEST OF NIVELL AND AIRLOC WEDGES



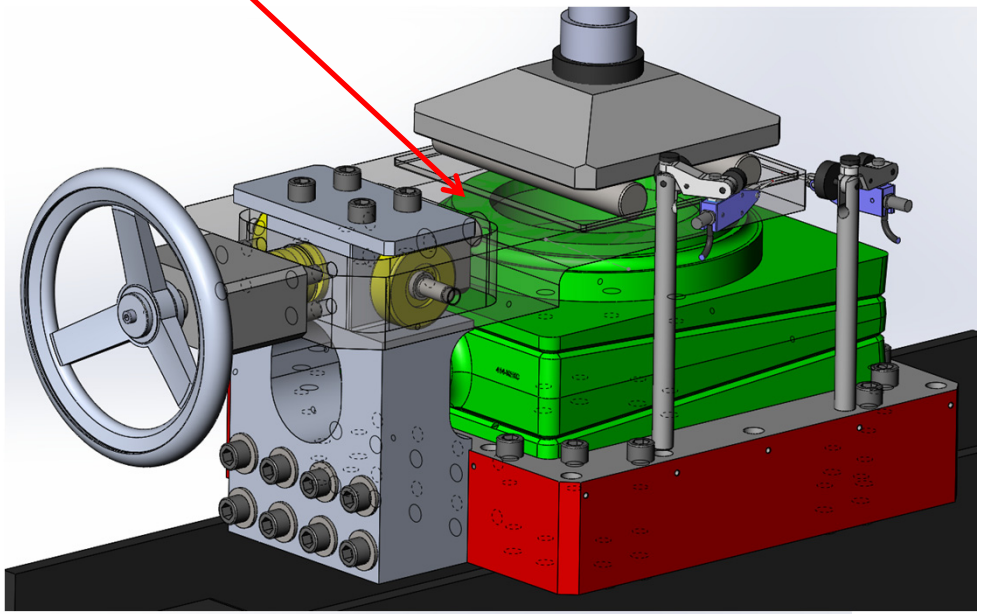


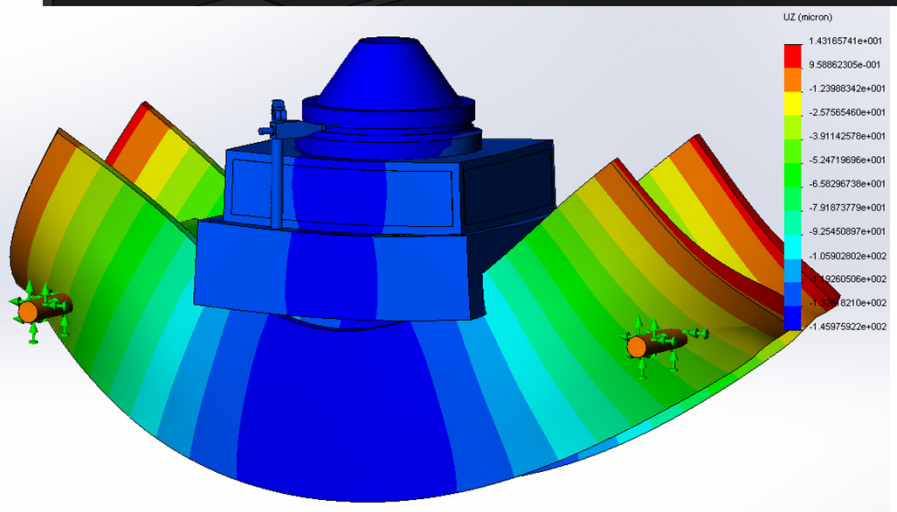
Horizontal stiffness test

Vertical stiffness test

TEST OF NIVELL AND AIRLOC WEDGES

Airlocs with spherical joint





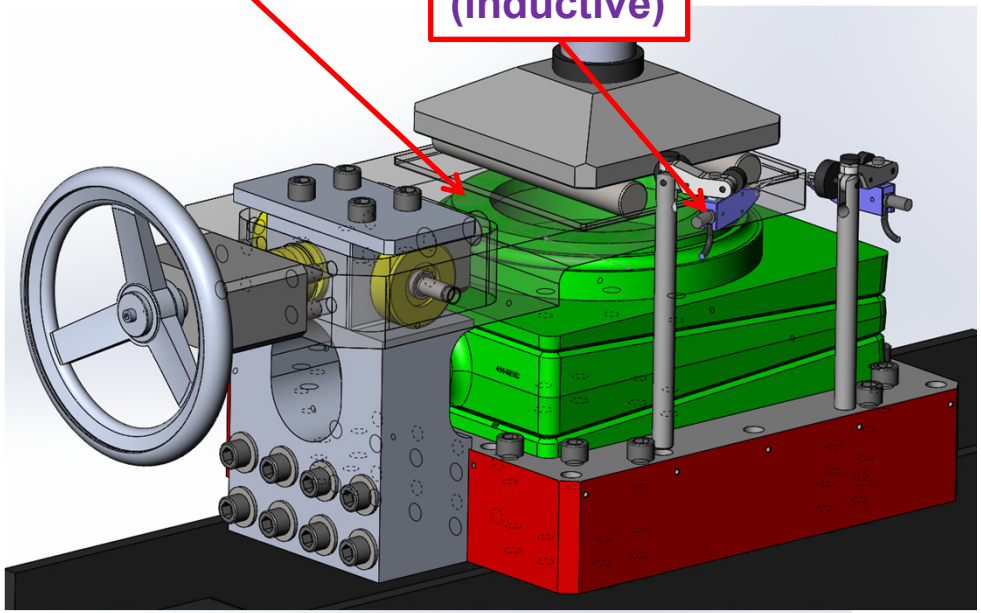
Horizontal stiffness test

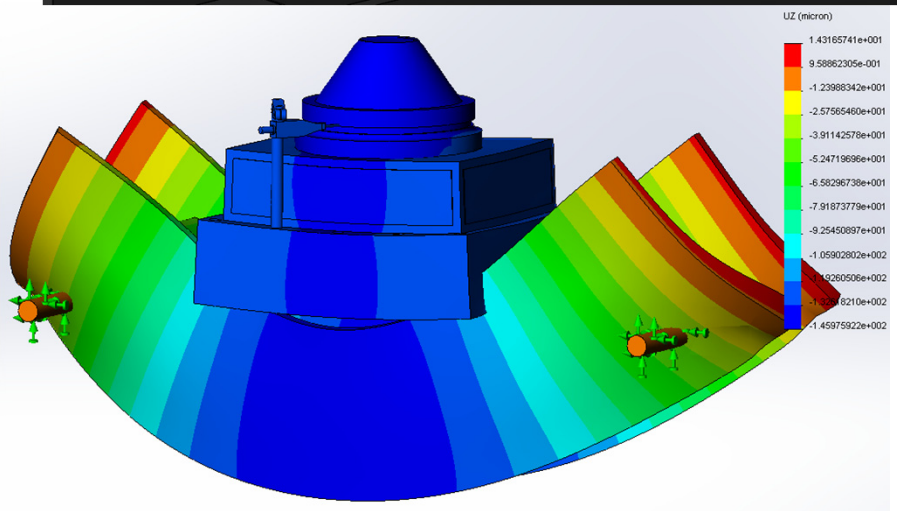
Vertical stiffness test

TEST OF NIVELL AND AIRLOC WEDGES

Airlocs with spherical joint

Gauges Mahr (inductive)





Horizontal stiffness test

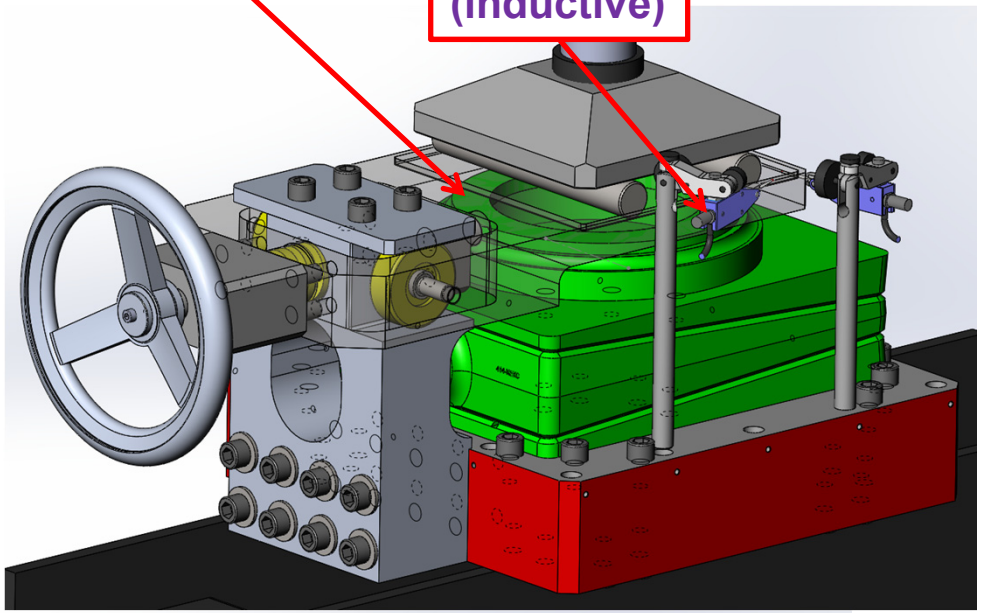
Vertical stiffness test

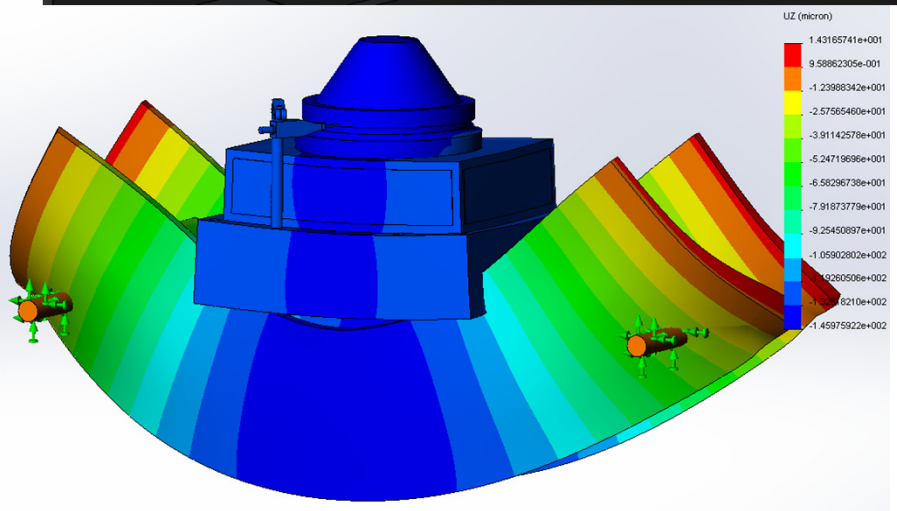
TEST OF NIVELL AND AIRLOC WEDGES

Airlocs with spherical joint

Gauges Mahr (inductive)

Hydraulic press





Horizontal stiffness test

Vertical stiffness test

TEST OF NIVELL AND AIRLOC WEDGES

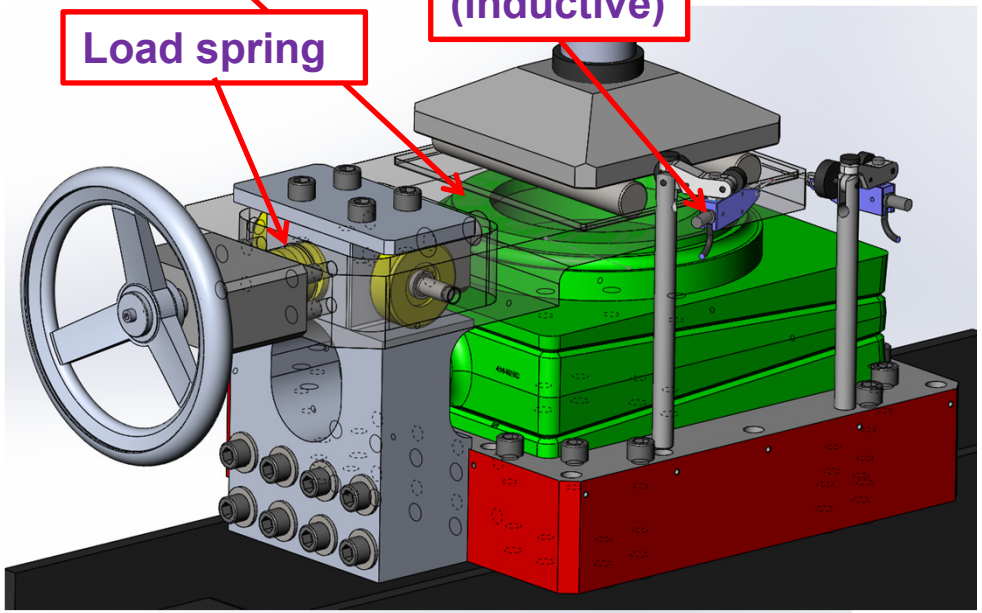
MEDSI 2016

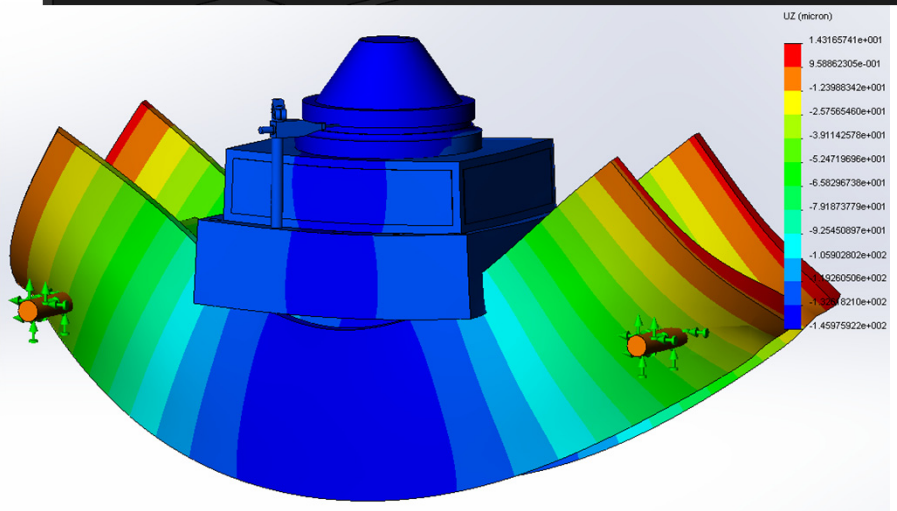
Airlocs with spherical joint

Gauges Mahr (inductive)

Hydraulic press

Load spring





Horizontal stiffness test

Vertical stiffness test

TEST OF NIVELL AND AIRLOC WEDGES

Airlocs with spherical joint

Gauges Mahr (inductive)

Hydraulic press

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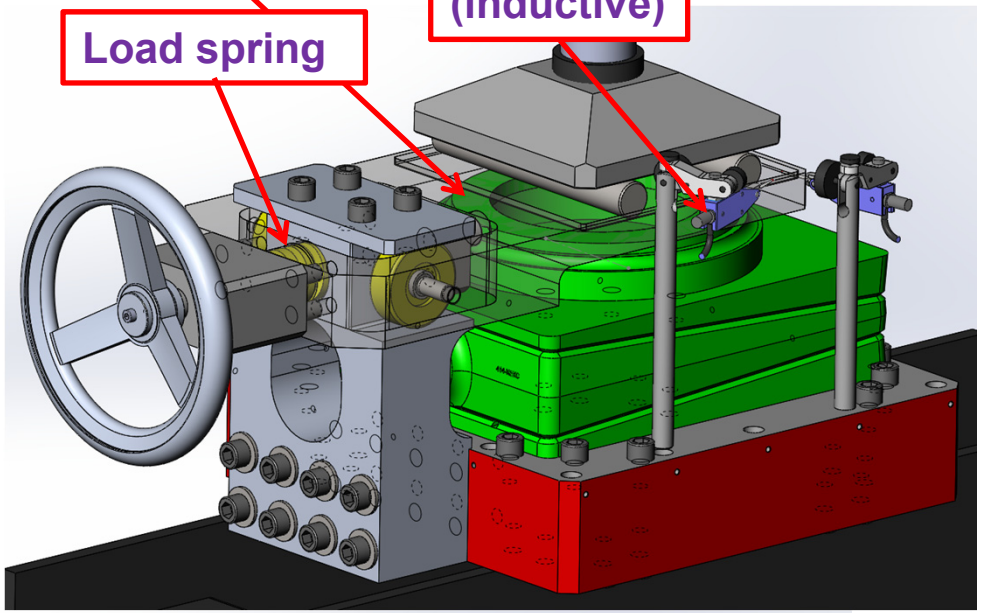
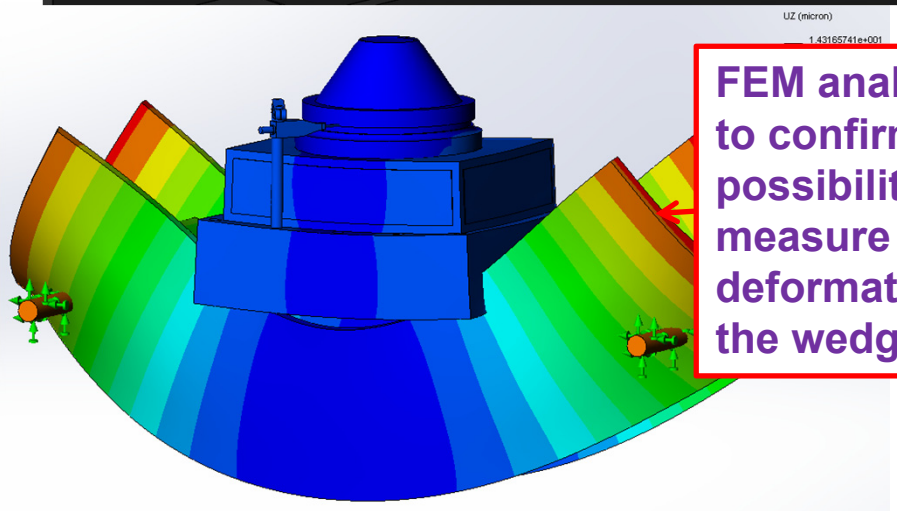


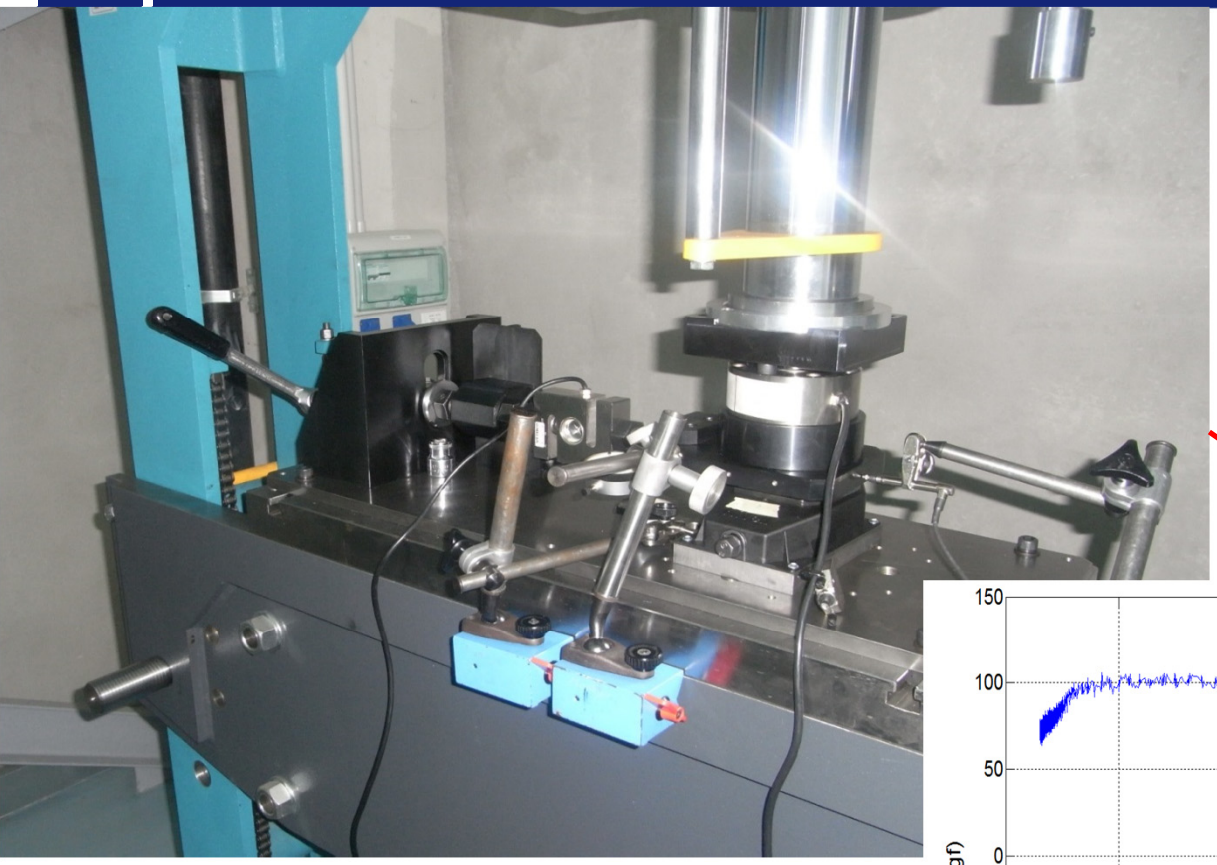


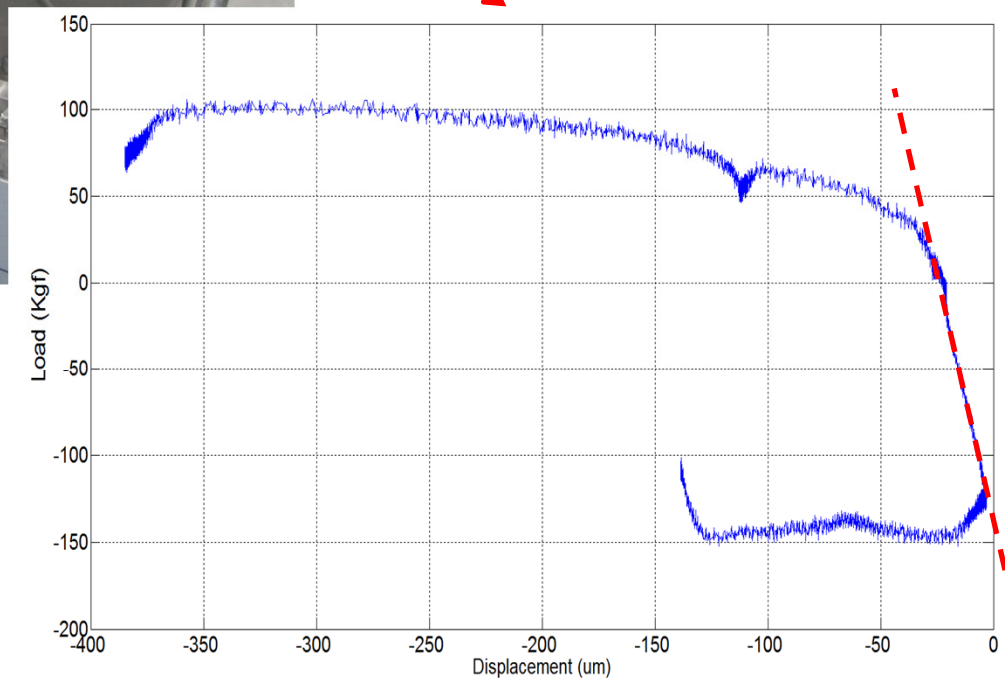
FEM analysis to confirm the possibility to measure small deformation in the wedge

Horizontal stiffness test

Vertical stiffness test

TEST OF NIVELL WEDGES BY TEKNIKER





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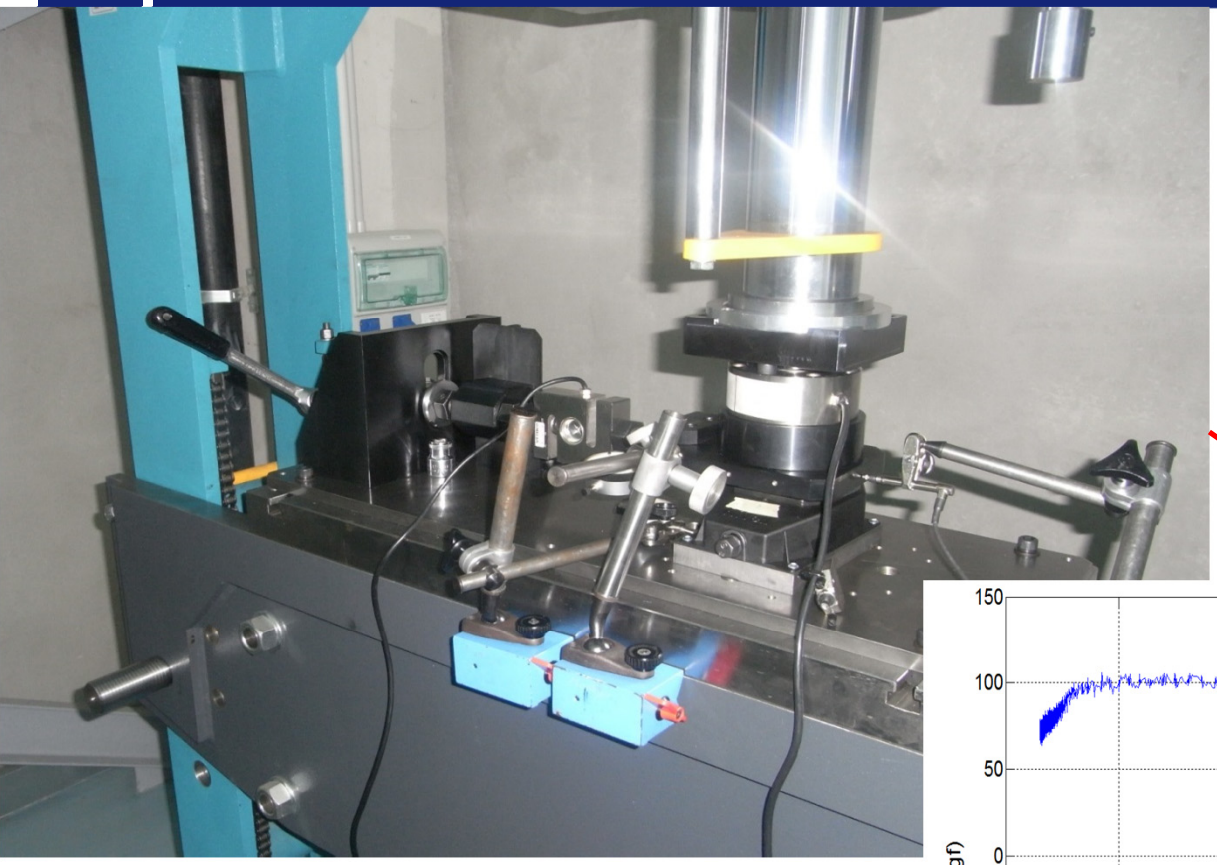
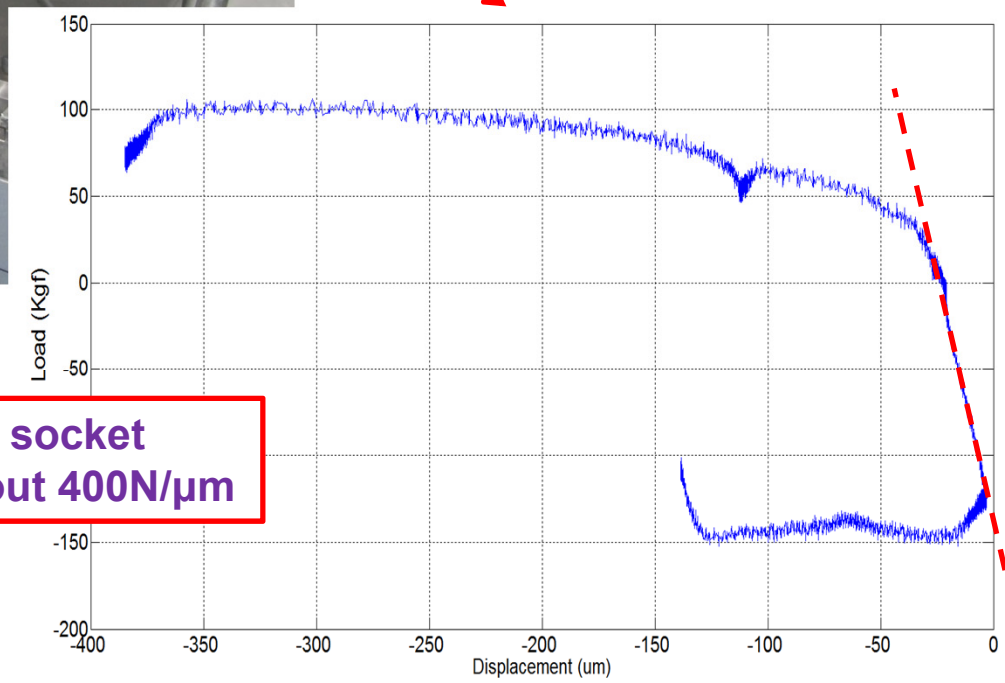
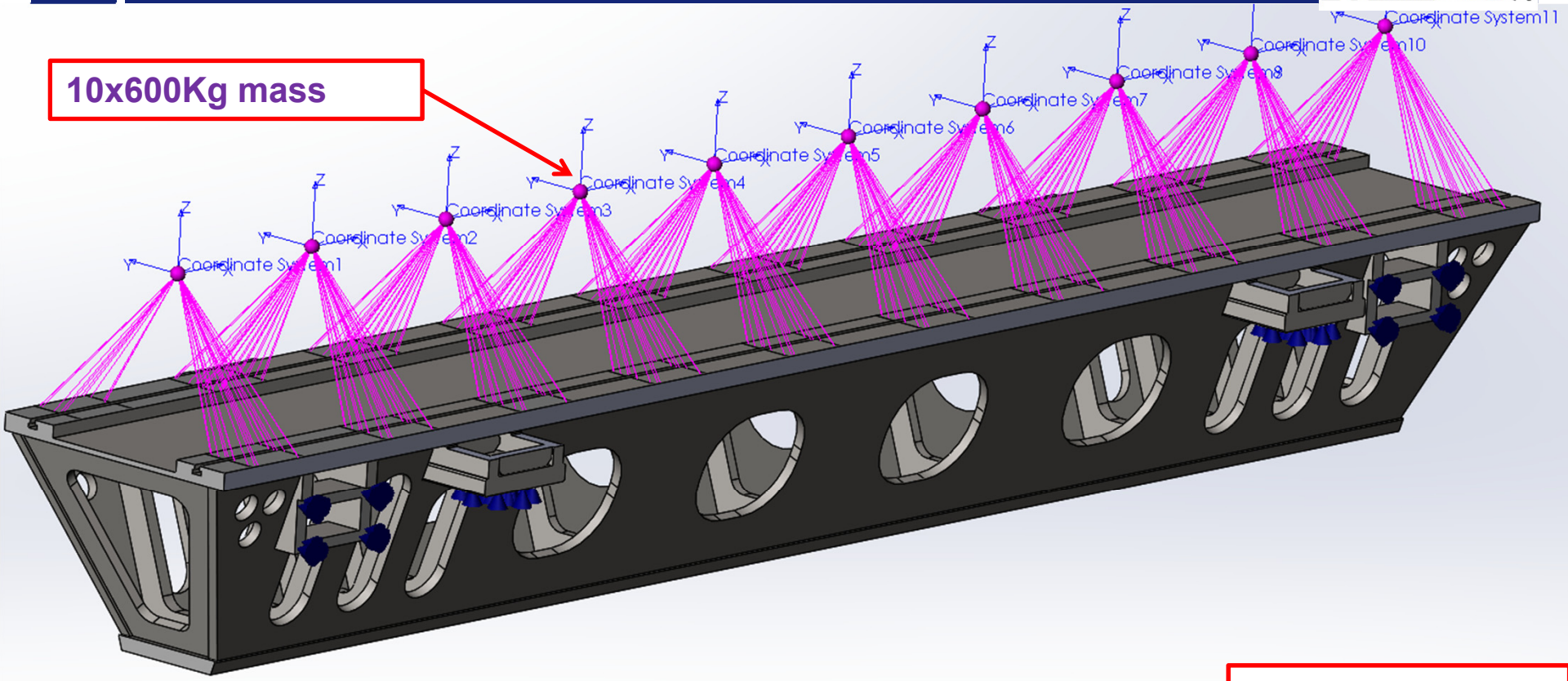




For the Nivell DK4 with modified spherical socket charged with 5T the lateral stiffness is about 400N/µm

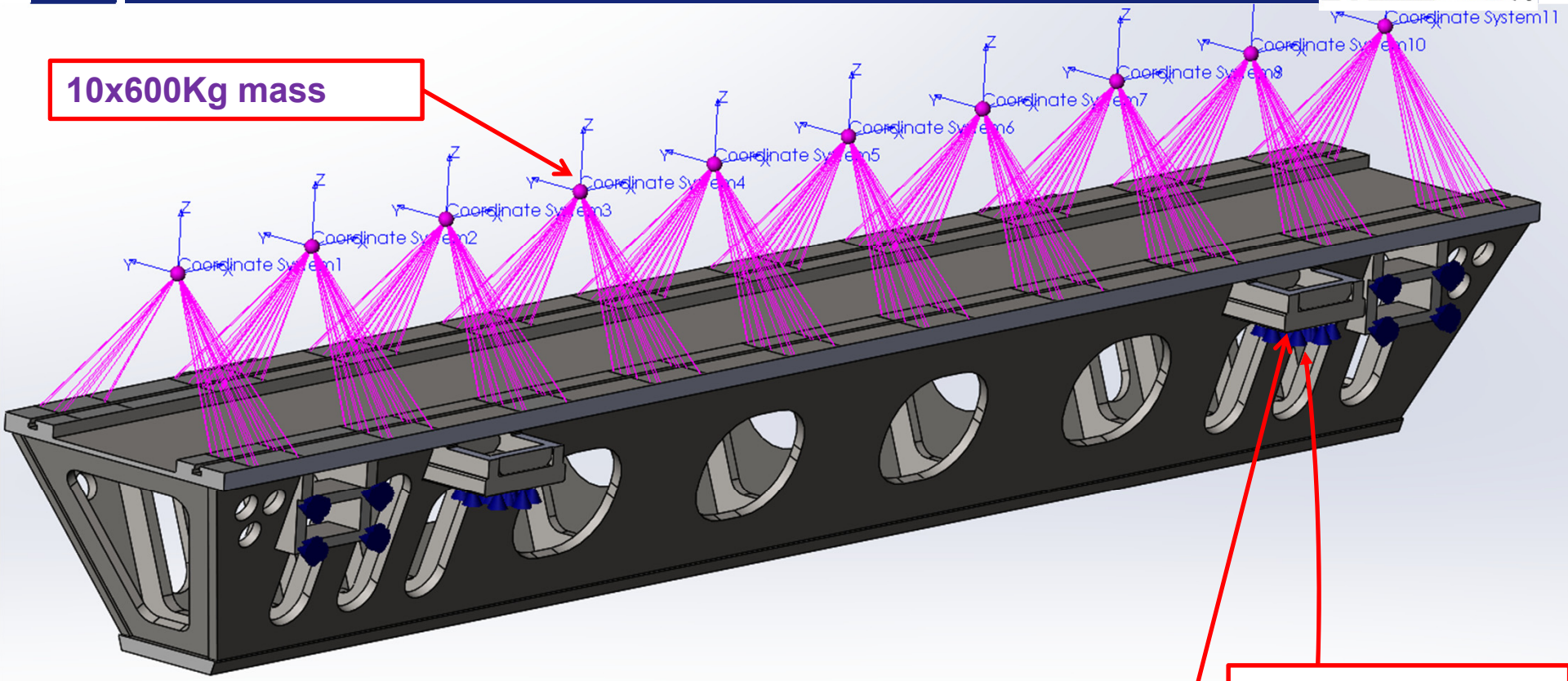
FINAL ANALYSIS



1/Keq=1/K1+1/K2

Dir.	Position	Ground+slab+base stiffness	Adj system (in the relative direction):	Global stiffness of equivalent elastic foundation
X	Vertical support	667N/µm	1200N/µm	429N/µm
Y	Vertical support	435N/µm	1100N/µm	311N/µm
Y	Y jack	417N/µm	500N/µm	227N/µm
Z	Vertical support	769N/µm	1600N/µm	519N/µm

FINAL ANALYSIS



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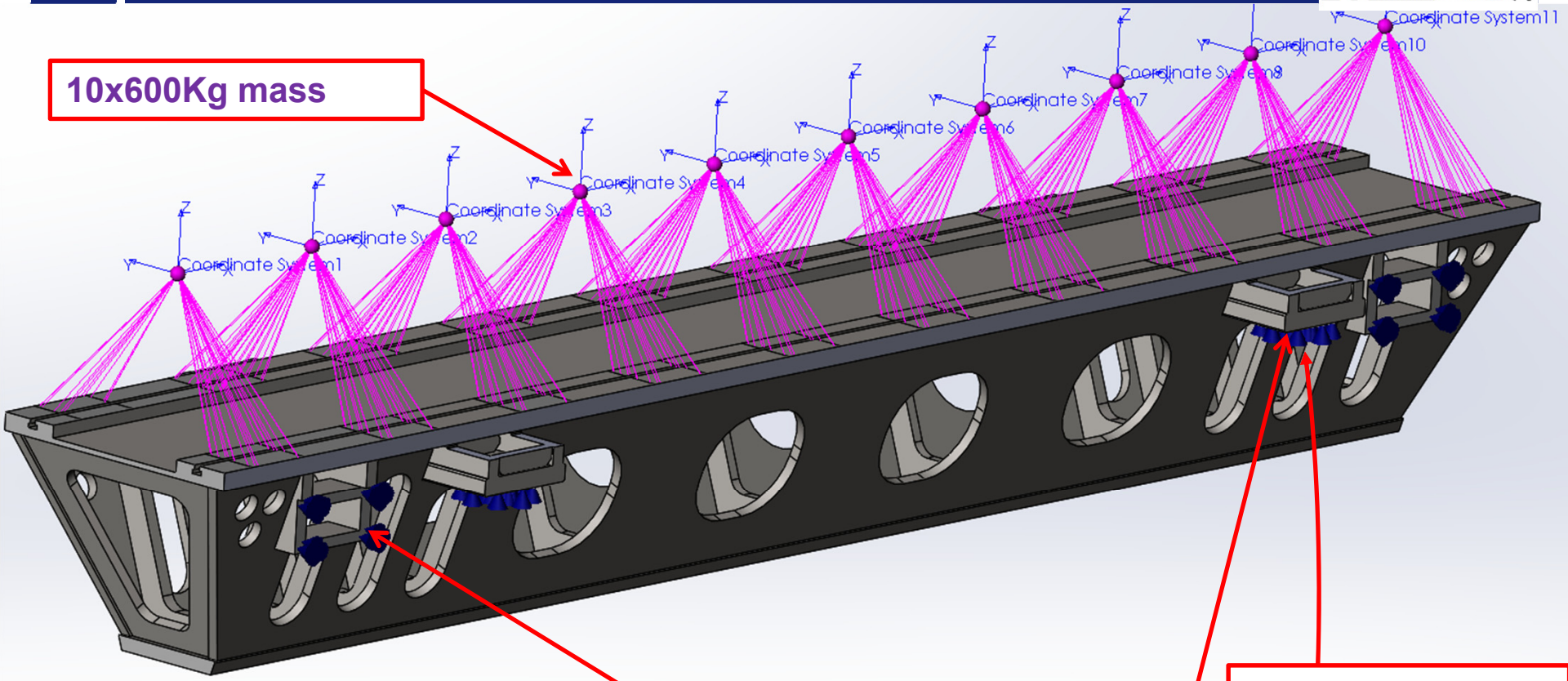

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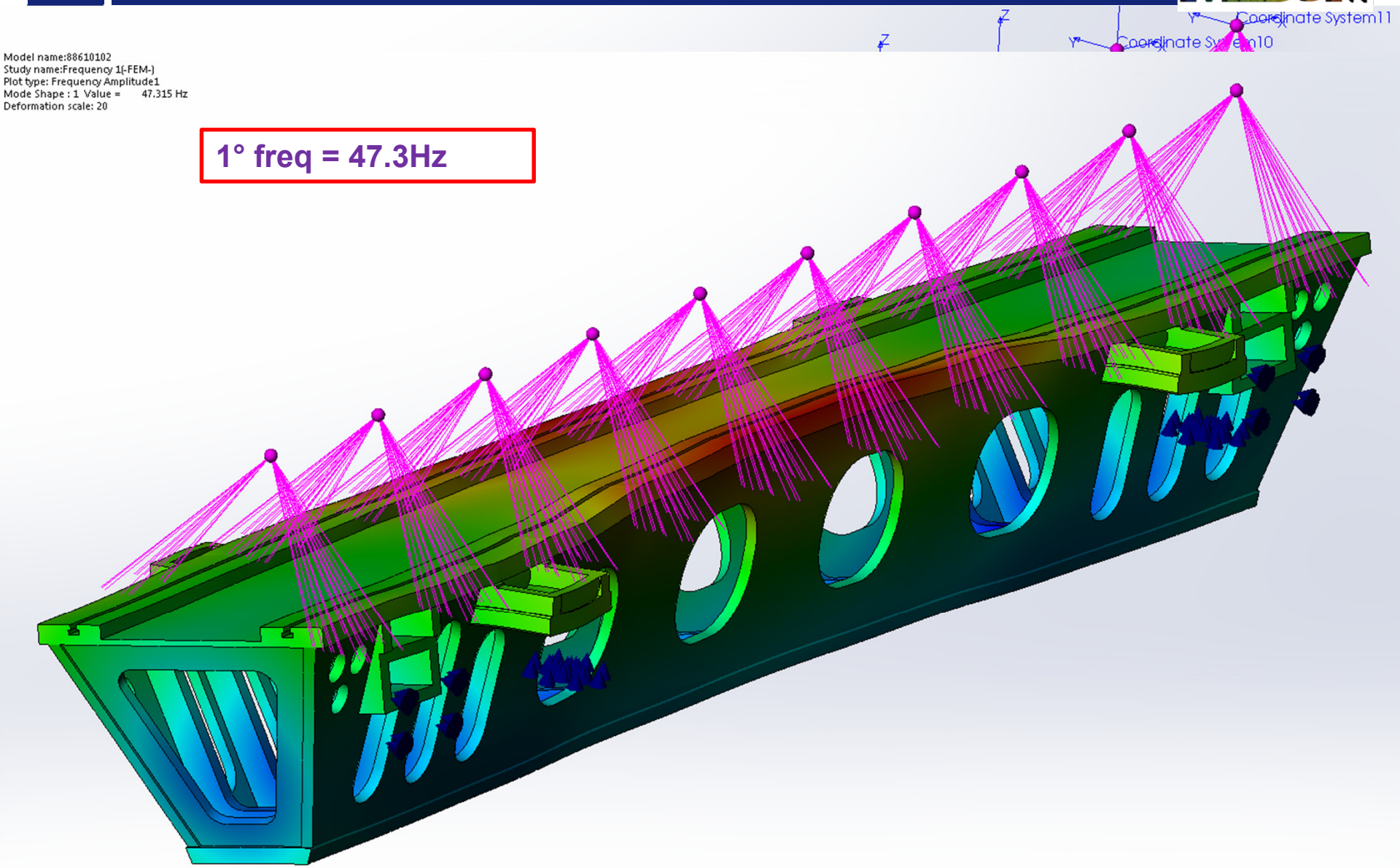

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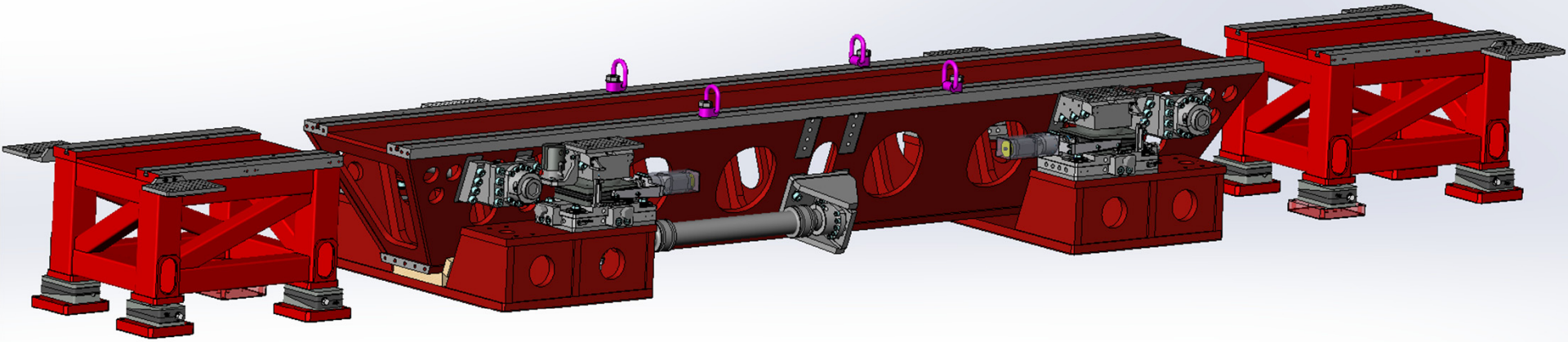
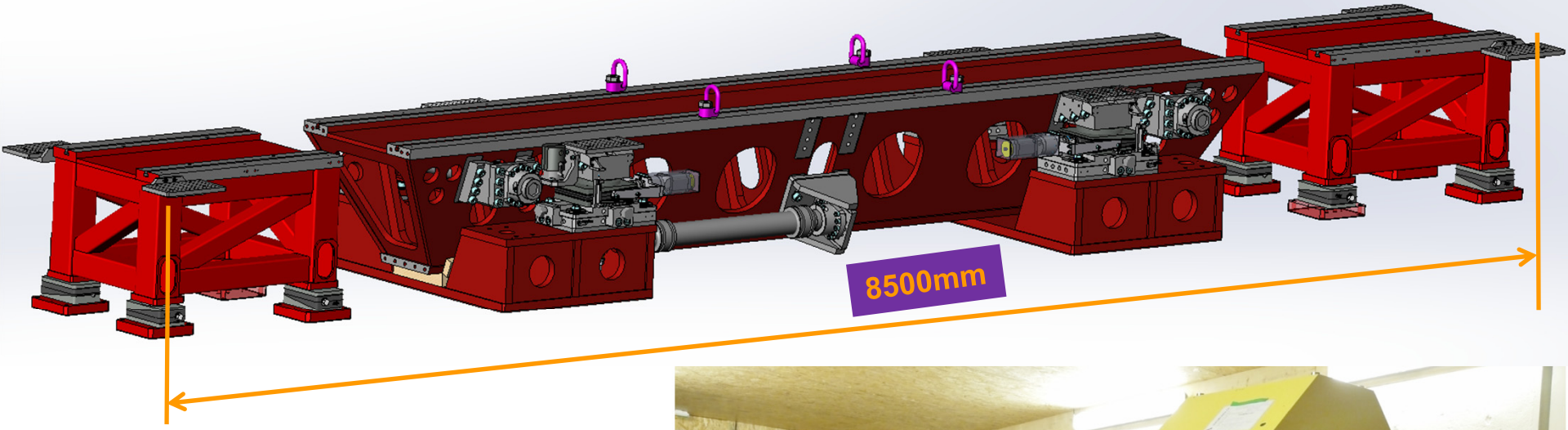
PROTOTYPE

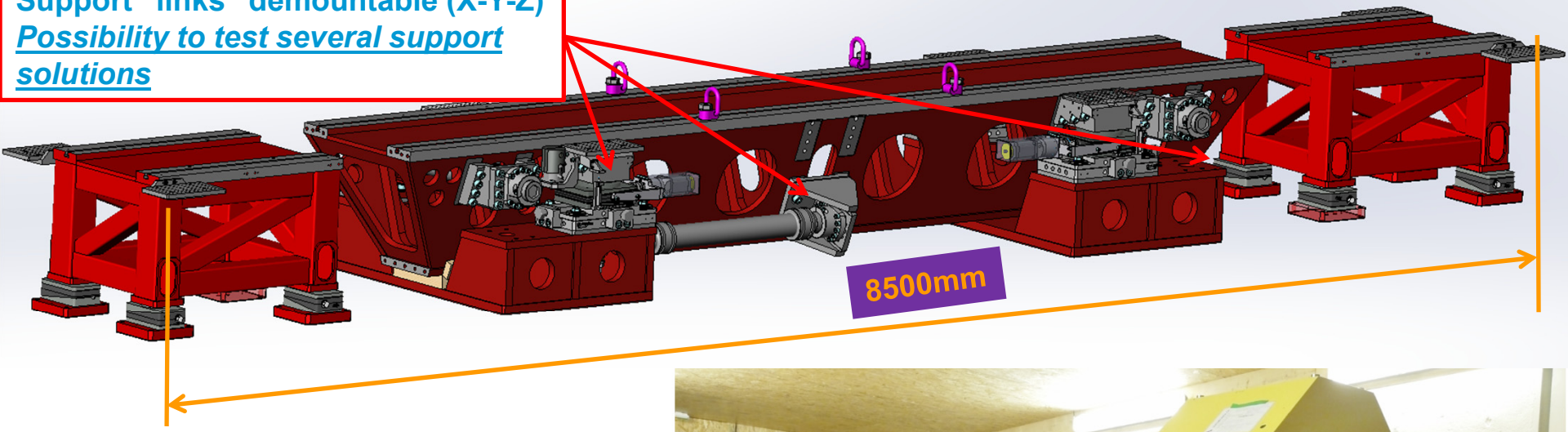


PROTOTYPE



PROTOTYPE

Support “links” demountable (X-Y-Z)
Possibility to test several support solutions



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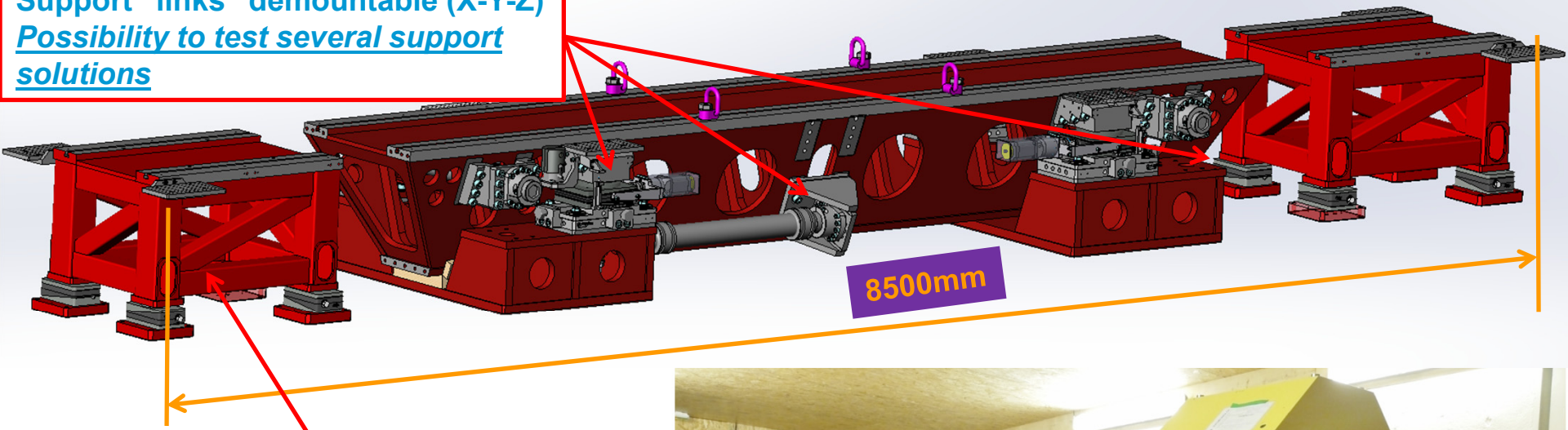

"Fake" girders to test the alignment system of different girders and support of the central magnet (DQ2)

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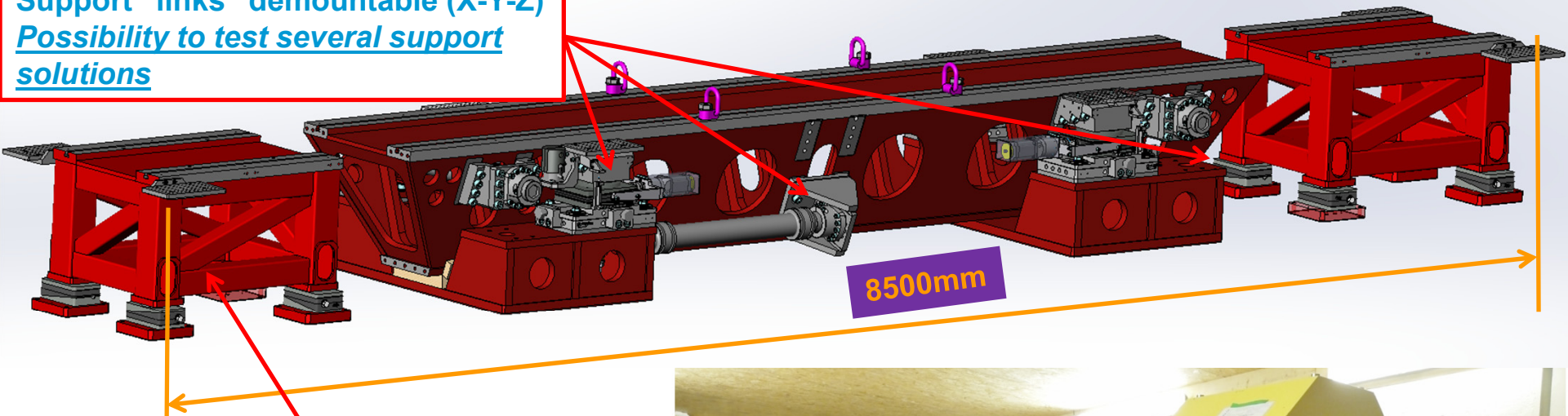

"Fake" girders to test the alignment system of different girders and support of the central magnet (DQ2)

Dummy magnets

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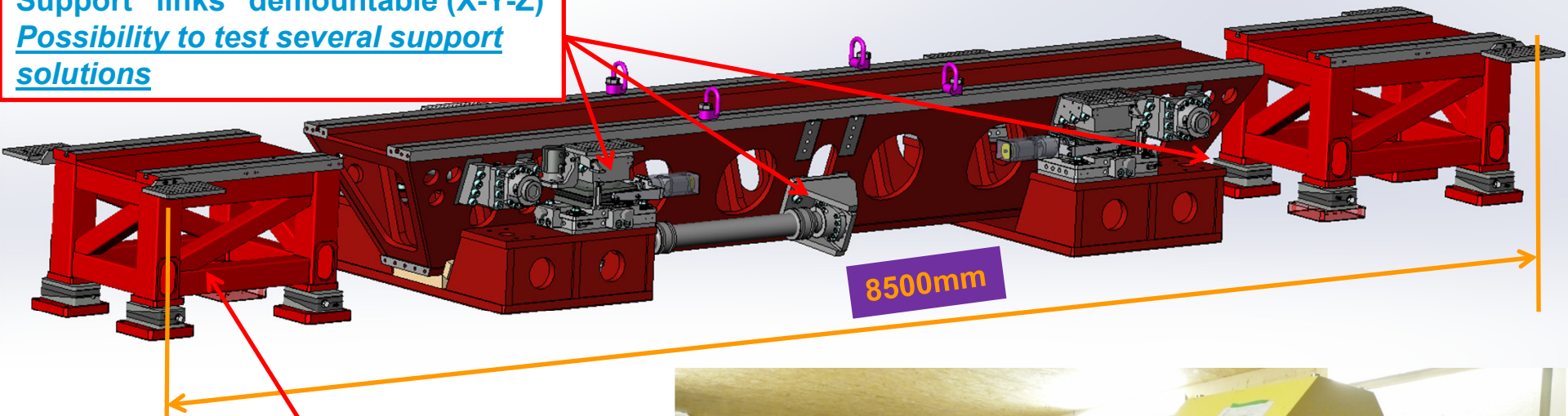
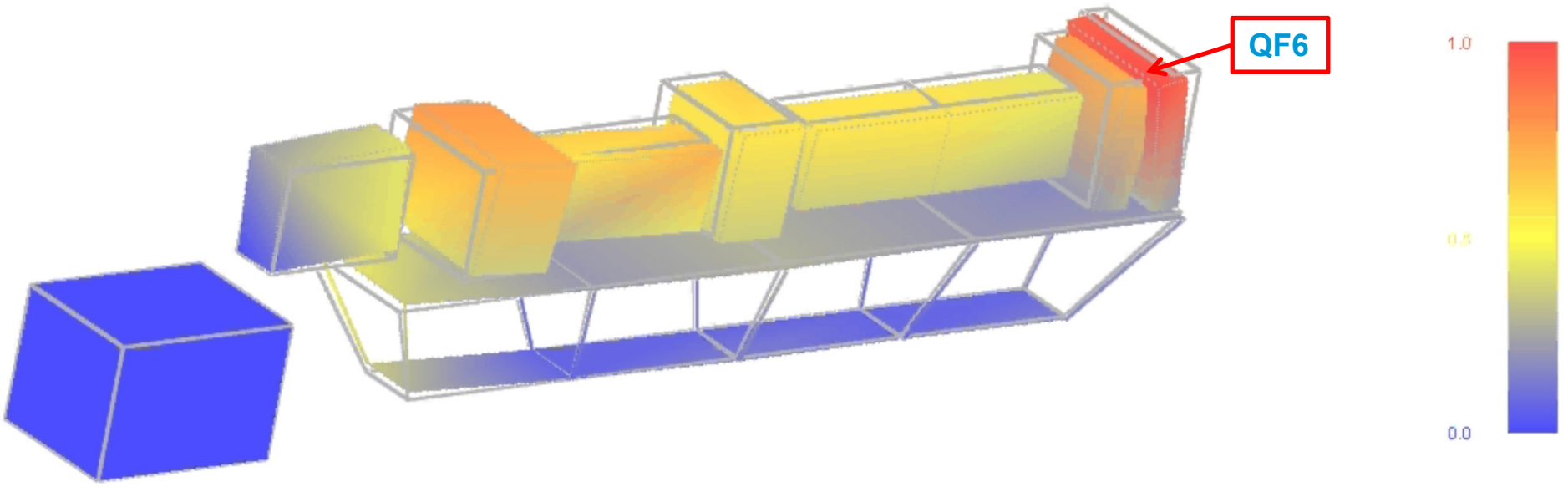


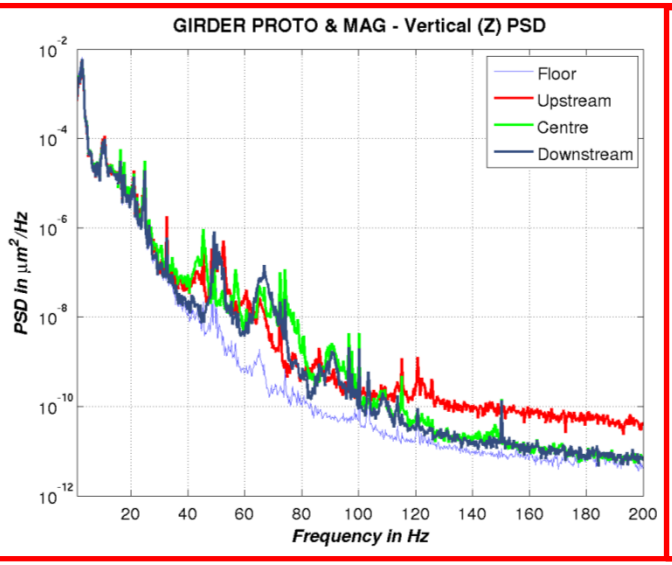
"Fake" girders to test the alignment system of different girders and support of the central magnet (DQ2)

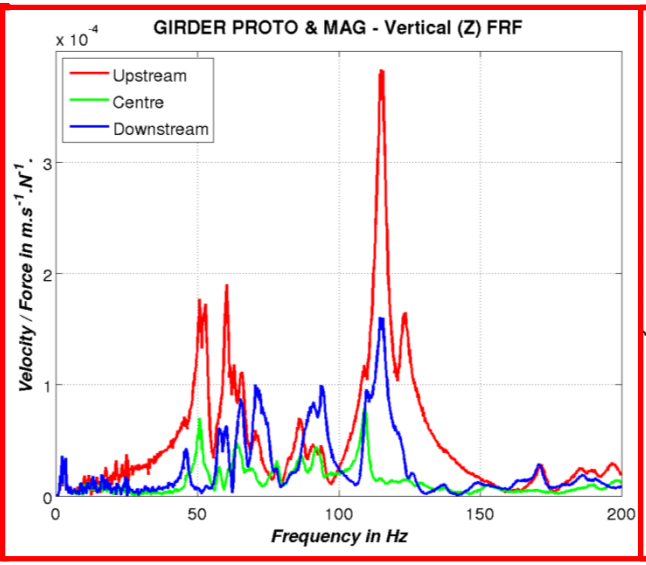
Dummy magnets

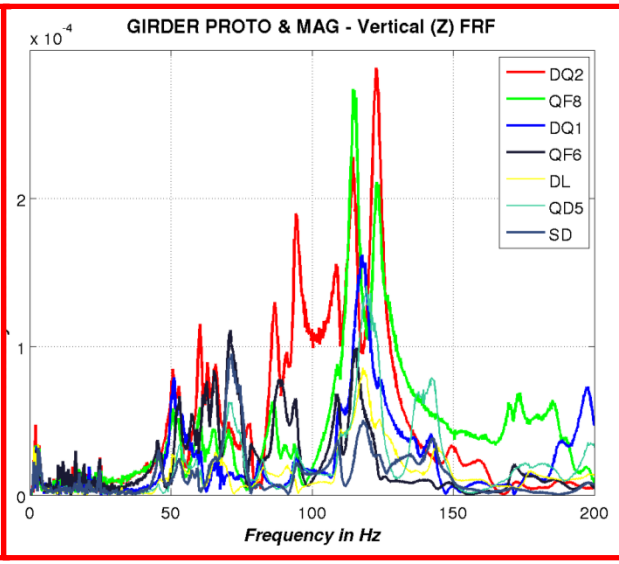
The girder prototype was completed adding walls and roof simulating a segment of the tunnel, in order to make installation test of plants and alignment system

PROTOTYPE TEST (MARC LESOURD)









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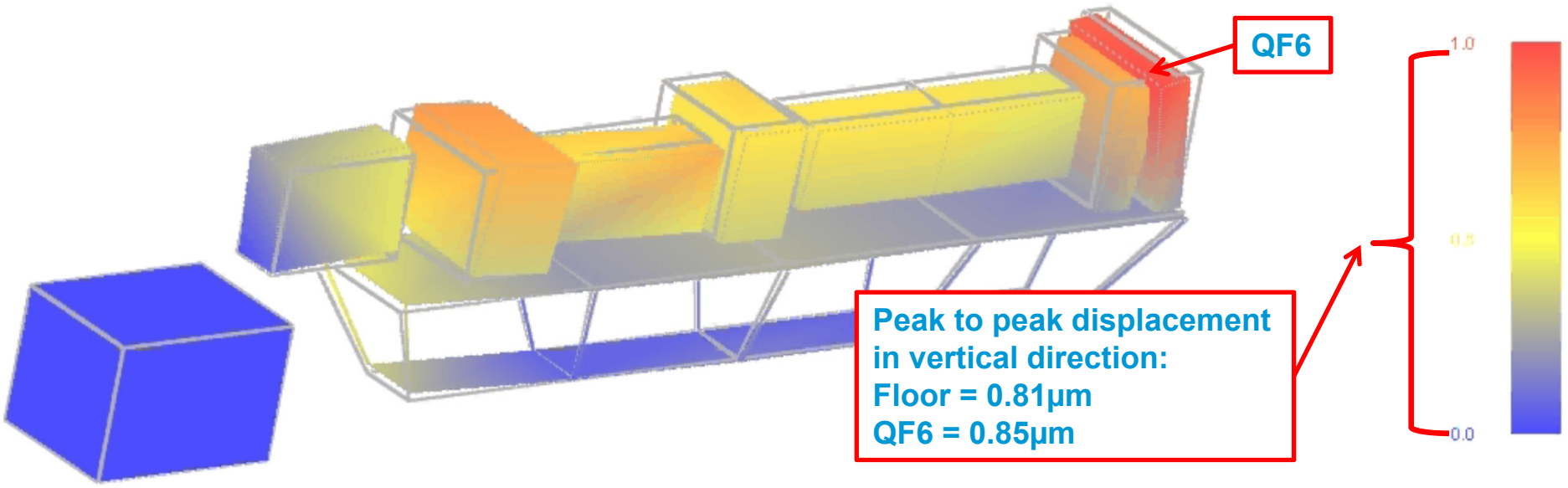
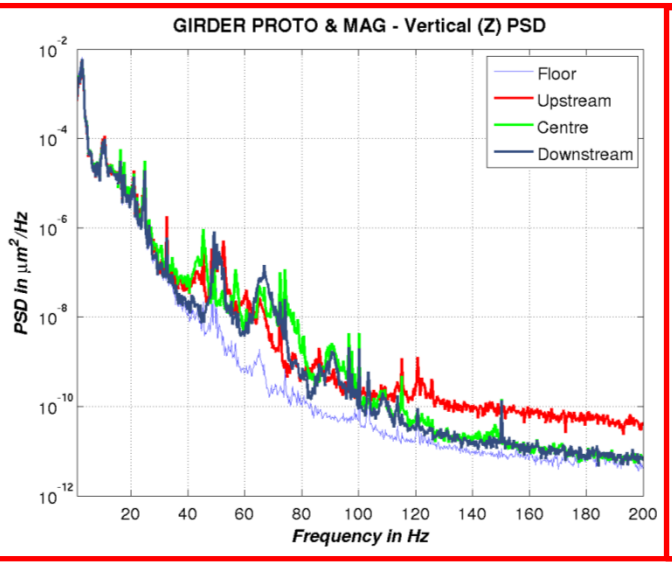
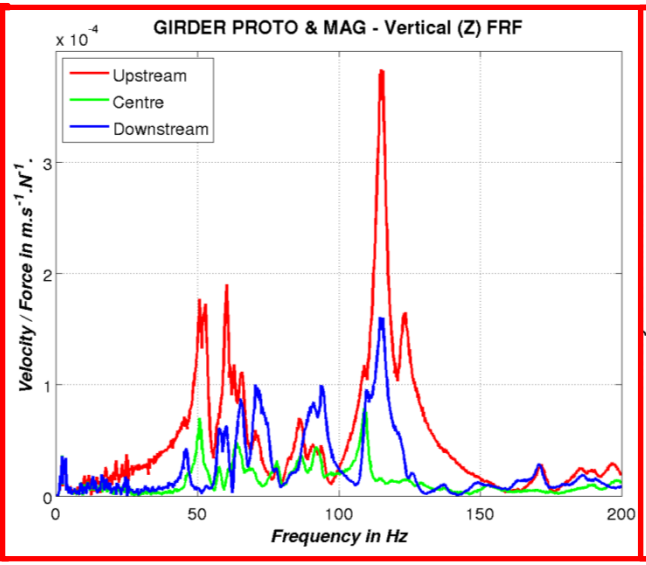
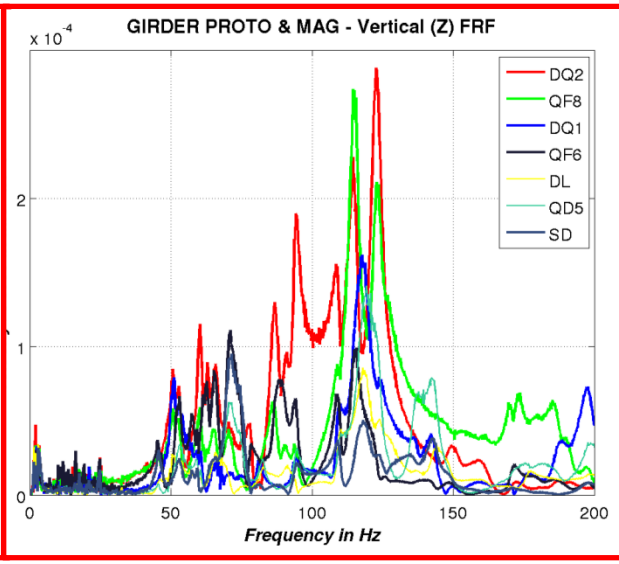
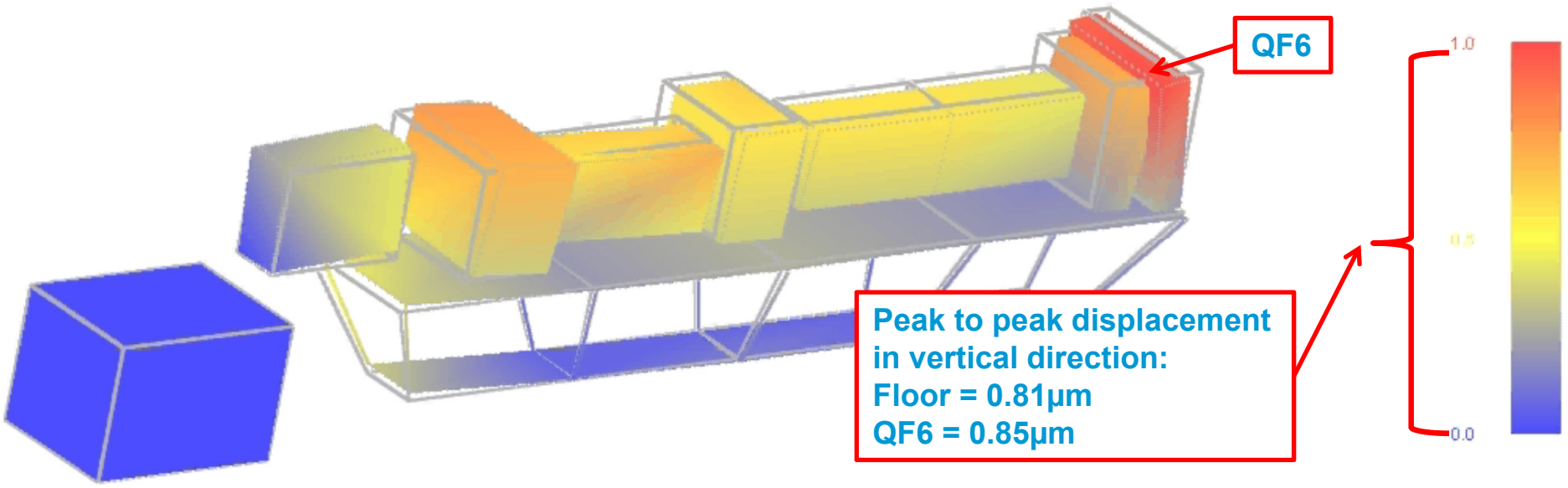


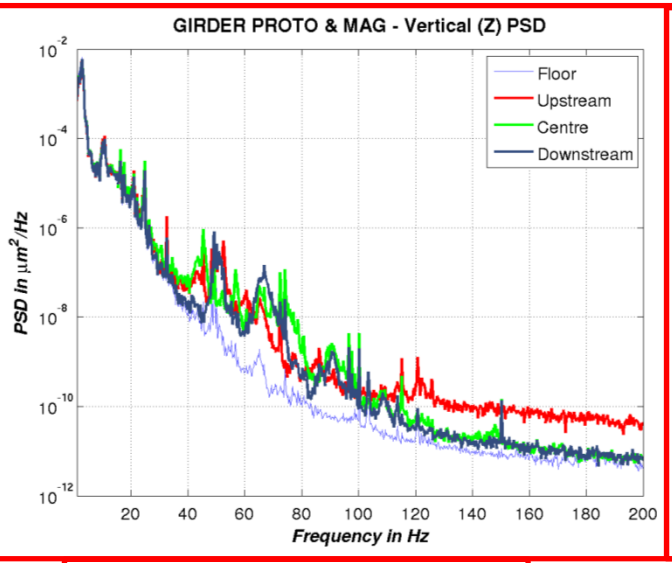


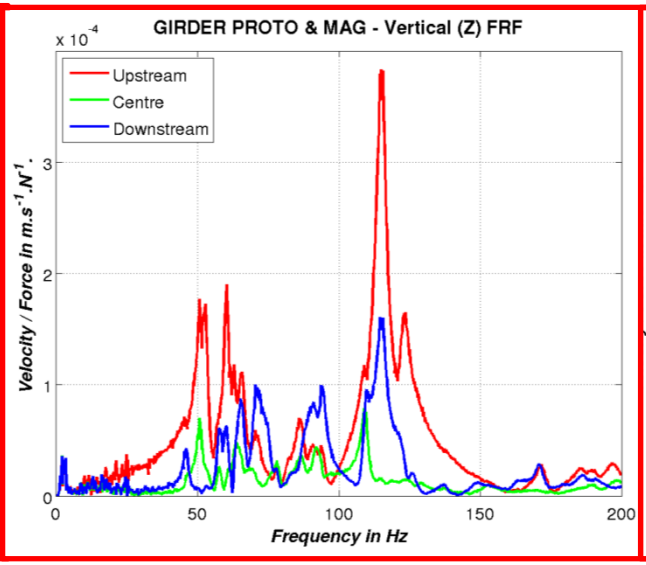


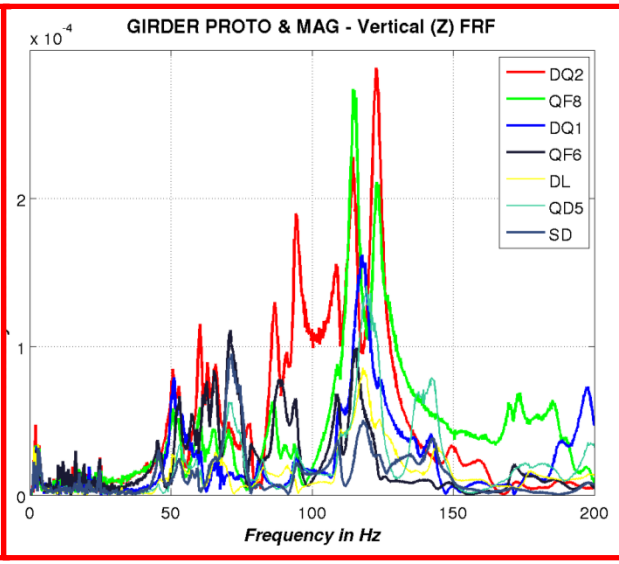


PROTOTYPE TEST (MARC LESOURD)



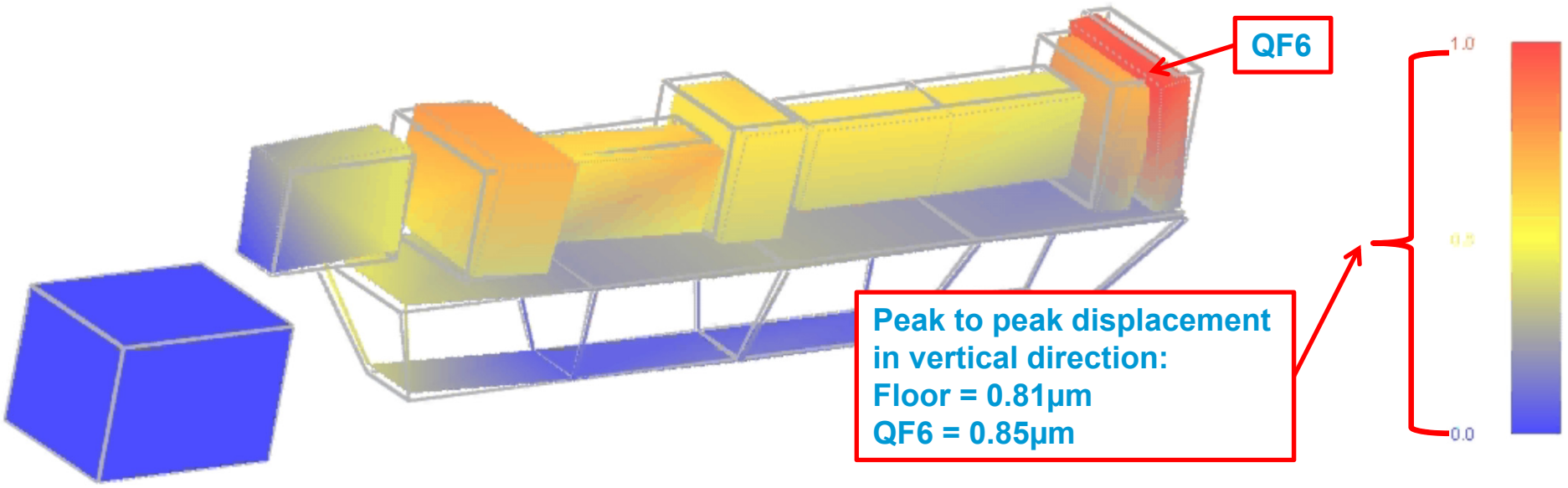


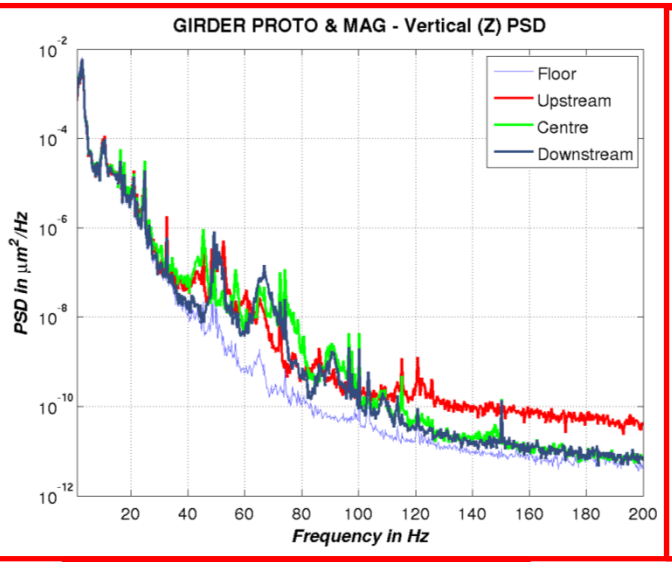


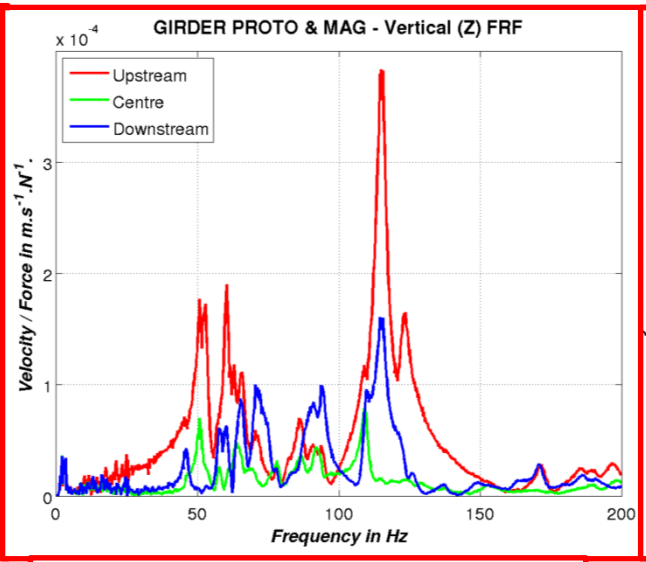


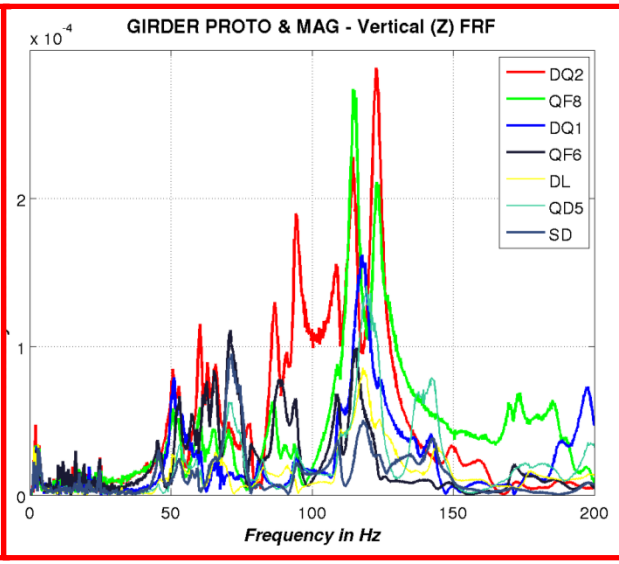
Ground noise amplification

PROTOTYPE TEST (MARC LESOURD)





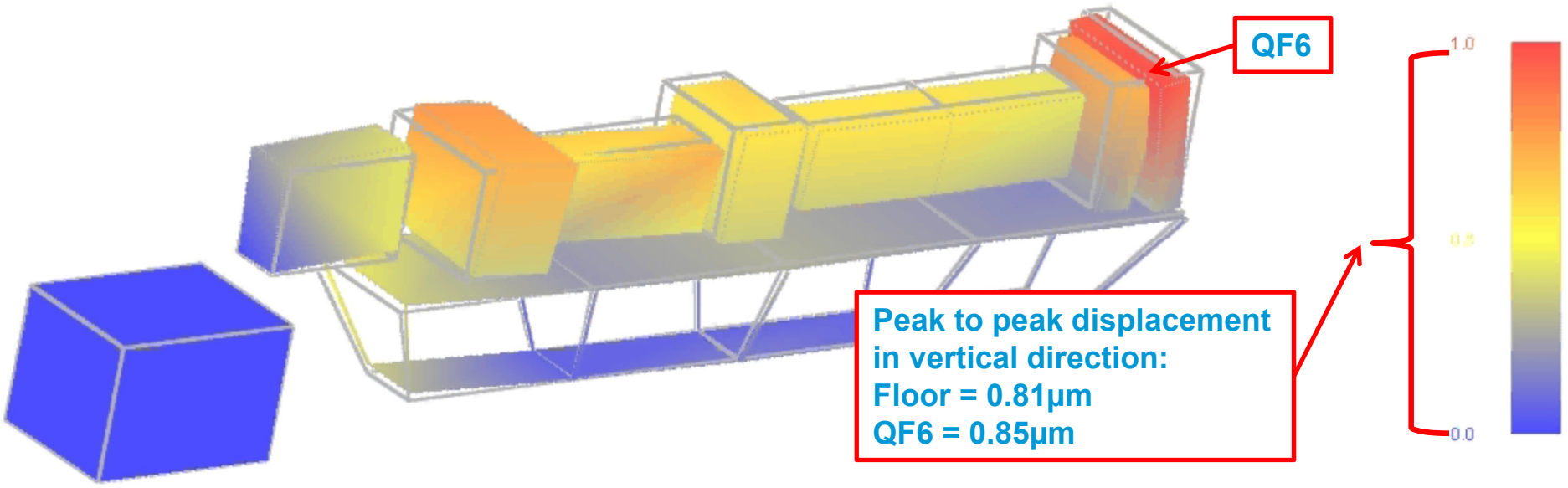


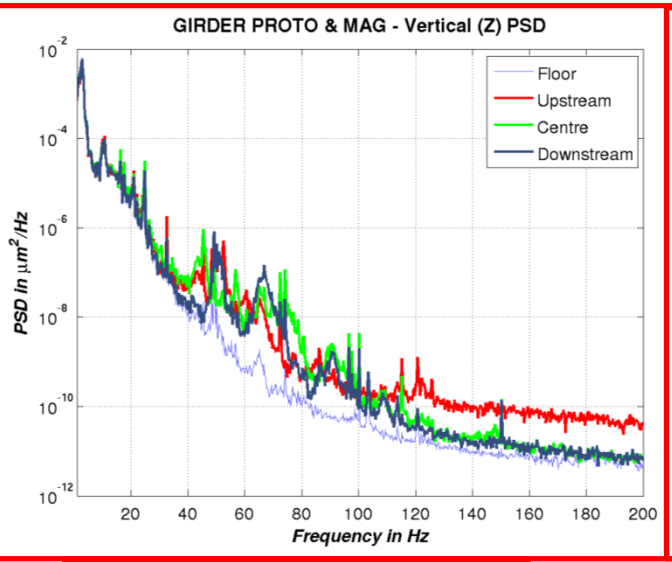


Ground noise amplification

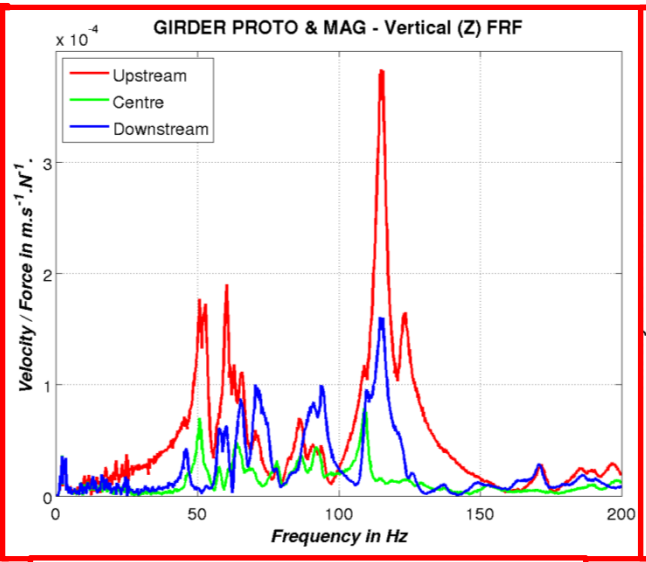
Excitation with hammer on girder

PROTOTYPE TEST (MARC LESOURD)

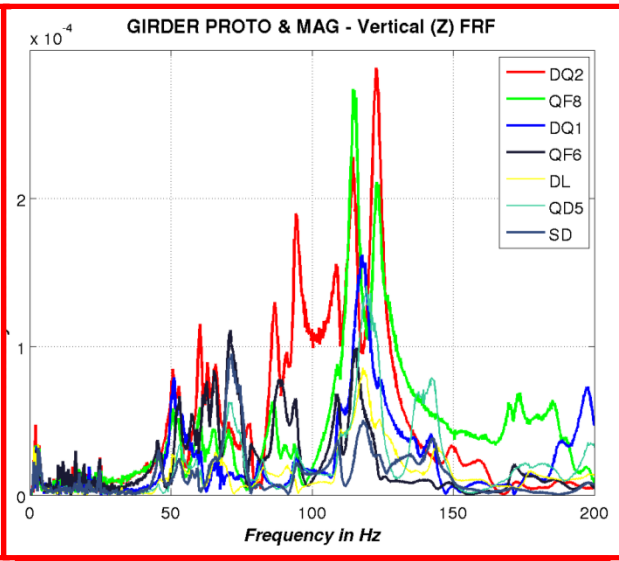




Ground noise amplification

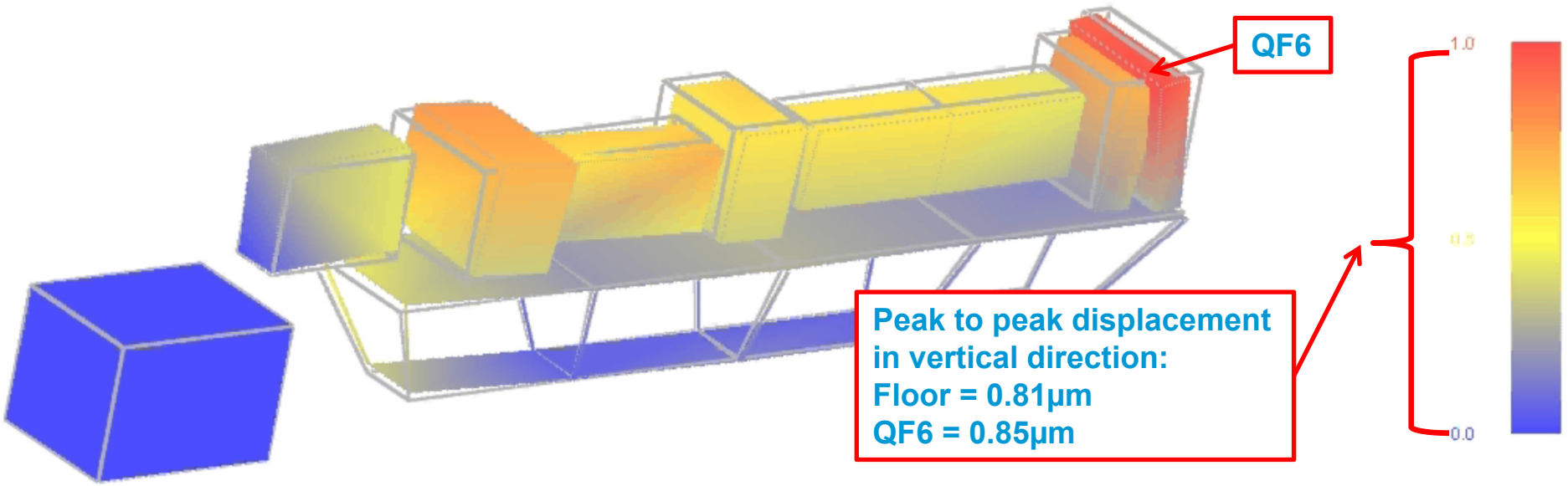


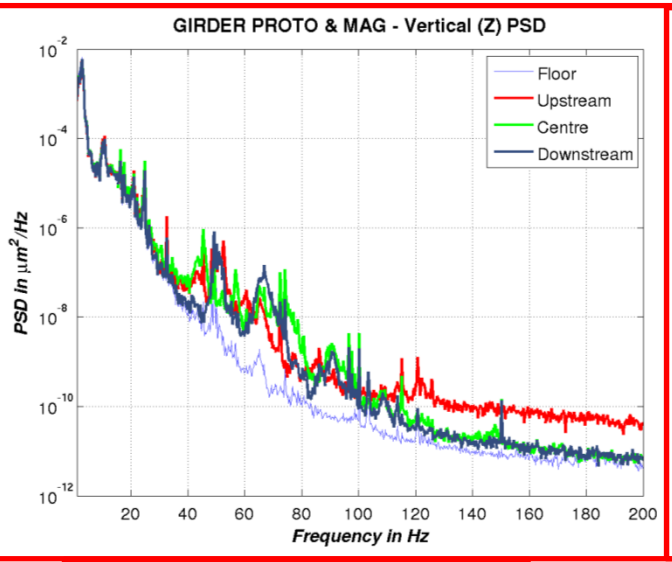
Excitation with hammer on girder



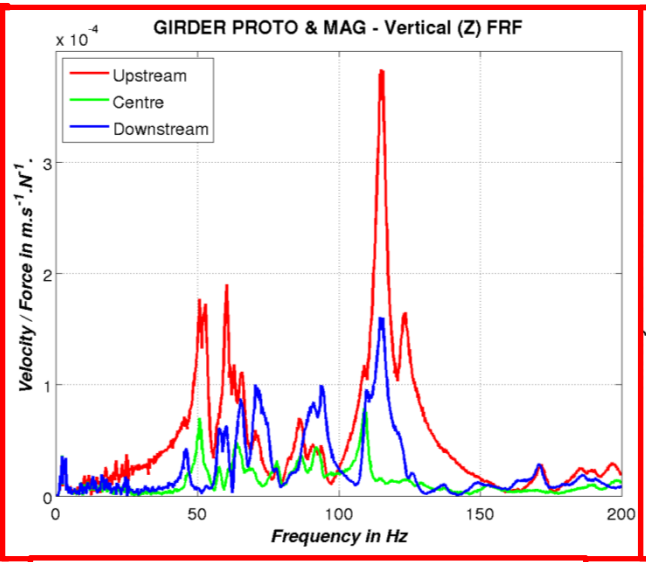
Excitation with hammer on magnets

PROTOTYPE TEST (MARC LESOURD)

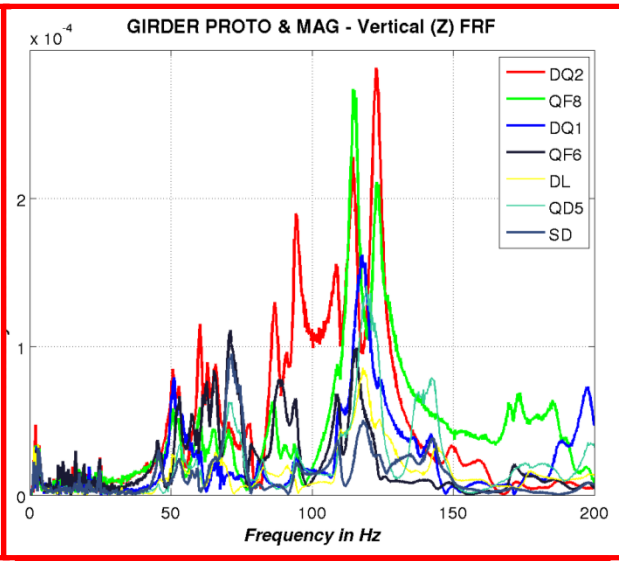




Ground noise amplification



Excitation with hammer on girder



Excitation with hammer on magnets

First vibration mode involving the girder: 51Hz

Thanks for your attention!

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